

## NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE

## IIUMANITIES



## Survey of Earned Doctorates

SPONSORED BY THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, THE NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH, THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES, THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

## HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents data on recipients of research doctorates awarded by U.S. universities from July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2002. This information is taken from the 2002 Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED), an annual census of new doctorate recipients.

- The 413 universities in the United States that conferred research doctorates awarded 39,955 doctorates during the 2001-2002 academic year (the eligibility period for the 2002 SED), a decline of 2 percent from the 40,790 doctorates awarded in 2001, and a 6 percent decline from the all-time high of 42,654 in 1998. The 2002 total is the lowest since 1993.
- The number of doctorates awarded by broad field in 2002 was greatest in life sciences, which conferred 8,350 Ph.D.s. The numbers in the other broad areas were 6,611 in social sciences; 6,488 in education; 5,715 in the physical sciences and mathematics (combined); 5,373 in the humanities; 5,073 in engineering; and 2,345 in business and other professional fields.
- Women received 18,124 doctorates, or 45 percent of all doctorates granted in 2002. This is the highest percentage ever for women, continuing a 30-year upward trend. Women earned 48 percent of the doctorates granted in life sciences, 55 percent in social sciences, 50 percent in humanities, 66 percent in education, and 46 percent in business/other professional fields. In the physical sciences and engineering, they constituted 27 percent and 18 percent, respectively.
- In 2002, 51 percent of all doctorates awarded to U.S. citizens went to women, higher than the 49.5 percent in 2001 and marking the first time U.S. women were awarded more doctorates than their male counterparts.
- Almost 19 percent of all doctorates awarded to U.S. citizens in 2002 were earned by U.S. racial/ethnic minority groups. This is the largest percentage ever, and continues a steady upward trend. Among the 25,450 doctorates earned in 2002 by U.S. citizens who identified their race/ethnicity ( 98 percent of all U.S. citizen doctorates), 1,644 doctorates were earned by African-Americans, 1,364 were earned by Asians, 1,233 were earned by Hispanics, 146 were earned by American Indians, 75 were earned by Hawaiian or other Pacific Islanders, and 268 were earned by non-Hispanic individuals who identified more than one racial background. The broad fields with the largest percentages of minorities were education, in which blacks were the predominant minority group, and engineering, in which Asians were predominant.
- U.S. citizens received 70 percent of all doctorates earned in 2002 by individuals who identified their citizenship status (93 percent of all doctorate recipients identified their citizenship). The People's Republic of China was the country of origin for the largest number of non-U.S. doctorates in 2002, with 2,644 , followed by South Korea with 1,187, India with 838, Taiwan with 674, and Canada with 494. The percentage of doctorates earned by U.S. citizens ranged from lows of 39 percent in engineering and 55 percent in the physical sciences, to highs of 90 percent in education and 81 percent in the humanities.
- Median time to degree since receipt of the baccalaureate was 10.2 years in 2002, up from 10.0 years in 2001, but down from 10.3 years in 2000, and 10.4 in 1999. Median time to degree since first enrollment in any graduate program was 7.5 years in 2002, virtually unchanged since 1997.
- Most of the 2002 doctorate recipients (65 percent) received their primary financial support for graduate education from such program- or institution-based sources as university fellowships or teaching and research assistantships. Almost half (49 percent) of the 2002 doctorate recipients reported no educational indebtedness at completion of the doctorate; 19 percent reported cumulative education debt levels of $\$ 30,001$ or more.
- Just under 73 percent of the new doctorate recipients had definite postgraduation commitments for employment or continued study when they completed the SED survey. Of those, 69 percent planned to work and 31 percent planned to continue their studies as postdoctorates. For U.S. citizens, 55 percent of those with firm employment commitments noted higher education as their intended work sector. In addition, 18 percent indicated industry or self-employment, and 9 percent had definite plans for government work.


# Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities: Summary Report 2002 

The Survey of Earned Doctorates is funded by and conducted under the direction of the following agencies of the U.S. government:<br>National Science Foundation<br>National Institutes of Health<br>U.S. Department of Education<br>National Endowment for the Humanities<br>U.S. Department of Agriculture<br>National Aeronautics and Space Administration



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2003

## NOTICE

This report is based on data collected in the Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED) conducted for the National Science Foundation (NSF), the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the U.S. Department of Education (USED), the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), by the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) under NSF Contract No. SRS-9712655. Findings in this publication represent analyses developed by NORC, which have been reviewed, but not necessarily verified, by the participating Federal agencies and do not necessarily reflect the views of the sponsoring agencies.

NSF publications from the Survey of Earned Doctorates and the Doctorate Records File are available free on request (see inside back cover). Standardized tables on baccalaureate origins of Ph.D.s by major field of doctorate and trend tables on citizenship, race/ethnicity, and sex of Ph.D.s by fine field of doctorate are available for a fee. Customized tables can also be prepared at cost. For more information, please contact:

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Hoffer, T.B., S. Sederstrom, L. Selfa, V. Welch, M. Hess, S. Brown, S. Reyes, K. Webber, and I. Guzman-Barron. 2003. Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities: Summary Report 2002. Chicago: National Opinion Research Center. (The report gives the results of data collected in the Survey of Earned Doctorates, conducted for six Federal agencies, NSF, NIH, USED, NEH, USDA, and NASA by NORC.)

This report is available on the NORC Web site: http://www.norc.uchicago.edu/issues/docdata.htm. Reports on science and engineering doctorates can be found on the National Science Foundation's Web site:
http://www.nsf.gov/sbe/srs/sengdr/start.htm.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Academic officers at the nation's doctorate-granting universities distribute, collect, and forward SED questionnaires to NORC. The project gratefully acknowledges the support and assistance of graduate deans and their staff, registrars, dissertation secretaries, and other administrators who participate in the SED effort and contribute to its success. The sponsoring Federal agencies and NORC also extend their heartfelt thanks to the 36,349 new research doctorate recipients who took the time to complete and return their copy of the 2002 survey.

The conduct of the SED, the maintenance of the resulting data file, and the publication of this report are funded jointly by the National Science Foundation (NSF), the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the U.S. Department of Education (USED), the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). Susan Hill (NSF) serves as the lead project officer for the six participating agencies; while Susan Hill was on leave in 2003-2004, Joan Burrelli of NSF assumed the lead project officer responsibilities. The survey's relevance to national policy issues continues to grow, thanks to the involvement and constructive reviews of the design and analysis of the survey by representatives from the six agencies: Walter Schaffer (NIH), Nancy Borkow (USED), Frank Shaw (NEH), Ella Smith (USDA), Malcom Phelps (NASA), and Mary Golladay (NSF). Susan Hill (NSF), Director of the Doctorate Data project, and Joan Burrelli (NSF) provided guidance and direction during the preparation of this report. Comments from additional reviewers -- Mary Frase and Ronald Fecso - at NSF/SRS are also appreciated. Reviews of the report from Daniel Denecke (the Council of Graduate Schools), Jed Marsh (Princeton University), and Judi Sui (University of California-Berkeley) were invaluable and greatly appreciated.

The authors gratefully acknowledge the contributions of their NORC colleagues who provided valuable counsel, direction, and assistance with various survey responsibilities: Jamie Friedman, Director of Institutional Contacting; Syed Ahsan, Project IT Manager; Sharnia Lashley, Coordinator for the Data Preparation Center; Jie Yin, Project Programmer; Cindy Simko, Research Specialist; Crystal Williams, Data Preparation Supervisor; and the NORC Production Center Staff.

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## DOCTORATE RECIPIENTS FROM UNITED STATES UNIVERSITIES: SUMMARY REPORT 2002

## Introduction

Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities: Summary Report 2002 is the thirty-sixth in a series of reports on research doctorates awarded by universities in the United States. ${ }^{1}$ The data presented in this report are from the annual Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED), a census of the 39,955 research doctorate recipients who earned their degrees between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2002. Conducted since 1958, this survey is currently sponsored by six Federal agencies: the National Science Foundation, the National Institutes of Health, the U.S. Department of Education, the National Endowment for the Humanities, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. The National Opinion Research Center (NORC) is currently the data collection contractor. All survey responses become part of the Doctorate Records File (DRF), a cumulative database on research doctorate recipients from 1920 to 2002. For the 2002 survey, 91 percent of the 39,955 new doctorate recipients completed the SED questionnaire; basic information on nonrespondents was obtained from their degree-granting institutions and public records. ${ }^{2}$ The cumulative DRF now contains a total of $1,476,921$ records on individuals completing doctorates over the last 83 years at U.S. institutions.

## Organization

Summary Report 2002 begins by reviewing overall trends in research doctorates awarded by U.S. universities. Trends in the numbers and percentages of research doctorates are reported by the broad fields in which research doctorate recipients earn their degrees, as well as by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship. Trends in the average amount of time taken to complete the doctorate degree are also reported. Cross-sectional data for the 2002 cohort are presented on the

[^0]sources of financial support during graduate school, and the postgraduation status and plans of doctorate recipients.

The report concludes with a special section focusing on new doctorate recipients who are the first-generation college graduates in their families. The annual SED Summary Report has occasionally featured special sections focusing on topics of particular interest, including

- Non-U.S. Citizen Doctorate Recipients (1989 and 1997)
- U.S. Citizen Minority Doctorates (1990)
- U.S. Citizen Female Doctorates (1991)
- Contribution of India, China, Taiwan, and Korea to the Growth of Non-U.S. PhDs (1995)
- Indebtedness of Doctorate Recipients (1998)
- Interstate Migration Patterns of Doctorate Recipients (1999).

Throughout the report, figures highlighting selected trend and cross-sectional data complement the brief narratives of key survey findings. A set of tables following the main text contains the numbers and percentages from which the figures and the numbers cited in the text are drawn. References to these tables are embedded in the text, and a reference at the bottom of each figure indicates the corresponding table number. Basic tables of statistics for the 2002 research doctorate recipients are shown in appendix A , and trend tabulations for the previous tenyear period (1992 to 2002) are presented in appendix B. These basic tables have maintained essentially the same structure for the past several annual volumes of the Summary Report, and thus provide a basis for additional trend analyses that researchers can pursue. Appendix C supplies technical notes, including response rates and other information related to tables and figures in the report. Appendix D contains the SED questionnaire for the 2002 academic year. Field of study classifications and research degree titles included in the SED are listed in Appendix E.

## Related Publications

The methodology of the SED 2002 survey is described in detail in the annual Survey of Earned Doctorates Methodology Report. This report is posted on the National Science Foundation, Division of Science Resources Statistics (SRS) Website (http://www.nsf.gov/sbe/srs/ssed/sedmeth.htm). The NSF also publishes an annual volume of tabulations using the SED data, Science and Engineering Doctorate Awards, available on the

NSF-SRS Website. Copies of the annual Summary Report from previous years are available on the NORC Website (http://www.norc.uchicago.edu/issues/docdata.htm).

## Trends in Doctorate Recipients

The individual research doctorate recipients ${ }^{3}$ from U.S. universities are the primary respondents to the Survey of Earned Doctorates. Each year, personnel in graduate schools or other administrative offices of the degree-granting universities distribute the SED questionnaires to these individuals and transmit the rosters and completed questionnaires to the SED data collection contractor (NORC at the University of Chicago has been the contractor since 1997). The lists of new doctorate recipients are carefully checked and edited by the data collection contractor working closely with the universities over the course of the SED eligibility year. Every effort is made to locate all new graduates who did not return a questionnaire to their graduate school and to ask them to complete the form. The graduate schools provide basic information on individual nonrespondents at the end of the data collection cycle. A comprehensive and accurate picture of the universe of new doctorates each year results from this process and the SED data provide a solid basis for charting trends in the numbers and characteristics of this population.

## Overall Trends and Rates of Change

During the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2002, U.S. universities awarded 39,955 research doctorate degrees, compared with 40,790 in 2001 and 41,356 in 2000. (See table 1). This was a percentage decrease from 2001 to 2002 of 2.0 percent, and of 6.3 percent from the all-time high of 42,652 in 1998. The number of doctorates awarded in 2002 is the lowest since 1993.

Despite the lack of growth in 2002, the long-term trend in the number of new research doctorates has been one of considerable expansion. Over the last 40 years, the number of doctorates granted by U.S. universities has on average increased by approximately 3.5 percent per year. The expansion has been characterized by two periods of rapid growth followed by

[^1]stability and even slight declines as seen this year. Between 1961 - the year when the number of annual doctorates awarded surpassed 10,000 for the first time - and 1971, the average annual growth rate was nearly 12 percent, such that the number of doctorates awarded each year almost tripled $(31,867)$. The number of doctorate degrees annually awarded during the decade of the 1970s and through the early 1980s remained moderately stable at about 31,000 each year. In 1986, a second period of growth began that persisted until 1998, when 42,652 research doctorates were awarded. Since 1998, the number of doctorates awarded each year has generally declined, reaching a 10-year low in 2002. (See figures 1 and 2.)

Figure 1. Doctorates awarded by U.S. colleges and universities, 1957-2002


See Table 1.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

Figure 2. Annual growth or decline in doctorates awarded by U.S. universities, 1957-2002


See Table 1.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

## Doctorate-granting Institutions, Doctorate Recipients per Institution, and Geographical Distribution

The SED survey staff monitor closely the universe of research doctorate-granting institutions, including an annual review of all accredited institutions recognized by the U.S. Department of Education in its Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). The data collection contractor for the SED contacts newly-identified institutions granting one or more of the research doctorates listed in appendix E and includes the institutions in the SED universe as soon as they award a recognized degree. Appendix table A-7 contains the full list of institutions granting research doctorates in the 2002 academic year.

During the 2002 academic year, there were 413 universities in the United States and Puerto Rico that awarded at least one research doctorate, a very slight decline from the all-time high recorded in 2001 (416). (See table 2.) In 2002, the mean number of doctorates awarded per institution was 97, while the median was 38 . (See table 2 for the mean and median numbers of doctorates awarded per institution from 1962 to 2002.) As the substantial difference between the
mean and the median indicates, a relatively small number of institutions award a disproportionately large number of doctorates. Just 49 institutions granted 50 percent of all doctorates in 2002. Eighteen institutions accounted for 25 percent of all doctorates granted; 31 institutions for the next 25 percent; 58 universities for the third quartile; and the remaining 306 institutions accounted for the final 25 percent of doctorates. ${ }^{4}$

The trend data in table 2 show that the median number of degrees awarded per institution grew rapidly during the 1960s, from 26 in 1962 to 55 in 1970. Following the end of the Vietnam War in 1972, the median number quickly dropped to 42 and has vacillated between 35 and 45 since.

In the 2002 academic year, the University of California-Berkeley granted the largest number of doctorates, 799, or 2 percent of all doctorates awarded in 2002, followed by the University of Wisconsin-Madison (649), University of California-Los Angeles (642), and the University of Texas at Austin (637). In 2001 and 2002, the top 10 institutions granted approximately 16 percent of all doctorates. (See table 3.)

The state-by-state totals in figure 3 and table 4 show that California universities led the nation by awarding 4,742 doctorates, or 12 percent of all doctorates in 2002. New York institutions granted the next highest number of doctorates $(3,373)$, followed by institutions in Texas $(2,429)$, Massachusetts $(2,126)$, Illinois $(2,110)$, Pennsylvania $(2,000)$, Florida $(1,948)$, Ohio $(1,625)$, and Michigan $(1,445)$. These nine states accounted for 55 percent of all doctorates awarded in 2002. (See figure 3 and table 4.)

[^2]Figure 3. Top 20 doctorate-granting states, 2002


See Table 4.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

## Doctorates by Field of Study

There were 287 fields of specialization into which the SED classified research doctorate degrees in 2002 (these are listed on page 7 of the questionnaire included in appendix D). Since fields of specialization are dynamic entities that reflect the evolving programs of researchers and their constituencies, each year the SED list is assessed in order to identify emerging fields and periodically modified to accommodate changes in the world of doctoral education. The SED is able to collect information on the specialization fields of virtually all the new doctorates each year; coverage in 2002 was attained for all of the 39,955 doctorate recipients.

Consistent with past practice in presenting the SED data, the fields of specialization are grouped into seven broad fields: physical sciences, ${ }^{5}$ engineering, life sciences, ${ }^{6}$ social sciences (including psychology), humanities, education, and a heterogeneous group of professional and

[^3]other fields (including business, communications, social work, and theological programs). Appendix tables A-1, A-2, and B-1 contain the numbers of graduates in all fields.

Table 3 lists, for the institutions granting the largest numbers of doctorates, the number of doctorates granted in 2002 in each of the seven broad fields. The University of CaliforniaBerkeley awarded the most doctorates in the physical sciences (157) as well as in the social sciences (151) and humanities (141). The Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) granted the most engineering doctorates (214), while the Johns Hopkins University led all universities in the life sciences (187). Nova Southeastern University had the highest total in education (409) as well as in the diverse "professional/other" category (66).

The numbers of doctorates awarded in the seven broad fields were also concentrated in a relatively small number of institutions. While the top 10 degree-granting universities awarded 16 percent of all doctorates in 2002, the concentration was higher in six of the seven broad fields: 19 percent in the physical sciences, 29 percent in engineering, 17 percent in the life sciences, 21 percent in the humanities, 20 percent in education, and 17 percent in the professional/other category. Only in the social sciences was the concentration lower than the overall average (15 percent). (Derived from table 3.)

The overall decrease of 2 percent in doctorates awarded between the 2001 and 2002 academic years was a result of decreases in four of seven broad fields, offsetting smaller percentage increases in the three remaining fields. The physical sciences, humanities, and social sciences showed decreases of 4.3, 3.9, and 3.3 percent, respectively. Engineering registered the largest percentage drop, 7.8 percent. The professional/other fields showed an increase of 4.5 percent while education and life sciences showed smaller increases ( 2.4 and 0.5 percent respectively). (See appendix table B-1.)

Since 1988, the life sciences has been the largest broad field, with 8,350 doctorates awarded in 2002. Compared to 1997, the number of doctorates awarded in engineering, the physical sciences, and social sciences showed the largest decreases: 17.1 percent, 14.4 percent, and 6.2 percent lower respectively in 2002 than in 1997. (See table 5.) Slightly fewer doctorates were awarded in education (-1.4 percent), professional/other fields (-1.2 percent), and humanities (-1.1 percent), while the total number completing doctorates in the life sciences was essentially unchanged, with 0.3 percent more degrees awarded in 2002 than five years earlier. (See table 5 and figures 4 and 5.)

Figure 4. Science and engineering doctorates awarded by broad field for selected years, 1972-2002


Figure 5. Humanities, education, and professional/other fields doctorates awarded for selected years, 1972-2002


See Table 5.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

Physical sciences, life sciences, social sciences, and engineering - the four broad fields that together constitute "science and engineering" (S\&E) - represented 64 percent of all
doctorates awarded in 2002. S\&E doctorates accounted for close to the same percentage of all doctorates (65 percent) in 1992, but only 59 percent of the total in 1982 and 1972. (See table 5.)

The 30 year comparisons for all seven broad fields are shown in figure 6. The relative shares of graduates in engineering, life sciences, and the professional/other fields were greater in 2002 than in 1972, while the relative shares in physical sciences and mathematics, humanities, and education were smaller in 2002. The relative shares of graduates in social sciences in 1972 and 2002 were about the same. (See figure 6.)

Figure 6. Percentage distribution of doctorate recipients by broad field, 1972 and 2002


See Table 5.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

Thirteen of the 25 specialization subfields included in table 5 experienced declines in the number of doctorates awarded between 2001 and 2002 (see appendix table B-1 for the 2001 totals), while 16 had smaller numbers when compared to 1997 values. The remaining nine subfields had larger absolute numbers of doctorates in 2002 than in 1997. Compared to 1997, only three of the 15 S\&E subfields (health sciences, anthropology, and "other social sciences") showed gains in 2002. (See table 5.)

## Doctorates by Sex

The 2.0 percent decrease overall in doctorates awarded between 2001 and 2002 reflects a 4.5 percent decline for males and a 1.1 percent increase for females. The number of doctorates awarded to men fell by 1,026 and increased for women by 189 in 2002 compared to 2001. The net proportional effect is that for 2002, females received 45.4 percent of all doctorates, which is the highest percentage of women ever recorded by the SED, topping the 44 percent in $2001 .{ }^{7}$ This number signifies the seventh consecutive year in which the representation of female doctorate recipients has surpassed 40 percent. Five years ago (1997) females comprised 41 percent of all doctorate recipients; 10 years ago (1992) that percentage was 37 and 25 years ago (1977) it was 25 percent. (See figure 7 and table 7.)

Figure 7. Doctorate recipients by sex, 1992-2002


See Appendix Tables B-2b and B-2c.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

With respect to the broad fields of study, the proportion of doctorates earned by women in 2002 was greater than in 2001 in all broad fields except humanities. Women constituted 66 percent of all education doctorates for 2002, the majority in the social sciences ( 55 percent), and

[^4]half in the humanities ( 50.4 percent, down from 50.6 percent in 2001). In contrast, the representation of females among doctorate recipients in the physical sciences and engineering for 2002 was 27 percent and 18 percent, respectively (figure 8). However, even these percentages represent significant increases over the last 25 years. In 1977, when only 25 percent of all doctorate recipients were women, just 10 percent and 3 percent of the doctorates in the physical sciences and engineering, respectively, were awarded to women. Similar long-term trends are discernible in other broad fields as well: in the life sciences, from 21 percent in 1977 to 48 percent in 2002; from 28 percent to 55 percent in the social sciences over that same period; and from 36 percent in the humanities in 1977 to the current 50 percent. (See figure 8 and table 7.)

Figure 8. Percent of doctorate recipients who are female, by broad field of study, for selected years, 1972-2002


Field of study
See Table 7.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

In 2002, females constituted 39 percent of S\&E doctorate recipients and 57 percent of degrees in non-S\&E fields in U.S. universities. With regard to finer field distinctions, of the 25 selected subfields listed in table 6, women were the majority of doctorate recipients in twelve subfields and constituted at least 40 percent of the doctorate population in four additional areas. In five of the 25 subfields, the percentage increase in female doctorate recipients between 1992
and 2002 was over 40 percent (mathematics, computer science, engineering, agricultural sciences, and business and management). (See table 6.)

## Doctorates by Race/Ethnicity

Following the new Federal standards established for the 2000 decennial census of the U.S. population, the SED changed the way in which race and ethnicity were requested starting with the 2001 questionnaire. The new format asked respondents to mark all racial categories that apply to them, rather than a single category as had been requested since 1973 when race and ethnicity questions were first added to the SED questionnaire. Additional changes included separating Pacific Islanders from Asians and combining them with Native Hawaiians in a new racial category, and adding a Cuban response option to the Hispanic ethnicity question. A copy of the 2002 questionnaire is included in appendix D.

A total of 4,730 members of U.S. racial/ethnic minority groups ${ }^{8}$ were awarded doctorates, representing 19 percent of the U.S. citizens earning research doctorates in 2002. (See table 8.) This number is higher than in 2001, when 4,624 minority group members earned doctorates; and the 2002 minority percentage is the highest percentage yet recorded in the SED. (See appendix table B-2a.) Blacks earned the most doctorates $(1,644)$ of the five main U.S. minority populations in 2002, followed by Asians $(1,364)$, Hispanics $(1,233)$, American Indians $(146)$, and Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders (75). (See table 8.) A total of 268 non-Hispanic U.S. citizens reported more than one racial background in the 2002 survey, and are counted here as racial/ethnic minorities, but they and the 75 Hawaiian and other Pacific Islanders are grouped in the "other" category and not shown separately in table 8 or figure 9 because of the lack of trend data.

In 2002, the number of minority doctorate recipients was 22 percent higher than the total in 1997 and 72 percent higher than in 1992. Conversely, there were 11 percent fewer nonHispanic white doctorate recipients in 2002 compared to 1997, and 10 percent fewer than in 1992. As the numbers in the first panel of table 8 indicate, doctorates awarded to U.S. minority groups generally increased much more in the 1990s than in the 1980s. The twenty-year gains

[^5]were greater for Asians (200 percent) and Hispanics (130 percent), than for American Indians (90 percent) and blacks (56 percent). (See figures 9 and 10 and table 8 .)

Figure 9: Doctorates awarded to racial/ethnic minority U.S. citizens, by race/ethnicity, for selected years, 1982-2002


Figure 10. Percentage of doctorates earned by racial/ethnic minority U.S. citizens, 1982 and 2002


[^6]Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

The primary U.S. minority groups (Asians, blacks, Hispanics, and American Indians) had their largest presence in the broad fields of engineering ( 24 percent of U.S. citizens earning doctorates), education (23 percent), and the professional/other fields (19 percent) in 2002. The lowest percentage representations were in physical sciences (15 percent) and humanities (15 percent). (See figure 11).

The proportional representation of the different minority groups varied by broad field. Asians were the largest contingent in physical sciences, engineering, and life sciences, representing over half of all minority group members earning doctorates in those fields during the 2002 academic year. Blacks were the largest minority population in social sciences, education, and professional/other fields. Hispanics were the largest minority population in humanities. This pattern of relative representation is observed for each year shown in table 8, back to 1982, with the exception of 1987, when Hispanics slightly outnumbered blacks as the largest minority group in the social sciences. (See table 9 for the numbers of minority doctorate recipients in each of the 25 subfields in 2002.)

Figure 11. Percentage of doctorates earned by racial/ethnic minority U.S. citizens, by broad field of study, 2002


See Table 8.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

The pattern of growth for the aggregate U.S. citizen minority populations generally holds for the separate minority groups within the seven broad fields. The general pattern for minority recipients was one of relatively small increases from 1982 to 1992 followed by moderate increases from 1992 to 2002. One exception is that the number of Asian doctorate recipients in engineering and the physical sciences grew rapidly in the late 1980s and early 1990s, but experienced a slight decrease from 1997 to 2002. (See table 8.)

The balance of male and female doctorate recipients varies between racial/ethnic groups. Among U.S. citizens, of doctorates earned by whites, 50 percent were awarded to women; for blacks, various Hispanic groups, and American Indians, women constituted a majority, earning between 54 percent and 63 percent of doctorates received by persons of those races or ethnicities. Among Asian Americans, women were 45 percent of the total. (See figure 12 and appendix table A-4.)

Figure 12. Percentage of doctorates earned by U.S. citizens, by racelethnicity and sex, 2002


See Appendix Tables B-2b and B-2c.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

Table 10 lists the universities that awarded the largest number of doctorates to members of the four primary U.S. minority groups between 1998 and 2002, and the number granted by each university. Over that five-year interval, three California institutions - UCLA, Berkeley, and Stanford - and two in Massachusetts - Harvard and MIT - awarded a total of 1,202
doctorates to Asian Americans, or 18 percent of all doctorates awarded by U.S. universities to Asian Americans. Nova Southeastern University and Howard University awarded, by far, the most doctorates to blacks (374 and 247, respectively), 8 percent of all the doctorates granted to blacks in this period. In general, the leading institutions awarding doctorates to Hispanics are located in the Southwest, including California, and in Puerto Rico. Oklahoma State University awarded the largest number of doctorates to American Indians.

The concentration of U.S. minority doctorate recipients in certain institutions is noticeably greater than for the doctoral population as a whole. For example, in 2002 the ten universities granting the largest numbers of doctorates conferred 16 percent of all doctorates. However, over the 1998-2002 period, the ten universities that awarded the most doctorates to Asians (table 10) granted 28 percent of all Asian doctorates between 1998 and 2002; for blacks the corresponding figure was 19 percent; for Hispanics it was 24 percent, and for American Indians it was 19 percent. (See table 10.)

## Doctorates by Citizenship

Each year, the SED gathers information concerning the U.S. citizenship status and country of citizenship of the new doctorate recipients. ${ }^{9}$ Of the 2002 doctorate recipients with known citizenship status ( 93 percent of the total), 70 percent were U.S. citizens, 4 percent were non-U.S. citizens with permanent resident visas for the United States (i.e., "green cards"), and 26 percent were non-U.S. citizens in the U.S. on temporary visas. (See table 11.)

The trend for non-U.S. citizens earning doctorates from U.S. institutions is generally one of increasing numbers. This is particularly true for individuals in the U.S. on temporary visas. The five-year snapshots shown in table 11 indicate that the percentage of new doctorates awarded to individuals on temporary visas rose from 9 percent of all doctorate recipients who reported citizenship in 1972 to 14 percent in 1982 and 26 percent in 1992. The growing numbers of doctorates awarded to foreign students on temporary visas has accounted for virtually all of the overall growth in the numbers of doctorate recipients since 1972.

[^7]The number of doctorate recipients with permanent visas has shown more fluctuation over time. The 2002 total of 1,646 represents a drop of 10 percent from 2001, and is the lowest number since 1989. The numbers of doctorate recipients with permanent visas were at historical highs from 1993-1999 (reaching a peak of 4,318 in 1995), and ranged between 1,200 and 2,100 from the late 1960s until the early 1990s. (See table 11.)
U.S. citizens earned over 80 percent of the doctorates awarded in the humanities and education ( 81 percent and 90 percent, respectively) in 2002. (See table 11.) In absolute numbers, U.S. citizens earned more doctorates in the life sciences than in any of the other broad fields; permanent residents also had their highest total in the life sciences, and engineering was the most popular field for those in the United States on temporary visas.

The trend towards the equal male and female representation in the doctoral cohorts is particularly striking for U.S. citizens. In 2002, 51 percent of all doctorates awarded to U.S. citizens went to women, slightly higher than the 50 percent in 2001. This marks the first time in the SED that the majority of U.S. citizens receiving a doctorate were women. The movement to majority status for U.S. women in 2002 occurred despite the fact that their absolute number decreased slightly compared to the year before. (See appendix tables A-4 and B-2.)

Among permanent residents earning doctorates in 2002, 47 percent were female, and among those doctorate recipients holding temporary visas, 31 percent were female (appendix table A-4). Both of those percentages are, like the figure for U.S. women, all-time highs. (See table B-2; further historical data available from the author.) Women holding temporary visas were more concentrated in the S\&E fields of study than female U.S. citizens. While women with temporary visas represented 16.4 percent of all female doctorates in 2002, they earned 21 percent of the doctorates granted to females in the life sciences, 34 percent of the doctorates earned by females in the physical sciences, and 43 percent of the female-earned doctorates in engineering. (Appendix table A-3c).

In 2002, 2,644 doctorate recipients were citizens of the People's Republic of China (PRC) ${ }^{10}$, comprising 7 percent of the total number of degrees awarded to individuals who reported citizenship. (See table 12 for a listing of the top 30 countries of origin of non-U.S. citizen doctorate recipients.) The top 15 countries in terms of the number of doctorates awarded to its citizens in 2001 remained the same for 2002, though some changes in rankings occurred

[^8]within the top 15. The leading five countries (PRC, South Korea, India, Taiwan, and Canada) accounted for 16 percent of all doctorates awarded by U.S. universities to individuals of known citizenship in 2002. Only 7 percent of the total citizenship-known 2002 doctoral cohort were citizens of the next 10 nations listed in table 12, and just 3 percent were citizens of the next 15 nations. Doctoral students who are citizens of one of the 30 nations shown in the table thus accounted for 26 percent of the doctorates awarded in 2002 with country of citizenship reported.

The twenty institutions awarding the largest numbers of doctorates to non-U.S. citizens in 2002 are listed in table 13. For the second consecutive year, the University of Illinois at UrbanaChampaign followed by the Ohio State University awarded the largest numbers of doctorates to non-U.S. citizens.

## Doctorates by Parental Education Background

Since 1963, the SED has asked new doctorate recipients to report their fathers' and mothers’ levels of educational attainment. In keeping with past editions of the Summary Report, the responses are grouped into three categories: high school diploma or less; some college, including earning the baccalaureate; and advanced degree, including the master's, doctorate, or a professional degree. The last section of the Summary Report this year is devoted to a more indepth examination of the new doctorate recipients who reported that neither of their parents earned a baccalaureate.

The 2002 data shown in table 14 indicate that 29 percent of recipients' fathers had only earned a high school diploma or less; the corresponding figure for their mothers was 38 percent. Slightly over one-third (36 percent) of doctorate recipients had a father who had attended college (but may not have earned a baccalaureate degree); 40 percent of the mothers of doctorate recipients in 2002 had some college background, including receiving the bachelor's degree. Finally, the father held an advanced degree for 35 percent of the doctorate recipients, compared with the 22 percent whose mothers had an advanced degree.

Although similar on the whole, parental education backgrounds of male and female 2002 doctorate recipients differed with respect to both fathers' and mothers' educations. Female doctorate recipients were slightly more likely than their male counterparts to have a father and a mother who attended college or who earned an advanced degree.

There is considerable variation in parental education attainment by race/ethnicity, citizenship status, and broad field of study. Among U.S. citizens, Asian doctorate recipients were more likely than members of the other racial/ethnic categories to come from families in which one or both parents had advanced degrees; black, Hispanic, and American Indian recipients' parents were less likely to have gone beyond high school than whites and Asians. Doctorate recipients who were U.S. citizens were more likely than those with either permanent residency status or holding temporary visas to have parents with advanced degrees (and less likely than these two groups to have parents whose formal education did not extend beyond the high school level).

The distributions of parental education by the broad fields in table 14 reflect, in part, the different racial/ethnic and citizenship compositions of the fields. Doctorate recipients in the humanities displayed the highest percentages of both fathers (44 percent) and mothers (28 percent) with advanced degrees. The lowest percentages of advanced degrees by fathers or mothers were within the education doctorate recipients, 23 percent and 13 percent, respectively. These two broad fields are also the least and most represented, correspondingly, with regard to the fraction of parents whose formal education ended at high school or before.

## Time to Degree

The amount of time needed to complete a doctorate is a key concern for those pursuing the degree, as well as for the faculties and administrations of the degree-granting institutions and national public agencies and private organizations that support doctoral study. Time to degree completion is likely to be affected by a number of factors, including individual preferences, economic constraints, labor markets for new doctorate recipients, cultures of the academic disciplines, and institution-specific program characteristics.

The SED measures time to degree in three different ways: (1) the total time elapsed from completion of the baccalaureate to completion of the doctorate, (2) the total time elapsed while in graduate school to completion of the doctorate, and (3) the age of the doctorate recipients at the time the doctorate is awarded. In this section, the 2002 data and the historical trends for each of these measures are reviewed for the whole population of doctorate recipients and, separately, by broad field and the background variables of sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship.

For the 2002 doctorate recipients, the median total time span from baccalaureate to doctorate was 10.2 years (table 15), near the time span for 2001. The total time span was shortest in the physical sciences ( 7.8 years) and longest in education (19.0 years). The broad field of education includes large numbers of individuals who have worked full-time before starting their graduate degree programs, and who even continue to work full-time while earning their doctorates.

The historical data in table 15 show that the 2002 median total time to degree was about five months shorter than in 1997. The long-term trend, however, had been one of increases in length from 1977 to 1997. (See figure 13 and table 15.) From 1997 to 2002, the broad fields of engineering, physical sciences, life sciences, humanities, education, and professional/other fields followed an overall pattern toward shorter times; but median time to degree for the social sciences remained the same from 1997 to 2002.

Figure 13. Median number of years to doctorate from baccalaureate award and age at doctorate for selected years, 1977-2002


See Table 15.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates
The median duration of being in graduate school was 7.5 years for the 2002 doctorates (table 15), also nearly identical to the number for 2001. Graduate-school time to degree was shortest in the physical sciences ( 6.8 years) and engineering ( 6.7 years), and longest in the humanities ( 9.0 years) (table 15). The trend for time spent in graduate school is one of small but continual increases over the 25-year span from 1977 to 2002 in most of the seven broad fields, with some flattening in the past five years. (See figure 13 and table 15.)

The median time to degree indices vary somewhat by sex, citizenship, and race/ethnicity, however these differences are generally reflections of the broad field differences reviewed above (table 16). Across the whole population of new doctorate recipients, females had longer total and graduate-school times to degree than did males, but the sex differences are much smaller, or even reversed, when males and females are compared within specific broad fields (table 16). Similar patterns hold for comparisons of U.S. and non-U.S. citizens, and of the U.S. racial/ethnic groups, that is, the overall time-to-degree differences between the groups diminish or even disappear when comparisons are made within broad fields of study. (See table 16.)

A third measure of time to degree gathered in the SED is age at doctorate. The median ages of the 2002 doctorate recipients are tabulated in appendix tables A-3 by major field of degree and A-4 by citizenship and race/ethnicity. On the whole, the median age at receipt of the doctorate in 2002 was 33.3 years. Again, age at degree varies with field of study. Doctorate recipients in the S\&E fields typically earn their degrees while in their early 30s; the median for all 2002 doctorate recipients in the S\&E fields was 31.7 years old. In comparison, age at doctorate was 34.7 years in the humanities, 44.2 years in education, and 37.2 years in the professional/other fields category. (See appendix table A-3a and table 17). The modal age spans evident in figure 14 and table 17 reflect this ordering.

Figure 14. Age distribution at doctorate by broad field of study, 2002


See Table 17.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

## Financial Resources in Support of Doctorate Recipients, Including Indebtedness

## Sources of Financial Support

The SED asks two questions that, taken together, provide information on the financial sources of support utilized by the new doctorate recipients (for the exact formats and wordings, see the copy of the questionnaire in Appendix D). The first question asks respondents to complete a checklist of 13 different potential sources of support, such as fellowships and scholarships, dissertation grants, teaching and research assistantships, and various personal arrangements. The second question asks respondents which of the checked sources was the primary source of support and which was the second most important. Respondents are grouped in terms of their primary sources of support for purposes here. The 13 sources are combined into the seven categories that form the rows in table 18.

Almost two-thirds of the 2002 doctorate recipients received the majority of their support for doctoral study from program- or institution-based sources, such as teaching assistantships, research assistantships/traineeships, and fellowships/dissertation grants (65 percent). ${ }^{11}$ Less than one-third (28 percent) of all 2002 doctorate recipients reported that their own resources (which include funds from savings, loans, one’s spouse and family, and non-academic employment) were the primary sources they utilized to finance their doctoral studies. Foreign government, employer contributions, and "other" sources accounted for the remaining 6 percent of the cases. (See figure 15 and table 18.)

[^9]Figure 15. Primary sources of financial support for doctorate recipients by broad field of study, 2002


Field of study

Table 18.
Source: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

Sources of support differ substantially by field of study. For example, within the physical sciences, a notably higher than average percentage of new doctorate recipients reported teaching/ research assistantships or fellowships as primary sources of support (89 percent). Within engineering, 82 percent of the research doctorate recipients in 2002 listed teaching/research assistantships or fellowships as their principal form of support, as did 79 percent of respondents in the life sciences. On the other hand, only 49 percent of doctorate recipients in the professional/other fields and 24 percent of those in the broad field of education reported these categories as the primary sources of financial support for their doctoral program.

Overall, women were more likely to indicate that personal resources were their primary source of support than were men ( 37 percent versus 22 percent). The gender differences in sources of support are partly a reflection of gender differences in broad fields of specialization, and the field differences in sources of support. Nonetheless, within the broad fields of life sciences, social sciences, education, and professional/other fields, female doctorates were still more likely to depend on their own resources than male doctorates (table 18).

Non-U.S. citizens tend to be more concentrated in fields where the majority of doctoral students receive institution- and/or program-based support. Mirroring this concentration, foreign citizens on permanent or temporary visas reported lower percentages of reliance on their own
resources ( 20 percent and 9 percent, respectively) than did U.S. citizen respondents ( 36 percent). The source-of-support differences between U.S. and non-U.S. citizens were smaller within the broad fields of study than overall; however, U.S. citizens were still more likely to rely on their own resources than non-U.S. citizens, especially temporary residents, in all the broad fields (table 18).

Differences in the various modes of financial support are also found among the main racial/ethnic groups. American Indian and black doctorate recipients indicated the greatest reliance on their own resources to finance their doctoral program (45 and 44 percent, respectively), followed in decreasing order by whites (36 percent), Hispanics (34 percent), and Asians (19 percent). (See table 18). Racial/ethnic differences in reliance on own resources also diminish within most of the broad fields of study. However, some substantial racial/ethnic differences within fields are found in terms of use of the different types of program- and institution-based support. In the physical sciences and engineering, Asians and whites were both more likely than blacks and Hispanics to rely on teaching or research assistantships and less likely to have fellowships or dissertation grants as their primary source of support. (See table 18).

## Levels of Education-Related Indebtedness

The SED also asked new doctorate recipients to indicate the amount of money they owe that is directly tied to their undergraduate and graduate educations. ${ }^{12}$ This is defined as debt related to tuition and fees, living expenses and supplies, and transportation to and from school. Almost half ( 49 percent) of the respondents in 2002 reported having no graduate or undergraduate education-related debt, while another 19 percent reported cumulative debt of

[^10]$\$ 15,000$ or less (table 19). However, 16 percent of all new doctorate recipients reported debt over $\$ 35,000$, creating a distinct bulge at the high end of the debt distribution.

Examining the debt distributions within each of the seven broad fields, the graduates most likely to complete their doctorate with no education-related debt were graduates in engineering, the physical sciences, education, the life sciences, and professional/other fields in that order (table 19). Graduates of the broad fields of social science and humanities were more likely to have debt. Debt levels of $\$ 35,000$ or more were most common among graduates in social science fields (28 percent), the humanities (20 percent), and professional/other fields (20.6 percent).

Data separating graduate from undergraduate debt are shown in the lower two panels of table 19. These data show, first, that more debt is incurred during graduate school, and second, that the cumulative debt differences among the broad fields of doctoral study largely arise during graduate education. Overall, 74 percent of the 2002 doctoral cohort reported no undergraduate debt and only 1 percent reported undergraduate debt greater than $\$ 35,000$. In contrast, 63 percent reported no graduate school debts and 14 percent reported graduate debt greater than $\$ 35,000$. The jump in levels of indebtedness between undergraduate and graduate school was particularly large for doctorate recipients in the social sciences, humanities, education, and professional/other broad fields. (See table 19.)

The pattern of debt levels for the study's main demographic groups is shown in table 20. Particularly noteworthy in the cumulative debt tabulations (first panel of the table) is the much higher incidence of blacks, Hispanics, and American Indians sustaining high levels of educationrelated debt. Over one-third ( 34 percent) of black doctorate recipients, 29 percent of American Indians, and 25 percent of Hispanics owed over $\$ 35,000$; these figures compare to 11 percent of Asians and 17 percent of whites with that level of debt. On the other side of the scale, the racial/ethnic groups with a greater likelihood of having no education-related debt at completion of the doctorate were Asians ( 55 percent) and whites ( 44 percent). The lower panels of the table show that most of the racial/ethnic group indebtedness differences were tied to graduate school rather than the undergraduate years. Again, these are likely to be at least in part a function of the racial/ethnic differences in fields of doctorate study, which, as seen in table 19, were also correlated with indebtedness.

Debt differences between the sexes are not large, with new male doctorates about two percent more likely to have no debt than their female counterparts ( 50 percent versus 48 percent). U.S. citizen doctorate recipients were less likely to have no higher-education-related debt than graduates with permanent or temporary visas ( 42 percent, versus 64 percent, and 68 percent, respectively), and more likely to have debts totaling over $\$ 35,000$ (19 percent, versus 10 percent for both permanent and temporary visa holders). (See table 20.)

## Postgraduate Plans, Employment, and Location

The SED questionnaire includes a number of questions about the graduates' immediate plans for work or further study. ${ }^{13}$ The responses provide a useful overview of the number of doctorate recipients planning to enter academic positions, government and industry, and postdoctoral programs of research and further study. Also, information is collected on the main types of work activities - research, teaching, administration, and professional services to individuals - that the graduates anticipate in their new positions.

There are five aspects of postgraduation plans examined in this report. Examined first is whether the new doctorate recipient has a definite commitment for employment or a postdoctoral position. These data are analyzed by broad field of study, sex, citizenship, and race/ethnicity (tables 21 and 22). The second aspect is the distribution of graduates with definite commitments for career employment versus postdoctorate research and study programs. This distribution is also examined separately by broad field of study, sex, citizenship, and race/ethnicity as well as by visa status (tables 23 and 24). The third aspect looked at is the distribution of graduates across employment sectors, broken down by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship status (table 25). The final aspects discussed are financial support for postdoctoral study (table 26), and anticipated location of postgraduate commitment (international versus U.S.) for non-U.S. citizens (tables 27 and 28).

## Definite versus Indefinite Plans

Over seven in ten ( 73 percent) of all doctorate recipients in 2002 reported having definite commitments for employment or postdoctoral study or research. This is about the same as in 2001, when 73 percent also reported having definite commitments, and is the highest percentage since 1989. ${ }^{14}$ The percentages with definite commitments in 2002 vary little by broad field with

[^11]the noteworthy exception of the humanities, where 65 percent have a definite commitment. (See table 21.)

The percentages of graduates from various demographic groups with definite commitments are shown in table 22. About three percent fewer women than men ( 71 percent compared to 74 percent) reported having definite plans. U.S. citizens were more likely to have definite commitments ( 74 percent) than individuals with permanent ( 65 percent) or temporary visas (71 percent). Among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, whites and American Indians were more likely to have definite plans than blacks, Asians, and Hispanics.

## Career Employment versus Postdoctorates

Among the doctoral recipients reporting definite plans, the majority (70 percent) indicated that they plan to enter career employment as opposed to pursuing further study within a postdoctoral research or teaching program (table 23). Nonetheless, the 31 percent planning on a postdoc represents the highest level ever recorded in the SED, edging up slightly from 29 in 2001 and the previous record high of 30 percent in 1999. Plans for postdoctoral study were more common among graduates in the life sciences (60 percent) and the physical sciences (50 percent) than in the other broad fields. Although percentages of new doctorate recipients entering postdoctorate study programs have increased in all of the broad fields since 1982, a slight decrease is evident between 1997 and 2002 in the life sciences (table 23).

Differences among demographic subgroups are shown in table 24 . Men were more likely than women to have definite plans for postdoctorate study (33 versus 28 percent). The percentage of men pursuing postdoctoral study increased to a new all-time high in 2002. The percentage of women with definite plans for postdoctoral study in 2002 was slightly below the high point of 28 percent established in 2001. (See table 24 and, in the Summary Report 2001, table 25).

Students with temporary visas were more likely than permanent residents and U.S. citizens to pursue postdoctorate studies (the student visa allows the student to remain in the U.S. for two years of additional training after completing the doctorate). Among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, Asian doctorate recipients were more likely than other racial/ethnic subgroups to plan postdoctorates, followed by white and Hispanic recipients. Black and American Indian doctorate recipients were least likely to plan postdoctorates. (See table 24.)

These differences among citizenship and racial/ethnic subgroups reflect the greater number of postdoctorates in the physical and life sciences, and the greater concentrations of non-U.S. citizens and Asian-American students in those fields. (See appendix table A-4.)

## Employment Sectors in the United States

The most common employment sector of the 2002 doctorate recipients with definite commitments within the United States was higher education, identified by over half ( 52 percent) of the 2002 respondent subpopulation. (See table 25.) The next largest group had commitments to industry or some form of self-employment (24 percent) while 7 percent planned to work for U.S. Federal, state, or local government. Sixteen percent of the 2002 doctorate recipients indicated a type of employment that did not correspond to these main sectors, and are grouped into the "other" category in table 25. These were a mix of employment in elementary and secondary education, non-profit organizations not affiliated with universities, foreign governments, and non-governmental organizations. The historical trends show reductions in government employment, coupled with small increases in the higher education and industry/selfemployment sectors.

Among 2002 female doctorates, 16 percent had commitments to industry or some form of self-employment, compared to 32 percent of their male counterparts. Women were more likely than men to have commitments to academe ( 58 percent versus 48 percent). With regard to U.S. racial/ethnic groups, Asians were less likely than others to go into academe ( 35 percent) and were more likely than all others to go into industry or self-employment ( 51 percent). The main destination of non-U.S. citizens on temporary visas with definite plans to remain in the United States after graduation was industry or self-employment (53 percent). Permanent residents were most likely to have definite plans for employment in academe (46 percent), and, like those on temporary visas, were more likely than U.S. citizens to take employment in industry or selfemployment (40 percent versus 18 percent).

## Sources of Financial Support for Postdoctoral Appointments

The SED asked respondents with definite plans for further training or study (i.e., "postdocs") in the year after graduation to indicate the main source of support for their postdoctoral appointment. In 2002, 42 percent of all postdocs named a college or university as
their main source of funding, followed by 34 percent indicating the U.S. government. ${ }^{15}$ Private foundations supported another 6 percent, and other types of nonprofit organizations supported 3 percent. (See table 26.) Over 9 percent indicated some other kind of support than those listed in the questionnaire; inspection of the descriptions written by these respondents reveals that many were planning on support from a foreign government.

Gender differences in sources of postdoctoral support were very small. (See table 26.) A number of differences in sources of support are apparent among U.S. citizens, permanent-visa holders, and temporary-visa holders. As might be expected, U.S. citizens were the most likely to have the U.S. government as their main source of postdoctoral support. But substantial numbers of non-U.S. citizens also received U.S. government support, though the percentages were generally lower in 2002 than in the other years shown in table 26. Non-U.S. citizens with postdoc appointments were more likely than U.S. citizens to have university or college funding as their main source of support.

The racial/ethnic breakdowns in table 26 show that Hispanics were less likely than other groups to have U.S. government funding in 2002, and that Hispanics and blacks were more likely than the other groups to have university or college support. The percentages of each racial/ethnic group reporting private foundation or other nonprofit organization funding differ little, with the notable exception that none of the 14 American Indian postdoctorates in 2002 had either as their main source of support. (See table 26).

## Postdoctoral Location of Non-U.S. Citizens

Among non-U.S. citizens with definite plans for work or study, 94 percent of all new doctorate recipients holding permanent visas and 71 percent of temporary visa holders indicated that they will remain in the United States following graduation (table 27). In 2002, chemistry, biology, and computer science were the fields with the highest concentrations of new doctorate recipients with temporary visas staying in the United States ( 87 percent, 84 percent, and 81 percent, respectively). The lowest concentrations were located in the fields of education (34 percent), social sciences (56 percent) and humanities (57 percent). (See table 27.)

[^12]The number of non-U.S. citizens earning research doctorates in the United States has increased over the past twenty years, as has the tendency for those students to remain in the United States following graduation. Table 28 shows the trend of increasing numbers and percentages of new doctorate recipients with temporary visas planning to stay in the United States after receiving their doctorate. In 1982, less than half (45 percent) of those with temporary visas had firm commitments to positions in the United States. A decade later, 59 percent of them had firm commitments to stay in the United States; in 2002, the number had increased to 71 percent.

## Special Section: First-Generation College Graduates Earning Research Doctorates

The SED has collected information on the educational attainment of the doctorate recipients' mothers and fathers since 1973. These data provide an interesting view on the socialeconomic backgrounds of the new doctorate recipients. A subset of particular interest consists of those whose parents did not complete a baccalaureate degree. These students are likely to have faced special challenges in the course of earning the doctorate, for their parents are likely to have lower incomes and perhaps less knowledge to share about how to negotiate college and graduate school. This section focuses on three general issues: (1) the extent to which first-generation college graduates are represented in the overall population and selected subpopulations of the new doctorate recipients, (2) the undergraduate origins of the first-generation college graduates who earned doctorates, and (3) the extent to which the first-generation college graduates face additional financial challenges within doctoral education. The section concludes with a review of the trend data on the variables examined in each of these three issue areas.

## First-Generation College Graduates in the Doctoral Population

More than a third ( 37 percent) of the 2002 doctorate recipients reported that neither of their parents had received a bachelor’s degree or higher. (See table 29). While no substantial differences in representation of first-generation college graduates were found among males and females, large differences were apparent among the five primary racial/ethnic groups (U.S. citizens only). Specifically, black (56 percent), Hispanic (51 percent), and American Indian (57 percent) doctorates were much more likely to be first-generation college graduates than their Asian (26 percent) and non-Hispanic white ( 32 percent) doctorate-earning counterparts. These differences reflect in part the different distributions of the racial/ethnic groups across broad fields of study, but additional tabulations (not presented here) show that the racial/ethnic differences largely remain within the broad fields of study.

As noted earlier in this report, about 30 percent of the new doctorate recipients in 2002 were non-U.S. citizens, and about 90 percent of the non-U.S. citizens earning doctorates were here on temporary visas. The numbers in table 29 show that the doctoral students on temporary
visas were more likely (43 percent) than U.S. citizens (35 percent) and permanent visa holders (39 percent) to come from families where neither parent graduated from college.

The parental education profiles of the doctorate recipients who were citizens of the 30 nations with the largest numbers of 2002 graduates are shown in table 30. Considerable variation in the percentages of first-generation students is evident, ranging from highs of 81 percent of the Saudi Arabian and 78 percent of the Malaysian doctorate recipients, to lows of 2 percent of the Ukrainian, 6 percent of the Russian, and 14 percent of the Indian doctorate recipients. (See table 30.)

## First-Generation College Graduates in the Doctoral and Other Higher Education Populations

How does the representation of first-generation college graduates in the 2002 doctoral population compare to the larger population from which the doctorate recipients are drawn? To put this number in some context requires drawing on external sources of information about ostensibly comparable non-doctoral populations. Since the population of new doctorates varies in terms of such key demographic variables as year they started graduate school, college graduation year, high school graduation year, year of birth, and years in United States, comparisons with external data on those populations should be regarded as rough approximations.

One approach is to define comparison populations on the basis of the modal (most frequent) characteristics of the new doctorate population. For example, the modal year for receiving the bachelor's degree for the doctoral class of 2002 was 1994, while the modal year for starting college was 1990 and the modal year of birth was 1970. Data from the 1993 National Center for Education Statistics’ survey of new baccalaureate recipients, the Baccalaureate and Beyond Longitudinal Study, provide the closest approximation to the 1994 bachelor's degree cohort. These data show that 51 percent of that population came from families where neither parent completed college. ${ }^{16}$ Enlarging the comparative scope to those who first enrolled in any form of postsecondary education institution in 1990, data from the National Center for Education

[^13]Statistics’ Beginning Postsecondary Student Longitudinal Study showed that 66 percent of that population had neither parent with a baccalaureate degree. ${ }^{17}$ Compared to the 37 percent of the doctoral population, these statistics suggest that first-generation college matriculators and graduates were less likely to go on to earn the doctorate than were college matriculators and graduates whose parents graduated from college.

A shortcoming of selecting a comparison group on the basis of modal or average characteristics of the doctoral population is that these same characteristics may be affected by parental education levels. That is, if first-generation college graduates typically take more years than average to complete the doctorate, then the actual percentage of the college-graduation class of 1993 who ultimately earn the doctorate would be somewhat higher than 37 percent, and the difference in the composition of the college cohort and the subset that ultimately earns a doctorate would be commensurately less. But the main point, that first-generation college graduates are underrepresented in the most recent population of new doctorates relative to their representation in the college-graduate population would not be changed on that account.

## Doctoral Fields of Specialization of First-Generation College Graduates

While first-generation college graduates are underrepresented in the 2002 doctoral cohort compared to the larger populations of bachelor recipients and beginning postsecondary students, those who did complete the doctorate were generally well-represented in all seven broad fields of doctoral study (table 31). Compared to doctorate recipients with higher levels of parental education, the first-generation graduates were over-represented in education (23 percent compared to 14 and 9 percent of the higher-parent education doctorate recipients) and underrepresented in humanities and, to a lesser extent, social sciences and physical sciences. First-generation college graduates were about as likely as those with higher levels of parental education to earn their doctorates in engineering (13 percent) and life sciences ( 20 percent). (See table 31.)

[^14]
## Undergraduate Origins of First-Generation College Graduates

How do the paths to the doctorate followed by first-generation college graduates compare with other students? The SED collects data on the undergraduate institutions attended by the doctorate recipients, and the institutions can be classified in a variety of ways. ${ }^{18}$ One variable of interest is community college attendance. One important goal of these institutions is to provide access to higher education for subpopulations lacking the financial resources to attend 4-year colleges and universities, particularly those located outside of commuting distance. Overall, about 10 percent of the 2002 doctorate recipients reported having attended a two-year community college. ${ }^{19}$ As table 32 shows, first-generation respondents were more likely than the other groups to report community college attendance at some point in their undergraduate careers (15 percent compared to 10 percent of those with one college-graduate parent, and 5 percent of those with both college-graduate parents).

Another way to classify undergraduate institutions is provided by the widely-used Carnegie system (see http://www.carnegiefoundation.org/Classification/ for the full taxonomy). The breakdown in table 32 identifies the six Carnegie classes of BA-granting institutions from which almost all of the new doctorate recipients who earned the baccalaureate in the U.S. graduated:

- Doctorate-granting Institutions
- Doctoral/Research Universities—Extensive: These institutions typically offer a wide range of baccalaureate programs, and they are committed to graduate education through the doctorate. In the 2000 Carnegie report, they awarded 50 or more doctoral degrees per year across at least 15 disciplines.
- Doctoral/Research Universities—Intensive: These institutions typically offer a wide range of baccalaureate programs, and they are committed to graduate education through the doctorate. In the 2000 Carnegie report, they awarded at least 10 doctoral degrees per year across three or more disciplines, or at least 20 doctoral degrees per year overall.
- Master's Colleges and Universities (Carnegie classes I and II combined): These institutions typically offer a wide range of baccalaureate programs, and they are committed to graduate education through the master's degree. In the 2000 Carnegie report, they awarded 20 or more master's degrees per year.

[^15]- Baccalaureate Colleges
- Baccalaureate Colleges-Liberal Arts: These institutions are primarily undergraduate colleges with major emphasis on baccalaureate programs. In the 2000 Carnegie report, they awarded at least half of their baccalaureate degrees in liberal arts fields.
- Baccalaureate Colleges-General: These institutions are primarily undergraduate colleges with major emphasis on baccalaureate programs. In the 2000 Carnegie report, they awarded less than half of their baccalaureate degrees in liberal arts fields.
- Other institutions. These include a diverse array of specialized religious and technical institutions that grant baccalaureates.

These breakdowns show that the first-generation college graduate contingent of the 2002 doctorate recipients were much less likely than those with higher parent education backgrounds to earn their bachelor’s degree from an "extensive" doctoral institution or from a liberal arts college. On the other hand, the first-generation graduates were much more likely to have earned their bachelor's degree from an institution in the category of "master's college or university."

Also shown in table 32 is a breakdown, for African-American doctorate recipients only, of whether the doctorate recipient earned a bachelor's degree from a "historically black college or university" (HBCU), by parent education background. Overall, about 28 percent of the African-American doctorate recipients reported earning their BA/BS degree from an HBCU institution. There is no indication in table 32, however, that African-American first-generation college graduates were substantially more likely to have been HBCU undergraduates than blacks whose parents were college graduates.

## Sources of Support, Educational Debt, and Time to Degree

The SED has collected information since 1977 on the new doctorate recipients’ primary sources of financial support and, since 1987, on levels of educational debt. The breakdowns in table 33 show that the 2002 doctorate recipients who were first-generation college graduates were more likely than other graduates to identify their own resources ${ }^{20}$ as their primary source of support ( 34 versus 29 and 22 percent). First-generation college graduates were less likely than

[^16]other doctorate recipients to count grants and fellowships as their primary source of support (17 versus 20 and 27 percent).

The debt distributions in table 33 indicate that the 2002 first-generation college graduates were very similar to those with one college-graduate parent, but that both of these groups were more likely than those with two college-graduate parents to report high levels of education debt. About 22 percent of the first-generation college graduates reported more than \$30,000 of debt, compared with 21 and 16 percent of those with one college-graduate parent and both collegegraduated parents.

Financial constraints may contribute to first-generation college graduates reporting somewhat longer registered time-to-degree totals than the other doctorate recipients. The median number of registered years for the first-generation group was 8.0 years, compared to 7.5 and 7.3 years for the other parent-education groups. (See table 33).

The availability of institutional support, the average level of debt incurred, and median registered time to degree all vary by field of doctoral study. A comparison of the new doctorates in each broad field from the three parental education categories on the source of support, debt, and time-to-degree variables is shown in table 34. These figures show that within all broad fields except for engineering and physical science, first-generation college graduates were more likely than others, particularly those with both parents having a bachelor's degree, to indicate that their primary source of support was their own resources. However, the differences among the three parental education groups within the broad fields were generally less than in the doctorate population as a whole.

The debt differences between the first-generation college graduates and the other parental education groups within most fields were also comparable to the differences in the population as a whole. For example, about 13 percent of the first-generation college graduates in the physical sciences had $\$ 30,001$ or more debt, compared to 13 percent of those with one college-graduate parent and 7 percent of the two college-graduate parents group. In education, where firstgeneration college graduates were most prevalent, the first-generation college graduates were about as likely as those with one or two college-graduate parents to have high education debt.

The median years of registered time-to-degree shown in table 34 show that the overall pattern of first-generation college graduates taking longer to complete the doctorate than nonfirst generation individuals holds within all of the broad fields of study as well. The time-to-
degree differences between the parental education groups were slightly lower in the S\&E fields than overall, and slightly greater in humanities and education.

The percentage of 2002 U.S. citizen doctorate recipients reporting cumulative levels of debt greater than $\$ 30,000$ is broken down by parental education, doctoral field of study, and race/ethnicity in table $35 .{ }^{21}$ As was seen in table 20, African-Americans and Hispanics were more likely than Asians and non-Hispanic whites to complete graduate school with high levels of education-related debt. The likelihood of having high debt is also related to field of study and parental education background, and it is interesting to see whether the racial/ethnic differences held within the more fine-grained subpopulations defined by the cross-classification of these variables. The results in table 35 indicate that first-generation black doctorate recipients were more likely than Asians and whites to have high debt levels in all broad fields except the professional/other group. Similar race/ethnic debt disparities were found among those with one BA parent, but the differences were smaller in several broad fields among those with both BA parents.

## Trends in Representation of First-Generation College Graduates

The SED has consistently measured and collected most of the variables examined thus far since the mid-1970s. Five-year snapshots of the proportions of selected subpopulation are presented in table 36, beginning with the 1977 doctoral cohort. The first row indicates a consistent decline in the percentage of new doctorates who are first generation college graduates, falling from a high of about 60 percent in 1977 to the current level of about 37 percent. The reason for the decline is at least in part due to the general increase in college graduation in the parent population.

In any case, similar patterns of decline are apparent for all subpopulations shown in table 36, but with some interesting variations within the general pattern. The sex differences in particular show that females were much less likely than males to be first-generation college graduates in 1977 ( 53 percent of females versus 62 percent of males), and that the difference has diminished to about 2 percent in 1997 and 2002.

[^17]
## Summary and Conclusions

This section has shown that first-generation college graduates represent a large proportion - 37 percent -- of the 2002 doctorate recipients. While they are particularly wellrepresented in the field of education, these individuals make up 32-36 percent of new doctorate recipients in each of the broad fields of S\&E doctoral programs. African-American, Hispanic, and American Indian doctorate recipients are more likely to be first-generation college graduates than non-Hispanic whites and Asians.

While first-generation college graduates were a substantial fraction of the 2002 cohort of research doctorates, comparisons with larger populations of college graduates and beginning postsecondary students suggest that first-generation students represent a much smaller fraction of the doctorate recipients than they do of college entrants or college graduates.

First-generation college graduates appear to have faced greater challenges in terms of financing doctorate education, reporting higher rates of relying on their own financial resources and incurring higher levels of debt. These individuals also attended graduate school for about a half year longer than their counterparts from more highly-educated parental backgrounds, and may have foregone more income in earning their doctorates.

These indications of lower representation than comparable groups in the larger population, and of greater financial burdens in completing the doctorate, point to the importance of further research on first-generation college graduates’ access to and completion of doctoral education. The SED data show that the percentage of first-generation college graduates among the 2002 doctoral cohort was a historic low, continuing a steady pattern of declining representation since at least 1977. This pattern is of course consistent with declines in the proportion of individuals in the general population with neither parent being a college graduate, and the historical SED data can be a useful complement to further efforts to understand the current situation.

## MAIN DATA TABLES

TABLE 1. Number of doctorates awarded and annual percentage change in doctorates awarded by U.S. colleges and universities, 1957-2002

| Year | Number of doctorate recipients | Annual percentage change from previous year | Year | Number of doctorate recipients | Annual percentage change from previous year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957 | 8,611 | 1.1 | 1980 | 31,020 | -0.7 |
| 1958 | 8,773 | 1.9 | 1981 | 31,356 | 1.1 |
| 1959 | 9,213 | 5.0 | 1982 | 31,110 | -0.8 |
| 1960 | 9,733 | 5.6 | 1983 | 31,281 | 0.5 |
| 1961 | 10,413 | 7.0 | 1984 | 31,336 | 0.2 |
| 1962 | 11,500 | 10.4 | 1985 | 31,296 | -0.1 |
| 1963 | 12,728 | 10.7 | 1986 | 31,901 | 1.9 |
| 1964 | 14,325 | 12.5 | 1987 | 32,370 | 1.5 |
| 1965 | 16,340 | 14.1 | 1988 | 33,500 | 3.5 |
| 1966 | 17,949 | 9.8 | 1989 | 34,327 | 2.5 |
| 1967 | 20,403 | 13.7 | 1990 | 36,068 | 5.1 |
| 1968 | 22,937 | 12.4 | 1991 | 37,532 | 4.1 |
| 1969 | 25,743 | 12.2 | 1992 | 38,889 | 3.6 |
| 1970 | 29,498 | 14.6 | 1993 | 39,800 | 2.3 |
| 1971 | 31,867 | 8.0 | 1994 | 41,033 | 3.1 |
| 1972 | 33,041 | 3.7 | 1995 | 41,748 | 1.7 |
| 1973 | 33,755 | 2.2 | 1996 | 42,436 | 1.6 |
| 1974 | 33,047 | -2.1 | 1997 | 42,556 | 0.3 |
| 1975 | 32,952 | -0.3 | 1998 | 42,652 | 0.2 |
| 1976 | 32,946 | -0.0 | 1999 | 41,098 | -3.6 |
| 1977 | 31,716 | -3.7 | 2000 | 41,356 | 0.6 |
| 1978 | 30,875 | -2.7 | 2001 | 40,790 | -1.4 |
| 1979 | 31,239 | 1.2 | 2002 | 39,955 | -2.0 |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 2. Number of U.S. colleges and universities awarding doctorates and average doctorate recipients per institution, 1962-2002

| Year | Number of doctorate recipients | Number of institutions | Mean number of doctorate recipients per institution | Median number of doctorate recipients per institution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1962 | 11,500 | 174 | 66 | 26.0 |
| 1963 | 12,728 | 185 | 69 | 27.0 |
| 1964 | 14,325 | 195 | 73 | 27.0 |
| 1965 | 16,340 | 204 | 80 | 33.0 |
| 1966 | 17,949 | 215 | 83 | 32.0 |
| 1967 | 20,403 | 219 | 93 | 40.0 |
| 1968 | 22,937 | 229 | 100 | 43.0 |
| 1969 | 25,743 | 231 | 111 | 52.0 |
| 1970 | 29,498 | 240 | 123 | 55.0 |
| 1971 | 31,867 | 260 | 123 | 48.5 |
| 1972 | 33,041 | 267 | 124 | 52.0 |
| 1973 | 33,755 | 286 | 118 | 42.0 |
| 1974 | 33,047 | 292 | 113 | 39.5 |
| 1975 | 32,952 | 292 | 113 | 43.5 |
| 1976 | 32,946 | 294 | 112 | 43.5 |
| 1977 | 31,716 | 304 | 104 | 41.0 |
| 1978 | 30,875 | 311 | 99 | 36.0 |
| 1979 | 31,239 | 311 | 100 | 40.0 |
| 1980 | 31,020 | 320 | 97 | 37.0 |
| 1981 | 31,356 | 323 | 97 | 41.0 |
| 1982 | 31,110 | 328 | 95 | 35.0 |
| 1983 | 31,281 | 332 | 94 | 37.0 |
| 1984 | 31,336 | 331 | 95 | 39.0 |
| 1985 | 31,296 | 337 | 93 | 36.0 |
| 1986 | 31,901 | 340 | 94 | 36.0 |
| 1987 | 32,370 | 349 | 93 | 38.0 |
| 1988 | 33,500 | 351 | 95 | 36.0 |
| 1989 | 34,327 | 356 | 96 | 36.0 |
| 1990 | 36,068 | 354 | 102 | 42.5 |
| 1991 | 37,532 | 364 | 103 | 38.5 |
| 1992 | 38,889 | 367 | 106 | 42.0 |
| 1993 | 39,800 | 372 | 107 | 42.5 |
| 1994 | 41,033 | 374 | 110 | 43.0 |
| 1995 | 41,748 | 382 | 109 | 43.0 |
| 1996 | 42,436 | 390 | 109 | 44.0 |
| 1997 | 42,556 | 383 | 111 | 45.0 |
| 1998 | 42,652 | 388 | 110 | 43.5 |
| 1999 | 41,098 | 396 | 104 | 41.5 |
| 2000 | 41,356 | 408 | 101 | 40.0 |
| 2001 | 40,790 | 416 | 98 | 37.0 |
| 2002 | 39,955 | 413 | 97 | 38.0 |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 3. Top 20 doctorate-granting institutions by broad field of doctorate, 2002

| Institution | Number of doctorate recipients | Institution | Number of doctorate recipients |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All fields | 39,955 | Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5,715 |
| U. CA Berkeley | 799 | U. CA Berkeley | 157 |
| U. WI-Madison | 649 | MA Institute of Technology | 127 |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 642 | Stanford U. | 118 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 637 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 114 |
| OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 616 | U. TX at Austin, The | 104 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 607 | U. WI-Madison | 102 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 603 | U. CA Los Angeles | 92 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 565 | U. MI-Ann Arbor | 90 |
| Harvard U. | 552 | Harvard U. | 87 |
| Nova Southeastern U. | 541 | U. MD-College Park | 87 |
| PA State U.-Main Campus | 539 | TX A\&M U. | 82 |
| Stanford U. | 526 | Purdue U.-Main Campus | 81 |
| MA Institute of Technology | 501 | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 79 |
| TX A\&M U. | 470 | PA State U.-Main Campus | 79 |
| U. WA-Seattle Campus | 455 | U. AZ | 76 |
| U. MD-College Park | 436 | U. WA-Seattle Campus | 74 |
| MI State U. | 431 | U. MN-Twin Cities | 73 |
| U. FL | 426 | CA Institute of Technology | 71 |
| U. Southern CA | 413 | MI State U. | 70 |
| Purdue U.-Main Campus | 412 | U. NC at Chapel Hill | 70 |
| Engineering | 5,073 | Life sciences | 8,350 |
| MA Institute of Technology | 214 | Johns Hopkins U. | 187 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 173 | U. WI-Madison | 171 |
| GA Institute of Technology-Main Campus | 167 | U. CA Los Angeles | 146 |
| Stanford U. | 156 | U. WA-Seattle Campus | 144 |
| U. CA Berkeley | 148 | Harvard U. | 142 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 137 | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 142 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 134 | Cornell U.-Endowed Colleges | 131 |
| Purdue U.-Main Campus | 121 | U. CA Davis | 131 |
| PA State U.-Main Campus | 119 | U. CA Berkeley | 126 |
| TX A\&M U. | 114 | U. NC at Chapel Hill | 126 |
| OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 92 | U. GA | 123 |
| U. FL | 89 | U. MN-Twin Cities | 123 |
| VA Polytechnic Institute and State U. | 88 | PA State U.-Main Campus | 120 |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 82 | U. FL | 119 |
| NC State U. at Raleigh | 81 | U. MI-Ann Arbor | 108 |
| U. WA-Seattle Campus | 80 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 104 |
| U. MD-College Park | 79 | MI State U. | 100 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 79 | TX A\&M U. | 94 |
| Carnegie Mellon U. | 78 | U. Pittsburgh-Main Campus | 91 |
| Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute | 78 | U. AL at Birmingham | 90 |
|  |  | U. AZ | 90 |
| Social sciences | 6,611 | Humanities | 5,373 |
| U. CA Berkeley | 151 | U. CA Berkeley | 141 |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 98 | U. CA Los Angeles | 125 |
| Harvard U. | 95 | New York U. | 117 |
| CUNY Graduate School and U. Center | 94 | Harvard U. | 115 |
| MI State U. | 90 | U. Chicago, The | 115 |
| U. Chicago | 90 | U. WI-Madison | 112 |
| OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 89 | IN U.-Bloomington | 111 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 89 | U. TX at Austin, The | 111 |
| New York U. | 86 | Columbia U. in The City of New York | 108 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 86 | U. MI-Ann Arbor | 94 |
| U. WI-Madison | 84 | Yale U. | 90 |
| U. MD-College Park | 82 | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 84 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 80 | U. MN-Twin Cities | 83 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 80 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 78 |
| U. PA | 73 | Princeton U. | 77 |
| U. GA | 70 | Rutgers U.-New Brunswick | 74 |
| PA State U.-Main Campus | 69 | Stanford U. | 74 |
| SUNY at Albany | 67 | U. Iowa | 73 |
| U. NC at Chapel Hill | 67 | CUNY Graduate School and University Center | 69 |
| Columbia U. In The City of New York | 64 | U. MD-College Park | 68 |
|  |  | U. PA | 68 |
| a Includes mathematics and computer sciences |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates |  |  |  |

TABLE 3. Top 20 doctorate-granting institutions by broad field of doctorate, 2002, continued

|  | Number of <br> doctorate <br> recipients |  | Number of <br> doctorate <br> recipients |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| Institution | 6,488 | Professional/other Fields | 2,345 |
| Education | 409 | Nova Southeastern U. | 66 |
| Nova Southeastern U. | 121 | U. TX at Austin, The | 45 |
| Argosy U.-Sarasota Campus | 113 | New York U. | 44 |
| Loyola U. Chicago | 112 | U. Southern CA | 41 |
| Teachers College at Columbia U. | 103 | Argosy U.-Sarasota Campus |  |
| U. Southern CA | 101 | U. CA Berkeley | 36 |
| OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 94 | U. MN-Twin Cities | 35 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 91 | U. PA | 35 |
| PA State U.-Main Campus | 86 | U. GA | 35 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 85 | Columbia U. in The City of New York | 34 |
| U. VA-Main Campus | 83 | MA Institute of Technology | 33 |
| TX A\&M U. | 83 | Northwestern U. | 33 |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 82 | VA Polytechnic Institute and State U. |  |
| AZ State U.-Main Campus | 81 | Fielding Graduate Institute | 32 |
| U. GA | 76 | MI State U. | 32 |
| Harvard U. | 76 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 31 |
| U. WI-Madison | 73 | Harvard U. | 31 |
| Northern IL U. | 69 | IN U.-Bloomington | 31 |
| IN U.-Bloomington | 66 | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 30 |
| OK State U.-Main Campus | 66 | U. NC at Chapel Hill | 30 |
| VA Polytechnic Institute and State U. |  | 30 |  |

TABLE 4. Number of doctorate recipients by state, including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico, 2002

| Rank | State | Number of doctorate recipients |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | California | 4,742 |
| 2. | New York | 3,373 |
| 3. | Texas | 2,429 |
| 4. | Massachusetts | 2,126 |
| 5. | Illinois | 2,110 |
| 6. | Pennsylvania | 2,000 |
| 7. | Florida | 1,948 |
| 8. | Ohio | 1,625 |
| 9. | Michigan | 1,445 |
| 10. | North Carolina | 1,073 |
| 11. | Georgia | 1,037 |
| 12. | Virginia | 1,007 |
| 13. | Maryland | 973 |
| 14. | Indiana | 970 |
| 15. | Wisconsin | 848 |
| 16. | New Jersey | 846 |
| 17. | Minnesota | 727 |
| 18. | Arizona | 714 |
| 19. | Missouri | 681 |
| 19. | Tennessee | 681 |
| 21. | Colorado | 668 |
| 22. | Washington | 651 |
| 23. | lowa | 576 |
| 24. | Connecticut | 539 |
| 25. | Louisiana | 528 |
| 26. | Alabama | 480 |
| 27. | District of Columbia | 463 |
| 28. | South Carolina | 417 |
| 29. | Kansas | 410 |
| 30. | Oklahoma | 374 |
| 31. | Oregon | 359 |
| 32. | Utah | 355 |
| 33. | Kentucky | 341 |
| 34. | Mississippi | 334 |
| 35. | New Mexico | 277 |
| 36. | Nebraska | 259 |
| 37. | Rhode Island | 231 |
| 38. | Delaware | 158 |
| 39. | Arkansas | 152 |
| 40. | West Virginia | 147 |
| 41. | Puerto Rico | 114 |
| 42. | Nevada | 107 |
| 43. | Hawaii | 105 |
| 44. | New Hampshire | 97 |
| 45. | Idaho | 89 |
| 46. | Montana | 74 |
| 47. | South Dakota | 72 |
| 48. | Vermont | 57 |
| 49. | Wyoming | 55 |
| 50. | North Dakota | 54 |
| 51. | Maine | 38 |
| 52. | Alaska | 19 |
| SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates. |  |  |

TABLE 5. Major field of doctorate recipients for selected years, 1972-2002

| Field of study | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1987 | 1992 | 1997 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All fields | 33,041 | 31,716 | 31,110 | 32,370 | 38,889 | 42,556 | 39,955 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5,538 | 4,379 | 4,291 | 5,030 | 6,501 | 6,679 | 5,715 |
| Engineering | 3,503 | 2,643 | 2,646 | 3,712 | 5,438 | 6,118 | 5,073 |
| Life sciences | 5,084 | 4,923 | 5,709 | 5,754 | 7,115 | 8,326 | 8,350 |
| Social sciences | 5,467 | 6,070 | 5,837 | 5,790 | 6,216 | 7,045 | 6,611 |
| Humanities | 5,055 | 4,562 | 3,561 | 3,500 | 4,444 | 5,435 | 5,373 |
| Education | 7,085 | 7,455 | 7,251 | 6,454 | 6,677 | 6,580 | 6,488 |
| Professional/other fields | 1,309 | 1,684 | 1,815 | 2,130 | 2,498 | 2,373 | 2,345 |
| Physical sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physics \& astronomy | 1,634 | 1,150 | 1,014 | 1,237 | 1,537 | 1,599 | 1,268 |
| Chemistry | 2,019 | 1,571 | 1,680 | 1,975 | 2,213 | 2,148 | 1,922 |
| Earth, atmospheric, \& marine sciences | 604 | 694 | 657 | 628 | 824 | 900 | 797 |
| Mathematics | 1,281 | 964 | 720 | 740 | 1,058 | 1,123 | 917 |
| Computer science ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | ---- | ---- | 220 | 450 | 869 | 909 | 811 |
| Engineering | 3,503 | 2,643 | 2,646 | 3,712 | 5,438 | 6,118 | 5,073 |
| Life sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Biological sciences | 3,600 | 3,484 | 3,893 | 3,839 | 4,799 | 5,789 | 5,680 |
| Health sciences | 467 | 511 | 686 | 800 | 1,112 | 1,421 | 1,659 |
| Agricultural sciences | 1,017 | 928 | 1,130 | 1,115 | 1,204 | 1,116 | 1,011 |
| Social sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Psychology | 2,279 | 2,990 | 3,159 | 3,173 | 3,263 | 3,561 | 3,199 |
| Anthropology | 260 | 385 | 333 | 352 | 320 | 434 | 495 |
| Economics | 893 | 837 | 761 | 821 | 910 | 1,030 | 903 |
| Political science/international relations | 911 | 710 | 536 | 486 | 589 | 753 | 688 |
| Sociology | 639 | 725 | 568 | 423 | 495 | 577 | 545 |
| Other social sciences | 485 | 423 | 480 | 535 | 639 | 690 | 781 |
| Humanities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| History | 1,186 | 961 | 692 | 586 | 724 | 966 | 1,030 |
| English language \& literature | 1,370 | 1,076 | 770 | 668 | 903 | 1,094 | 968 |
| Foreign language \& literature | 812 | 728 | 490 | 444 | 562 | 652 | 623 |
| Other humanities | 1,687 | 1,797 | 1,609 | 1,802 | 2,255 | 2,723 | 2,752 |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education | 663 | 502 | 588 | 447 | 407 | 290 | 262 |
| Teaching fields | 1,705 | 1,439 | 1,333 | 1,065 | 1,008 | 919 | 684 |
| Other education | 4,717 | 5,514 | 5,330 | 4,942 | 5,262 | 5,371 | 5,542 |
| Professional/other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business \& management | 765 | 671 | 685 | 981 | 1,248 | 1,244 | 1,095 |
| Communications | 166 | 302 | 265 | 309 | 330 | 332 | 399 |
| Other professional fields | 270 | 687 | 841 | 778 | 880 | 773 | 801 |
| Other fields | 108 | 24 | 24 | 62 | 40 | 24 | 50 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Computer sciences first appeared on the survey form in 1978.
Dashes (-----) indicate that the field was not on the questionnaire's Specialties List that year.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 6. Number of doctorate recipients and percent female, by selected subfield, 1992 and 2002

| Field of study | 1992a |  | $2002{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | Change in percent to females, 1992-2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of doctorate recipients | Percent doctorate recipients to females | Number of doctorate recipients | Percent doctorate recipients to females |  |
| All fields | 38,670 | 37.3 | 39,884 | 45.4 | 21.7 |
| Physical sciences | 6,456 | 19.9 | 5,705 | 26.9 | 35.3 |
| Physics \& astronomy | 1,526 | 12.2 | 1,267 | 16.3 | 33.4 |
| Chemistry | 2,199 | 26.3 | 1,921 | 33.6 | 27.7 |
| Earth, atmospheric, \& marine sciences | 818 | 23.6 | 795 | 31.4 | 33.3 |
| Mathematics | 1,046 | 19.6 | 914 | 28.9 | 47.4 |
| Computer science | 867 | 13.8 | 808 | 20.8 | 50.2 |
| Engineering | 5,366 | 9.4 | 5,060 | 17.5 | 85.9 |
| Life sciences | 7,084 | 39.6 | 8,345 | 47.7 | 20.5 |
| Biological sciences | 4,783 | 38.3 | 5,679 | 44.7 | 16.8 |
| Health sciences | 1,104 | 64.3 | 1,658 | 68.2 | 6.0 |
| Agricultural sciences | 1,197 | 21.8 | 1,008 | 30.8 | 41.0 |
| Social sciences | 6,190 | 47.9 | 6,599 | 55.3 | 15.5 |
| Psychology | 3,256 | 59.2 | 3,195 | 66.8 | 12.9 |
| Anthropology | 318 | 48.7 | 495 | 58.4 | 19.8 |
| Economics | 900 | 21.2 | 898 | 27.7 | 30.7 |
| Political science/international relations | 586 | 28.3 | 687 | 41.6 | 47.0 |
| Sociology | 495 | 49.5 | 545 | 61.1 | 23.4 |
| Other social sciences | 635 | 43.9 | 779 | 46.1 | 4.9 |
| Humanities | 4,427 | 46.6 | 5,365 | 50.4 | 8.1 |
| History | 722 | 34.3 | 1,029 | 39.9 | 16.3 |
| English language \& literature | 902 | 57.3 | 967 | 58.9 | 2.8 |
| Foreign language \& literature | 562 | 59.4 | 621 | 60.4 | 1.6 |
| Other humanities | 2,241 | 43.0 | 2,748 | 49.0 | 13.9 |
| Education | 6,664 | 59.7 | 6,476 | 66.2 | 11.0 |
| Teacher education | 407 | 69.8 | 261 | 69.7 | -0.1 |
| Teaching fields | 1,006 | 58.8 | 680 | 63.8 | 8.5 |
| Other education | 5,251 | 59.0 | 5,535 | 66.3 | 12.4 |
| Professional/other | 2,483 | 33.9 | 2,334 | 46.4 | 36.8 |
| Business \& management | 1,239 | 24.3 | 1,089 | 38.2 | 57.2 |
| Communications | 329 | 47.7 | 399 | 58.6 | 22.9 |
| Other professional fields | 875 | 41.6 | 797 | 50.3 | 20.9 |
| Other fields | 40 | 50.0 | 49 | 65.3 | 30.6 |

a 1992 field total excludes 219 Individuals for whom sex was not reported.
${ }^{\text {b }} 2002$ field total excludes 71 Individuals for whom sex was not reported.
See Appendix Table A-1.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 7. Number and percent of doctorate recipients by sex within broad field of study for selected years, 1972-2002

| Field of study | 1972 |  | 1977 |  | 1982 |  | 1987 |  | 1992a |  | $1997{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | $2002{ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| All fields | 33,041 | 100.0 | 31,716 | 100.0 | 31,110 | 100.0 | 32,370 | 100.0 | 38,670 | 100.0 | 42,197 | 100.0 | 39,884 | 100.0 |
| Male | 27,754 | 84.0 | 23,858 | 75.2 | 21,017 | 67.6 | 20,938 | 64.7 | 24,234 | 62.7 | 24,950 | 59.1 | 21,760 | 54.6 |
| Female | 5,287 | 16.0 | 7,858 | 24.8 | 10,093 | 32.4 | 11,432 | 35.3 | 14,436 | 37.3 | 17,247 | 40.9 | 18,124 | 45.4 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 5,538 | 100.0 | 4,379 | 100.0 | 4,291 | 100.0 | 5,030 | 100.0 | 6,456 | 100.0 | 6,624 | 100.0 | 5,705 | 100.0 |
| Male | 5,171 | 93.4 | 3,949 | 90.2 | 3,715 | 86.6 | 4,200 | 83.5 | 5,173 | 80.1 | 5,150 | 77.7 | 4,171 | 73.1 |
| Female | 367 | 6.6 | 430 | 9.8 | 576 | 13.4 | 830 | 16.5 | 1,283 | 19.9 | 1,474 | 22.3 | 1,534 | 26.9 |
| Engineering | 3,503 | 100.0 | 2,643 | 100.0 | 2,646 | 100.0 | 3,712 | 100.0 | 5,366 | 100.0 | 6,069 | 100.0 | 5,060 | 100.0 |
| Male | 3,481 | 99.4 | 2,569 | 97.2 | 2,522 | 95.3 | 3,470 | 93.5 | 4,860 | 90.6 | 5,319 | 87.6 | 4,173 | 82.5 |
| Female | 22 | 0.6 | 74 | 2.8 | 124 | 4.7 | 242 | 6.5 | 506 | 9.4 | 750 | 12.4 | 887 | 17.5 |
| Life sciences | 5,084 | 100.0 | 4,923 | 100.0 | 5,709 | 100.0 | 5,754 | 100.0 | 7,084 | 100.0 | 8,271 | 100.0 | 8,345 | 100.0 |
| Male | 4,311 | 84.8 | 3,894 | 79.1 | 4,073 | 71.3 | 3,724 | 64.7 | 4,282 | 60.4 | 4,546 | 55.0 | 4,366 | 52.3 |
| Female | 773 | 15.2 | 1,029 | 20.9 | 1,636 | 28.7 | 2,030 | 35.3 | 2,802 | 39.6 | 3,725 | 45.0 | 3,979 | 47.7 |
| Social sciences | 5,467 | 100.0 | 6,070 | 100.0 | 5,837 | 100.0 | 5,790 | 100.0 | 6,190 | 100.0 | 6,975 | 100.0 | 6,599 | 100.0 |
| Male | 4,441 | 81.2 | 4,346 | 71.6 | 3,679 | 63.0 | 3,296 | 56.9 | 3,226 | 52.1 | 3,298 | 47.3 | 2,948 | 44.7 |
| Female | 1,026 | 18.8 | 1,724 | 28.4 | 2,158 | 37.0 | 2,494 | 43.1 | 2,964 | 47.9 | 3,677 | 52.7 | 3,651 | 55.3 |
| Humanities | 5,055 | 100.0 | 4,562 | 100.0 | 3,561 | 100.0 | 3,500 | 100.0 | 4,427 | 100.0 | 5,396 | 100.0 | 5,365 | 100.0 |
| Male | 3,755 | 74.3 | 2,903 | 63.6 | 2,051 | 57.6 | 1,929 | 55.1 | 2,364 | 53.4 | 2,799 | 51.9 | 2,663 | 49.6 |
| Female | 1,300 | 25.7 | 1,659 | 36.4 | 1,510 | 42.4 | 1,571 | 44.9 | 2,063 | 46.6 | 2,597 | 48.1 | 2,702 | 50.4 |
| Education | 7,085 | 100.0 | 7,455 | 100.0 | 7,251 | 100.0 | 6,454 | 100.0 | 6,664 | 100.0 | 6,520 | 100.0 | 6,476 | 100.0 |
| Male | 5,439 | 76.8 | 4,870 | 65.3 | 3,712 | 51.2 | 2,897 | 44.9 | 2,688 | 40.3 | 2,396 | 36.7 | 2,188 | 33.8 |
| Female | 1,646 | 23.2 | 2,585 | 34.7 | 3,539 | 48.8 | 3,557 | 55.1 | 3,976 | 59.7 | 4,124 | 63.3 | 4,288 | 66.2 |
| Prof/other fields | 1,309 | 100.0 | 1,684 | 100.0 | 1,815 | 100.0 | 2,130 | 100.0 | 2,483 | 100.0 | 2,342 | 100.0 | 2,334 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,156 | 88.3 | 1,327 | 78.8 | 1,265 | 69.7 | 1,422 | 66.8 | 1,641 | 66.1 | 1,443 | 61.6 | 1,252 | 53.6 |
| Female | 153 | 11.7 | 357 | 21.2 | 550 | 30.3 | 708 | 33.2 | 842 | 33.9 | 904 | 38.6 | 1,084 | 46.4 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Group total for 1992 excludes 219 individuals of unknown sex.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Group total for 1997 excludes 359 individuals of unknown sex.

${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 8. Number of U.S. citizen doctorate recipients, by race/ethnicity within broad field for selected years, 1982-2002

| Field of study by race/ethnicity | 1982 | 1987 | 1992 | 1997 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All fields | 24,435 | 22,984 | 26,009 | 28,160 | 25,936 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 23,835 | 22,514 | 25,661 | 27,074 | 25,450 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 454 | 541 | 839 | 1,296 | 1,364 |
| Black | 1,053 | 768 | 966 | 1,335 | 1,644 |
| Hispanic | 537 | 617 | 778 | 1,063 | 1,233 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 77 | 115 | 149 | 167 | 146 |
| White | 21,714 | 20,464 | 22,903 | 23,181 | 20,720 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 9 | 26 | 32 | 343 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,121 | 3,093 | 3,538 | 3,628 | 2,997 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 3,029 | 3,000 | 3,475 | 3,485 | 2,941 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 81 | 104 | 178 | 242 | 200 |
| Black | 30 | 29 | 34 | 59 | 94 |
| Hispanic | 34 | 64 | 88 | 106 | 93 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 5 | 10 | 17 | 14 | 11 |
| White | 2,879 | 2,793 | 3,155 | 3,060 | 2,504 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 39 |
| Engineering | 1,172 | 1,558 | 2,109 | 2,739 | 1,890 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 1,125 | 1,509 | 2,065 | 2,625 | 1,832 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 72 | 135 | 213 | 290 | 248 |
| Black | 10 | 12 | 32 | 83 | 77 |
| Hispanic | 23 | 24 | 57 | 82 | 86 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 3 | 7 | 11 | 17 | 7 |
| White | 1,017 | 1,331 | 1,749 | 2,151 | 1,392 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 22 |
| Life sciences | 4,619 | 4,242 | 4,708 | 5,161 | 5,328 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 4,484 | 4,154 | 4,643 | 5,018 | 5,244 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 112 | 145 | 179 | 313 | 439 |
| Black | 69 | 78 | 88 | 168 | 187 |
| Hispanic | 62 | 77 | 114 | 175 | 203 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 12 | 16 | 19 | 18 | 17 |
| White | 4,229 | 3,837 | 4,241 | 4,339 | 4,336 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 62 |
| Social sciences | 4,813 | 4,402 | 4,672 | 5,220 | 4,901 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 4,701 | 4,322 | 4,609 | 4,992 | 4,811 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 68 | 75 | 97 | 184 | 194 |
| Black | 194 | 136 | 183 | 255 | 315 |
| Hispanic | 115 | 146 | 175 | 232 | 281 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 20 | 22 | 26 | 30 | 32 |
| White | 4,304 | 3,942 | 4,120 | 4,282 | 3,923 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 66 |
| Humanities | 3,026 | 2,733 | 3,468 | 4,207 | 4,139 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 2,944 | 2,676 | 3,425 | 4,045 | 4,057 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 29 | 25 | 52 | 116 | 137 |
| Black | 96 | 73 | 95 | 137 | 165 |
| Hispanic | 107 | 96 | 107 | 179 | 214 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 6 | 11 | 19 | 24 | 22 |
| White | 2,706 | 2,470 | 3,149 | 3,584 | 3,449 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 70 |
| Education | 6,293 | 5,493 | 5,852 | 5,587 | 5,265 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 6,183 | 5,408 | 5,806 | 5,346 | 5,175 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 69 | 41 | 80 | 100 | 98 |
| Black | 581 | 381 | 467 | 527 | 664 |
| Hispanic | 177 | 185 | 200 | 247 | 309 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 29 | 41 | 50 | 51 | 46 |
| White | 5,327 | 4,755 | 5,005 | 4,414 | 3,990 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 68 |
| Professional/other fields | 1,391 | 1,463 | 1,662 | 1,618 | 1,416 |
| Known race/ethnicity | 1,369 | 1,445 | 1,638 | 1,563 | 1,390 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 23 | 16 | 40 | 51 | 48 |
| Black | 73 | 59 | 67 | 106 | 142 |
| Hispanic | 19 | 25 | 37 | 42 | 47 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 2 | 8 | 7 | 13 | 11 |
| White | 1,252 | 1,336 | 1,484 | 1,346 | 1,126 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 16 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2002 per revised OMB guidelines.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders and respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity) .
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 9. Major field of study of U.S. citizen doctorate recipients, by race/ethnicity, 2002

| Field of study | Total U.S. citizen doctorate recipients | Number with known race/ethnicity | U.S. citizens |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Asian ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian b | White | Other c |
| All fields | 25,936 | 25,450 | 1,364 | 1,644 | 1,233 | 146 | 20,720 | 343 |
| Physical sciences | 2,997 | 2,941 | 200 | 94 | 93 | 11 | 2,504 | 39 |
| Physics \& astronomy | 628 | 612 | 48 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 513 | 10 |
| Chemistry | 1,134 | 1,115 | 73 | 41 | 35 | 5 | 950 | 11 |
| Earth, atmospheric, \& marine sciences | 467 | 459 | 10 | 5 | 13 | 0 | 422 | 9 |
| Mathematics | 411 | 405 | 19 | 13 | 11 | 3 | 352 | 7 |
| Computer science | 357 | 350 | 50 | 17 | 13 | 1 | 267 | 2 |
| Engineering | 1,890 | 1,832 | 248 | 77 | 86 | 7 | 1,392 | 22 |
| Life sciences | 5,328 | 5,244 | 439 | 187 | 203 | 17 | 4,336 | 62 |
| Biological sciences | 3,787 | 3,723 | 372 | 112 | 157 | 12 | 3,023 | 47 |
| Health sciences | 1,118 | 1,105 | 55 | 66 | 29 | 3 | 940 | 12 |
| Agricultural sciences | 423 | 416 | 12 | 9 | 17 | 2 | 373 | 3 |
| Social sciences | 4,901 | 4,811 | 194 | 315 | 281 | 32 | 3,923 | 66 |
| Psychology | 2,719 | 2,684 | 104 | 164 | 179 | 15 | 2,186 | 36 |
| Anthropology | 388 | 373 | 10 | 21 | 22 | 6 | 306 | 8 |
| Economics | 336 | 328 | 24 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 279 | 1 |
| Political science/international relations | 505 | 498 | 16 | 36 | 27 | 2 | 412 | 5 |
| Sociology | 439 | 430 | 17 | 41 | 21 | 7 | 334 | 10 |
| Other social sciences | 514 | 498 | 23 | 41 | 20 | 2 | 406 | 6 |
| Humanities | 4,139 | 4,057 | 137 | 165 | 214 | 22 | 3,449 | 70 |
| History | 864 | 843 | 25 | 40 | 34 | 3 | 732 | 9 |
| English language \& literature | 823 | 808 | 25 | 45 | 28 | 5 | 688 | 17 |
| Foreign language \& literature | 423 | 419 | 13 | 10 | 82 | 2 | 311 | 1 |
| Other humanities | 2,029 | 1,987 | 74 | 70 | 70 | 12 | 1,718 | 43 |
| Education | 5,265 | 5,175 | 98 | 664 | 309 | 46 | 3,990 | 68 |
| Teacher education | 208 | 205 | 4 | 21 | 9 | 3 | 167 | 1 |
| Teaching fields | 505 | 495 | 9 | 50 | 20 | 2 | 407 | 7 |
| Other education | 4,552 | 4,475 | 85 | 593 | 280 | 41 | 3,416 | 60 |
| Professional/other | 1,416 | 1,390 | 48 | 142 | 47 | 11 | 1,126 | 16 |
| Business \& management | 596 | 584 | 27 | 54 | 21 | 4 | 472 | 6 |
| Communications | 278 | 270 | 5 | 30 | 10 | 0 | 219 | 6 |
| Other professional fields | 529 | 523 | 16 | 57 | 15 | 7 | 424 | 4 |
| Other fields | 13 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
c Includes multiple racial responses and Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 10. Doctorate-granting institutions having the largest number of U.S. minority doctorate recipients, 1998-2002

| Institution | Number of doctorate recipients | Institution | Number of doctorate recipients |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Black |  |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 357 | Nova Southeastern U. | 374 |
| U. CA Berkeley | 350 | Howard U. | 247 |
| Stanford U. | 186 | U. MI-Ann Arbor | 140 |
| Harvard U. | 158 | U. NC at Chapel Hill | 121 |
| MA Institute of Technology | 151 | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 118 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 137 | U. MD-College Park | 117 |
| U. Southern CA | 133 | Temple U. | 113 |
| U. CA Davis | 123 | VA Polytechnic Institute and State U. | 108 |
| Columbia U. In The City of New York | 117 | FL State U. | 102 |
| U. WA-Seattle Campus | 114 | Wayne State U. | 102 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 111 | Loyola U. Chicago | 99 |
| U. PA | 109 | NC State U. at Raleigh | 97 |
| U. CA Irvine | 98 | Teachers College at Columbia U . | 94 |
| Johns Hopkins U. | 94 | Harvard U. | 92 |
| U. CA San Diego | 92 | U. TX at Austin, The | 92 |
| New York U. | 91 | U. CA Los Angeles | 92 |
| Northwestern U. | 89 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 91 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 89 | MI State U. | 90 |
| U. Chicago, The | 83 | Clark Atlanta U . | 88 |
| U. WI-Madison | 77 | Argosy U.-Sarasota Campus | 87 |
| Top 20 Institutions | 2,759 | Top 20 Institutions | 2,464 |
| Total institutions reported (324) | 6,580 | Total institutions reported (337) | 8,000 |
| Hispanic |  | American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
| U. PR-Rio Piedras Campus | 237 | OK State U.-Main Campus | 31 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 204 | Nova Southeastern U. | 19 |
| U. CA Berkeley | 173 | U. OK Norman Campus | 19 |
| U. CA Los Angeles | 157 | U. WA-Seattle Campus | 16 |
| Carlos Albizu U. | 145 | U. TX at Austin, The | 15 |
| TXA\&M U. | 119 | U. MN-Twin Cities | 15 |
| Harvard U. | 106 | AZ State U.-Main Campus | 13 |
| Stanford U. | 101 | U. AK Main Campus | 13 |
| Inter American U. PR-Metro | 98 | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 13 |
| U. WI-Madison | 92 | Stanford U. | 12 |
| Nova Southeastern U. | 88 | U. CA Berkeley | 12 |
| AZ State U.-Main Campus | 85 | NC State U. at Raleigh | 11 |
| U. AZ | 80 | U. CA Los Angeles | 11 |
| U. CA Davis | 80 | U. FL | 11 |
| U. NM-Main Campus | 80 | U. MD-College Park | 11 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 79 | U. NM-Main Campus | 11 |
| U. Southern CA | 75 | U. ND-Main Campus | 11 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 71 | U. WI-Madison | 11 |
| CUNY Graduate School and U. Center | 70 | Cornell U.-Endowed Colleges | 10 |
| New York U. | 67 | Harvard U. | 10 |
|  |  | OH State U.-Main Campus, The | 10 |
|  |  | U. MO-Columbia | 10 |
| Top 20 Institutions | 2,207 | Top 20 Institutions | 295 |
| Total institutions reported (322) | 5928 | Total institutions reported (225) | 867 |

[^18]${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 11. Citizenship status of doctorate recipients, by broad field of study for selected years, 1972-2002

| Field of study/citizenship | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1987 | 1992 | 1997 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All fields | 33,041 | 31,716 | 31,110 | 32,370 | 38,889 | 42,556 | 39,955 |
| U.S. citizen | 27,480 | 26,145 | 24,435 | 22,984 | 26,009 | 28,160 | 25,936 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 2,093 | 1,368 | 1,228 | 1,578 | 1,980 | 2,931 | 1,646 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 2,831 | 3,448 | 4,203 | 5,612 | 9,953 | 9,193 | 9,707 |
| Unknown | 637 | 755 | 1,244 | 2,196 | 947 | 2,272 | 2,666 |
| Physical sciences a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5,538 | 4,379 | 4,291 | 5,030 | 6,501 | 6,679 | 5,715 |
| U.S. citizen | 4,392 | 3,346 | 3,121 | 3,093 | 3,538 | 3,628 | 2,997 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 445 | 268 | 201 | 255 | 355 | 625 | 292 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 620 | 676 | 838 | 1,368 | 2,458 | 2,086 | 2,151 |
| Unknown | 81 | 89 | 131 | 314 | 150 | 340 | 275 |
| Engineering | 3,503 | 2,643 | 2,646 | 3,712 | 5,438 | 6,118 | 5,073 |
| U.S. citizen | 2,330 | 1,474 | 1,172 | 1,558 | 2,109 | 2,739 | 1,890 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 622 | 326 | 296 | 355 | 411 | 593 | 271 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 519 | 773 | 1,030 | 1,532 | 2,743 | 2,555 | 2,645 |
| Unknown | 32 | 70 | 148 | 267 | 175 | 231 | 267 |
| Life sciences | 5,084 | 4,923 | 5,709 | 5,754 | 7,115 | 8,326 | 8,350 |
| U.S. citizen | 3,988 | 3,897 | 4,619 | 4,242 | 4,708 | 5,161 | 5,328 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 364 | 242 | 184 | 258 | 352 | 753 | 419 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 629 | 672 | 749 | 923 | 1,932 | 2,040 | 2,079 |
| Unknown | 103 | 112 | 157 | 331 | 123 | 372 | 524 |
| Social sciences | 5,467 | 6,070 | 5,837 | 5,790 | 6,216 | 7,045 | 6,611 |
| U.S. citizen | 4,640 | 5,185 | 4,813 | 4,402 | 4,672 | 5,220 | 4,901 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 252 | 189 | 196 | 248 | 289 | 337 | 228 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 459 | 541 | 535 | 654 | 1,048 | 999 | 1,022 |
| Unknown | 116 | 155 | 293 | 486 | 207 | 489 | 460 |
| Humanities | 5,055 | 4,562 | 3,561 | 3,500 | 4,444 | 5,435 | 5,373 |
| U.S. citizen | 4,527 | 4,054 | 3,026 | 2,733 | 3,468 | 4,207 | 4,139 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 215 | 160 | 139 | 176 | 246 | 328 | 223 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 205 | 216 | 226 | 327 | 614 | 616 | 733 |
| Unknown | 108 | 132 | 170 | 264 | 116 | 284 | 278 |
| Education | 7,085 | 7,455 | 7,251 | 6,454 | 6,677 | 6,580 | 6,488 |
| U.S. citizen | 6,600 | 6,806 | 6,293 | 5,493 | 5,852 | 5,587 | 5,265 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 131 | 108 | 145 | 172 | 165 | 165 | 111 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 284 | 380 | 572 | 421 | 553 | 411 | 475 |
| Unknown | 70 | 161 | 241 | 368 | 107 | 417 | 637 |
| Professional/other fields | 1,309 | 1,684 | 1,815 | 2,130 | 2,498 | 2,373 | 2,345 |
| U.S. citizen | 1,003 | 1,383 | 1,391 | 1,463 | 1,662 | 1,618 | 1,416 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 64 | 75 | 67 | 114 | 162 | 130 | 102 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 115 | 190 | 253 | 387 | 605 | 486 | 602 |
| Unknown | 127 | 36 | 104 | 166 | 69 | 139 | 225 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 12. Top 30 countries of origin of non-U.S. citizens earning doctorates at U.S. colleges and universities, (ranked by number of doctorate recipients), 2002

Number of

| Rank | Country | doctorate recipients |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | China, People's Republic of ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,644 |
| 2 | Korea b | 1,187 |


| 2. | 1,187 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 3. | India | 838 |
| 4. | China, Republic of (Taiwan) | 674 |
| 5. | Canada | 494 |


| 6. | Turkey | 399 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7. Thailand | 396 |  |
| 8 | Germany | 255 |


| 9. Japan | 237 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 10. Russia | 230 |

11. Great Britain, UK 222
12. Mexico 221

| 13. | Brazil | 171 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14. | Italy | 152 |

15. Romania 149
16. Egypt $\quad 114$

| 18. | Spain | 113 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19. | Saudi Arabia | 103 |


| 20. | Greece | 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21. | Argentina | 94 |
| 22. | Yugoslavia | 88 |
| 23. | Indonesia | 76 |
| 24. | Israel | 73 |
| 25. | Venezuela | 71 |
| 26. | Jordan | 68 |
| 27. | Malaysia | 67 |
| $\left[\begin{array}{ll}28 . & \text { Colombia }\end{array}\right] 66$ |  |  |
| 28. | Ukraine | 66 |
| 30. | Iran | 65 |

a Includes Hong Kong.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Republic of Korea (South Korea) and Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea).
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 13. Doctorate-granting institutions having the largest number of non-U.S. citizen doctorate recipients (ranked by number of non-U.S. citizen doctorate recipients), 2002

|  | Number of <br> doctorate <br> recipients |  | Number of <br> doctorate <br> recipients |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Institution | 270 | U. CA-Berkeley | 198 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 269 | Purdue U.-Main Campus | 186 |
| OH State U.-Main Campus | 227 | U. MD-College Park | 163 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 215 | Cornell U.-Endowed Colleges | 161 |
| TX A\&M U. | 215 | U. CA-Los Angeles | 158 |
| U. TX at Austin , The | 209 | U. FL | 156 |
| U. WI-Madison | 206 | Columbia U. in The City of New York | 145 |
| PA State U.-Main Campus | 201 | U. Southern CA | 145 |
| MA Institute of Technology | 200 | Harvard U. | 144 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 199 | Rutgers U.-New Brunswick | 143 |
| Stanford U. |  | Top 20 institutions | 3,810 |
|  |  | Total institutions reported (413) | 11,353 |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 14. Parental educational attainment of doctorate recipients, by selected demographic characteristics, 2002

|  | Percent high school or less | Percent college | Percent advanced degree | Total percent | Total number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 29.3 | 35.9 | 34.8 | 100.0 | 35,761 |
| Mother's education | 38.2 | 40.4 | 21.5 | 100.0 | 35,855 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 30.2 | 36.0 | 33.9 | 100.0 | 19,601 |
| Mother's education | 40.2 | 39.5 | 20.3 | 100.0 | 19,640 |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 28.3 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 100.0 | 16,159 |
| Mother's education | 35.7 | 41.4 | 22.9 | 100.0 | 16,213 |
| Race/ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian a |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 19.7 | 30.0 | 50.2 | 100.0 | 1,328 |
| Mother's education | 33.1 | 41.3 | 25.6 | 100.0 | 1,328 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 51.6 | 27.4 | 21.0 | 100.0 | 1,501 |
| Mother's education | 45.6 | 33.2 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 1,530 |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 43.9 | 29.3 | 26.8 | 100.0 | 1,179 |
| Mother's education | 49.8 | 31.7 | 18.5 | 100.0 | 1,187 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 44.9 | 34.1 | 21.0 | 100.0 | 138 |
| Mother's education | 44.6 | 36.7 | 18.7 | 100.0 | 139 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 24.7 | 35.5 | 39.8 | 100.0 | 20,071 |
| Mother's education | 30.5 | 44.3 | 25.2 | 100.0 | 20,099 |
| Citizenship |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Citizen |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 27.1 | 34.4 | 38.5 | 100.0 | 24,914 |
| Mother's education | 32.6 | 42.7 | 24.8 | 100.0 | 24,984 |
| Non-U.S., Permanent visa |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 31.6 | 35.9 | 32.4 | 100.0 | 1,572 |
| Mother's education | 46.1 | 36.7 | 17.2 | 100.0 | 1,578 |
| Non-U.S., Temporary visa |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 35.1 | 39.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 9,252 |
| Mother's education | 51.9 | 34.8 | 13.3 | 100.0 | 9,270 |
| Field of study |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 25.0 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 100.0 | 5,252 |
| Mother's education | 33.8 | 41.6 | 24.5 | 100.0 | 5,263 |
| Engineering |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 27.2 | 43.1 | 29.7 | 100.0 | 4,628 |
| Mother's education | 41.7 | 42.5 | 15.7 | 100.0 | 4,626 |
| Life sciences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 27.3 | 36.5 | 36.1 | 100.0 | 7,583 |
| Mother's education | 36.9 | 41.3 | 21.8 | 100.0 | 7,602 |
| Social sciences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 25.5 | 34.3 | 40.2 | 100.0 | 5,908 |
| Mother's education | 33.0 | 41.1 | 25.9 | 100.0 | 5,933 |
| Humanities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 23.4 | 32.5 | 44.2 | 100.0 | 4,890 |
| Mother's education | 30.3 | 41.4 | 28.3 | 100.0 | 4,907 |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 45.7 | 31.8 | 22.5 | 100.0 | 5,484 |
| Mother's education | 51.2 | 35.4 | 13.4 | 100.0 | 5,506 |
| Professional/other fields |  |  |  |  |  |
| Father's education | 34.0 | 36.9 | 29.2 | 100.0 | 2,016 |
| Mother's education | 45.2 | 37.4 | 17.4 | 100.0 | 2,018 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
c Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 15. Median number of years from baccalaureate to doctorate award, by broad field of study for selected years, 1977-2002

| Field of study and time to degree | 1977 | 1982 | 1987 | 1992 | 1997 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All fields |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 8.9 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.2 |
| Since starting graduate school | 6.2 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.8 |
| Since starting graduate school | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
| Engineering |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.6 |
| Since starting graduate school | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.7 |
| Life sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 7.3 | 7.7 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 8.9 |
| Since starting graduate school | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Social sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 8.0 | 9.2 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 10.0 |
| Since starting graduate school | 6.0 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Humanities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since $B A / B S$ | 9.9 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 11.5 |
| Since starting graduate school | 7.3 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 9.0 |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since $B A / B S$ | 12.6 | 13.7 | 16.2 | 19.0 | 20.0 | 19.0 |
| Since starting graduate school | 6.7 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.5 |
| Professional/other fields |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Since BA/BS | 10.7 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 13.4 |
| Since starting graduate school | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.1 |

[^19]SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 16. Median number of years from baccalaureate to doctorate award, by demographic group and broad field of study, 2002

|  | All fields |  | Physical sciences a |  | Engineering |  | Life sciences |  | Social sciences |  | Humanities |  | Education |  | Professional/ other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number |
| Elapsed time from baccalaureate (years) <br> All doctorate recipients | 10.2 | 35,483 | 7.8 | 5,116 | 8.6 | 4,555 | 8.9 | 7,454 | 10.0 | 5,940 | 11.5 | 4,901 | 19.0 | 5,528 | 13.4 | 1,989 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 9.7 | 19,381 | 7.9 | 3,708 | 8.7 | 3,782 | 8.6 | 3,865 | 10.1 | 2,645 | 11.6 | 2,434 | 17.9 | 1,872 | 13.1 | 1,075 |
| Female | 11.0 | 16,100 | 7.3 | 1,408 | 8.2 | 773 | 9.2 | 3,588 | 9.9 | 3,295 | 11.4 | 2,467 | 19.9 | 3,655 | 14.0 | 914 |
| Citizenship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizen | 10.6 | 25,112 | 7.1 | 2,923 | 8.0 | 1,826 | 8.5 | 5,207 | 10.0 | 4,779 | 11.5 | 4,036 | 20.0 | 4,995 | 15.5 | 1,346 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 10.8 | 1,485 | 9.8 | 258 | 10.0 | 244 | 10.4 | 381 | 10.3 | 215 | 12.0 | 199 | 15.8 | 96 | 14.0 | 92 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 9.4 | 8,818 | 8.4 | 1,931 | 8.8 | 2,472 | 9.5 | 1,849 | 10.0 | 936 | 11.3 | 655 | 12.9 | 428 | 10.9 | 547 |
| Race/ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 8.4 | 1,319 | 7.1 | 190 | 7.6 | 239 | 7.8 | 432 | 9.1 | 192 | 11.0 | 130 | 15.2 | 90 | 14.2 | 46 |
| Black | 12.8 | 1,538 | 7.3 | 91 | 9.1 | 70 | 9.3 | 177 | 10.0 | 306 | 11.0 | 161 | 19.6 | 600 | 16.0 | 133 |
| Hispanic | 10.5 | 1,187 | 8.0 | 93 | 8.0 | 85 | 8.4 | 197 | 9.4 | 271 | 11.0 | 209 | 16.8 | 287 | 13.2 | 45 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 13.6 | 140 | 6.3 | 9 | 10.3 | 7 | 9.3 | 17 | 9.8 | 30 | 13.1 | 22 | 22.3 | 45 | 22.0 | 10 |
| White | 10.6 | 20,205 | 7.0 | 2,455 | 7.9 | 1,358 | 8.6 | 4,252 | 10.0 | 3,839 | 11.6 | 3,378 | 20.6 | 3,842 | 15.5 | 1,081 |
| Years in graduate school) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All doctorate recipients | 7.5 | 33,590 | 6.8 | 4,811 | 6.7 | 4,413 | 7.0 | 6,834 | 7.8 | 5,668 | 9.0 | 4,698 | 8.5 | 5,264 | 8.1 | 1,902 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 7.4 | 18,316 | 6.9 | 3,503 | 6.7 | 3,662 | 7.0 | 3,521 | 7.9 | 2,507 | 9.0 | 2,319 | 8.4 | 1,783 | 8.1 | 1,021 |
| Female | 7.7 | 15,273 | 6.5 | 1,308 | 6.5 | 751 | 7.1 | 3,313 | 7.7 | 3,161 | 9.0 | 2,379 | 8.5 | 3,480 | 8.0 | 881 |
| Citizenship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizen | 7.7 | 23,833 | 6.5 | 2,747 | 6.5 | 1,766 | 7.0 | 4,800 | 7.8 | 4,566 | 9.0 | 3,894 | 8.6 | 4,762 | 8.3 | 1,298 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 8.0 | 1,405 | 7.4 | 247 | 7.4 | 239 | 7.9 | 347 | 8.4 | 202 | 9.1 | 191 | 8.8 | 91 | 9.3 | 88 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 7.2 | 8,343 | 7.1 | 1,817 | 6.8 | 2,406 | 7.3 | 1,685 | 7.5 | 898 | 8.7 | 611 | 7.5 | 410 | 7.6 | 516 |
| Race/ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 7.1 | 1,236 | 6.5 | 178 | 6.5 | 233 | 7.0 | 387 | 7.5 | 185 | 8.9 | 126 | 7.9 | 85 | 8.5 | 42 |
| Black | 8.0 | 1,443 | 6.9 | 83 | 7.2 | 69 | 7.2 | 160 | 8.0 | 286 | 8.8 | 156 | 8.2 | 560 | 9.0 | 129 |
| Hispanic | 8.0 | 1,120 | 6.9 | 87 | 6.6 | 85 | 7.1 | 181 | 8.0 | 254 | 8.7 | 202 | 8.7 | 271 | 7.9 | 40 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 8.7 | 134 | 6.3 | 9 | 6.2 | 6 | 7.3 | 15 | 8.4 | 30 | 10.0 | 22 | 9.8 | 42 | 11.3 | 10 |
| White | 7.7 | 19,271 | 6.5 | 2,316 | 6.4 | 1,309 | 7.0 | 3,945 | 7.7 | 3,693 | 9.0 | 3,268 | 8.6 | 3,693 | 8.2 | 1,047 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 17. Median age and number of doctorate recipients at different age levels, by field of study and demographic characteristics, 2002

| Field of study and demographic characteristics | Median age at doctorate | Age grouping |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 21-25 | 26-30 | 31-35 | 36-40 | 41-45 | Over 45 |
| All fields | 33.3 | 247 | 11,884 | 11,292 | 5,349 | 3,093 | 5,308 |
| Broad field |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical sciences a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 30.5 | 93 | 2,874 | 1,514 | 573 | 200 | 175 |
| Engineering | 31.4 | 76 | 2,129 | 1,620 | 624 | 233 | 118 |
| Life sciences | 31.9 | 30 | 3,204 | 2,464 | 975 | 525 | 611 |
| Social sciences | 33.0 | 28 | 1,946 | 2,123 | 914 | 495 | 628 |
| Humanities | 34.7 | 5 | 975 | 1,941 | 973 | 475 | 716 |
| Education | 44.2 | 8 | 456 | 996 | 901 | 872 | 2,572 |
| Professional/other fields | 37.2 | 7 | 300 | 634 | 389 | 293 | 488 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 32.8 | 164 | 6,911 | 6,679 | 3,167 | 1,529 | 1,967 |
| Female | 34.1 | 83 | 4,973 | 4,612 | 2,181 | 1,564 | 3,341 |
| Citizenship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizen | 33.9 | 139 | 8,040 | 6,831 | 3,375 | 2,424 | 4,872 |
| Permanent visa | 34.3 | 10 | 361 | 617 | 363 | 142 | 134 |
| Temporary visa | 32.3 | 98 | 3,379 | 3,771 | 1,570 | 510 | 271 |
| Unknown | 32.2 | 0 | 104 | 73 | 41 | 17 | 31 |
| Race/Ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian b | 30.9 | 13 | 670 | 365 | 130 | 81 | 90 |
| Black | 37.5 | 4 | 353 | 367 | 229 | 209 | 453 |
| Hispanic | 34.4 | 7 | 341 | 342 | 181 | 143 | 210 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 42.1 | 0 | 20 | 30 | 17 | 19 | 60 |
| White | 33.9 | 110 | 6,454 | 5,508 | 2,694 | 1,895 | 3,928 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\text {c I Includes Alaskan Natives. }}$
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 18. Primary sources of financial support for doctorate recipients, by broad field of study and demographic group, 2002 (includes only doctorate recipients who reported primary source of support)

| Primary source of support (responses only) |  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Sex |  | Citizenship |  |  | U.S citizens and permanent residents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Men | Women | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { U.S. } \\ \text { citizen } \end{gathered}$ | Permanent resident | Temporary resident | Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian c | White |
| All fields |  | 39,955 | 21,760 | 18,124 | 25,936 | 1,646 | 9,707 | 2,108 | 1,731 | 1,364 | 149 | 21,348 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 16.8 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16.0 | 19.7 | 18.4 | 12.4 | 7.3 | 14.6 | 11.7 | 17.4 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 26.5 | 32.2 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 33.9 | 44.0 | 38.0 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 20.3 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 21.9 | 21.9 | 22.0 | 22.7 | 23.2 | 19.5 | 27.7 | 33.6 | 34.6 | 31.4 | 20.4 |
| Own resources |  | 28.4 | 21.8 | 36.5 | 36.2 | 19.5 | 8.5 | 18.5 | 43.9 | 34.1 | 44.5 | 36.3 |
| Foreign government |  | 2.4 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 8.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Employer |  | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 5.2 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 5,715 | 4,171 | 1,534 | 2,997 | 292 | 2,151 | 339 | 101 | 106 | 12 | 2,627 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 24.9 | 25.0 | 24.4 | 22.3 | 24.3 | 28.7 | 18.0 | 10.8 | 22.3 | 10.0 | 23.5 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 46.4 | 47.7 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 51.8 | 50.6 | 54.3 | 22.6 | 32.0 | 40.0 | 44.0 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 17.7 | 16.1 | 21.8 | 21.4 | 14.5 | 12.7 | 16.1 | 48.4 | 32.0 | 20.0 | 19.6 |
| Own resources |  | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 2.5 | 8.7 | 15.1 | 11.7 | 20.0 | 9.7 |
| Foreign government |  | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Employer |  | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 10.0 | 3.0 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Engineering |  | 5,073 | 4,173 | 887 | 1,890 | 271 | 2,645 | 409 | 86 | 96 | 7 | 1,474 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 10.6 | 8.3 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 6.8 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 56.6 | 57.7 | 51.4 | 42.4 | 58.1 | 67.0 | 58.3 | 25.9 | 30.5 | 50.0 | 42.8 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 17.5 | 16.1 | 24.7 | 27.7 | 15.9 | 10.2 | 21.1 | 49.4 | 38.9 | 33.3 | 25.2 |
| Own resources |  | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 12.8 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 8.1 | 12.3 | 9.5 | 16.7 | 13.6 |
| Foreign government |  | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 8.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Employer |  | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 11.0 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 13.7 | 0.0 | 11.4 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Life sciences |  | 8,350 | 4,366 | 3,979 | 5,328 | 419 | 2,079 | 679 | 206 | 228 | 17 | 4,463 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 10.9 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 6.3 | 11.4 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 36.6 | 40.3 | 32.6 | 32.2 | 43.0 | 46.9 | 43.4 | 19.3 | 21.7 | 25.0 | 32.9 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 31.9 | 32.1 | 31.8 | 34.4 | 29.6 | 25.8 | 37.7 | 49.7 | 51.9 | 56.3 | 31.7 |
| Own resources |  | 14.5 | 10.3 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 13.4 | 4.9 | 10.3 | 18.7 | 13.7 | 6.3 | 19.2 |
| Foreign government |  | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 10.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Employer |  | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 4.4 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Social sciences |  | 6,611 | 2,948 | 3,651 | 4,901 | 228 | 1,022 | 265 | 333 | 304 | 34 | 4,024 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 20.4 | 22.4 | 18.7 | 19.0 | 27.1 | 25.6 | 21.5 | 8.1 | 12.1 | 18.2 | 20.7 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 15.5 | 14.7 | 16.1 | 15.1 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 19.5 | 11.6 | 8.0 | 3.0 | 15.9 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 22.6 | 24.5 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 22.9 | 31.2 | 25.9 | 43.9 | 38.4 | 33.3 | 17.3 |
| Own resources |  | 37.7 | 33.0 | 41.4 | 42.8 | 30.8 | 14.3 | 29.9 | 33.5 | 40.8 | 45.5 | 43.8 |
| Foreign government |  | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 11.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Employer |  | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Humanities |  | 5,373 | 2,663 | 2,702 | 4,139 | 223 | 733 | 179 | 174 | 253 | 22 | 3,572 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 32.4 | 30.5 | 34.2 | 31.8 | 36.7 | 34.2 | 21.3 | 17.3 | 36.4 | 33.3 | 33.2 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 29.5 | 30.6 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 32.4 | 37.1 | 39.6 | 51.8 | 35.5 | 38.1 | 25.8 |
| Own resources |  | 33.9 | 34.6 | 33.2 | 36.7 | 27.1 | 18.9 | 33.7 | 26.8 | 25.6 | 28.6 | 37.7 |
| Foreign government |  | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 6.7 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Employer |  | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Other |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Education |  | 6,488 | 2,188 | 4,288 | 5,265 | 111 | 475 | 138 | 680 | 323 | 46 | 4,028 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.0 | 17.3 | 13.9 | 13.0 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 6.6 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 7.9 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 13.3 | 20.8 | 12.2 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 0.0 | 6.9 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 18.4 | 19.3 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 19.7 | 19.0 | 6.2 |
| Own resources |  | 65.5 | 62.4 | 67.1 | 69.1 | 43.9 | 29.7 | 55.3 | 70.1 | 63.5 | 73.8 | 69.3 |
| Foreign government |  | 1.1 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 12.7 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Employer |  | 9.2 | 12.5 | 7.6 | 9.8 | 6.1 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 4.8 | 10.8 |
| Other |  | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Professional/other fields |  | 2,345 | 1,251 | 1,083 | 1,416 | 102 | 602 | 99 | 151 | 54 | 11 | 1,160 |
| Teaching assistantships | \% | 18.8 | 19.4 | 18.1 | 16.1 | 18.3 | 25.4 | 13.2 | 6.4 | 13.7 | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships |  | 11.2 | 11.7 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 11.8 | 19.0 | 8.8 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 11.1 | 8.4 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants |  | 19.4 | 21.0 | 17.6 | 17.4 | 26.9 | 22.9 | 26.4 | 34.0 | 21.6 | 33.3 | 15.1 |
| Own resources |  | 41.0 | 37.2 | 45.4 | 50.1 | 36.6 | 20.1 | 45.1 | 46.1 | 39.2 | 55.6 | 50.5 |
| Foreign government |  | 3.2 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 4.3 | 10.0 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Employer |  | 6.2 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 8.5 | 15.7 | 0.0 | 7.7 |
| Other |  | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 |

[^20]TABLE 19. Debt related to the education of the doctorate recipients, by broad field of study, 2002

|  | Total |  | Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Engineering |  | Life sciences |  | Social sciences |  | Humanities |  | Education |  | Professional/ other fields |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Cumulative debt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No debt | 17,546 | 49.5 | 3,039 | 58.3 | 2,886 | 63.0 | 3,837 | 51.2 | 2,067 | 35.5 | 1,937 | 39.8 | 2,792 | 51.0 | 988 | 49.4 |
| \$5,000 or less | 2,428 | 6.8 | 410 | 7.9 | 322 | 7.0 | 535 | 7.1 | 294 | 5.1 | 376 | 7.7 | 382 | 7.0 | 109 | 5.5 |
| \$5,001-\$10,000 | 2,333 | 6.6 | 368 | 7.1 | 259 | 5.7 | 541 | 7.2 | 392 | 6.7 | 369 | 7.6 | 301 | 5.5 | 103 | 5.2 |
| \$10,001-\$15,000 | 1,983 | 5.6 | 321 | 6.2 | 190 | 4.1 | 482 | 6.4 | 349 | 6.0 | 294 | 6.0 | 251 | 4.6 | 96 | 4.8 |
| \$15,001-\$20,000 | 1,679 | 4.7 | 226 | 4.3 | 157 | 3.4 | 388 | 5.2 | 314 | 5.4 | 284 | 5.8 | 243 | 4.4 | 67 | 3.4 |
| \$20,001-\$25,000 | 1,428 | 4.0 | 178 | 3.4 | 146 | 3.2 | 334 | 4.5 | 256 | 4.4 | 249 | 5.1 | 183 | 3.3 | 82 | 4.1 |
| \$25,001-\$30,000 | 1,232 | 3.5 | 136 | 2.6 | 108 | 2.4 | 252 | 3.4 | 255 | 4.4 | 200 | 4.1 | 203 | 3.7 | 78 | 3.9 |
| \$30,001-\$35,000 | 1,123 | 3.2 | 124 | 2.4 | 65 | 1.4 | 224 | 3.0 | 290 | 5.0 | 187 | 3.8 | 168 | 3.1 | 65 | 3.3 |
| \$35,001 and up | 5,698 | 16.1 | 409 | 7.8 | 446 | 9.7 | 903 | 12.0 | 1,603 | 27.5 | 974 | 20.0 | 951 | 17.4 | 412 | 20.6 |
| Total | 35,450 | 100.0 | 5,211 | 100.0 | 4,579 | 100.0 | 7,496 | 100.0 | 5,820 | 100.0 | 4,870 | 100.0 | 5,474 | 100.0 | 2,000 | 100.0 |
| Mean | \$12,141 |  | \$8,164 |  | \$8,040 |  | \$10,743 |  | \$18,037 |  | \$14,804 |  | \$12,104 |  | \$13,590 |  |
| Graduate debt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No debt | 22,316 | 63.1 | 3,860 | 74.2 | 3,353 | 73.4 | 5,110 | 68.4 | 2,882 | 49.7 | 2,607 | 53.6 | 3,317 | 60.7 | 1,187 | 59.4 |
| \$5,000 or less | 1,774 | 5.0 | 291 | 5.6 | 252 | 5.5 | 355 | 4.8 | 233 | 4.0 | 290 | 6.0 | 276 | 5.1 | 77 | 3.9 |
| \$5,001-\$10,000 | 1,616 | 4.6 | 239 | 4.6 | 192 | 4.2 | 363 | 4.9 | 255 | 4.4 | 266 | 5.5 | 227 | 4.2 | 74 | 3.7 |
| \$10,001-\$15,000 | 1,189 | 3.4 | 134 | 2.6 | 112 | 2.5 | 263 | 3.5 | 202 | 3.5 | 204 | 4.2 | 205 | 3.8 | 69 | 3.5 |
| \$15,001-\$20,000 | 1,102 | 3.1 | 130 | 2.5 | 109 | 2.4 | 215 | 2.9 | 236 | 4.1 | 177 | 3.6 | 183 | 3.4 | 52 | 2.6 |
| \$20,001-\$25,000 | 893 | 2.5 | 99 | 1.9 | 77 | 1.7 | 183 | 2.4 | 175 | 3.0 | 174 | 3.6 | 121 | 2.2 | 64 | 3.2 |
| \$25,001-\$30,000 | 805 | 2.3 | 73 | 1.4 | 65 | 1.4 | 148 | 2.0 | 172 | 3.0 | 147 | 3.0 | 146 | 2.7 | 54 | 2.7 |
| \$30,001-\$35,000 | 818 | 2.3 | 56 | 1.1 | 54 | 1.2 | 144 | 1.9 | 209 | 3.6 | 160 | 3.3 | 142 | 2.6 | 53 | 2.7 |
| \$35,001 and up | 4,852 | 13.7 | 317 | 6.1 | 357 | 7.8 | 690 | 9.2 | 1,439 | 24.8 | 837 | 17.2 | 845 | 15.5 | 367 | 18.4 |
| Total | 35,365 | 100.0 | 5,199 | 100.0 | 4,571 | 100.0 | 7,471 | 100.0 | 5,803 | 100.0 | 4,862 | 100.0 | 5,462 | 100.0 | 1,997 | 100.0 |
| Mean | \$8,524 |  | \$4,696 |  | \$5,259 |  | \$6,613 |  | \$13,540 |  | \$10,883 |  | \$9,373 |  | \$10,481 |  |
| Undergraduate debt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No debt | 26,282 | 74.3 | 3,838 | 73.7 | 3,655 | 80.0 | 5,281 | 70.6 | 4,017 | 69.1 | 3,453 | 71.2 | 4,451 | 81.5 | 1,587 | 79.5 |
| \$5,000 or less | 2,007 | 5.7 | 310 | 6.0 | 225 | 4.9 | 471 | 6.3 | 331 | 5.7 | 331 | 6.8 | 238 | 4.4 | 101 | 5.1 |
| \$5,001-\$10,000 | 1,868 | 5.3 | 297 | 5.7 | 171 | 3.7 | 458 | 6.1 | 370 | 6.4 | 304 | 6.3 | 195 | 3.6 | 73 | 3.7 |
| \$10,001-\$15,000 | 1,617 | 4.6 | 273 | 5.2 | 152 | 3.3 | 385 | 5.1 | 372 | 6.4 | 237 | 4.9 | 135 | 2.5 | 63 | 3.2 |
| \$15,001-\$20,000 | 1,176 | 3.3 | 181 | 3.5 | 118 | 2.6 | 299 | 4.0 | 236 | 4.1 | 187 | 3.9 | 118 | 2.2 | 37 | 1.9 |
| \$20,001-\$25,000 | 907 | 2.6 | 122 | 2.3 | 108 | 2.4 | 236 | 3.2 | 167 | 2.9 | 122 | 2.5 | 114 | 2.1 | 38 | 1.9 |
| \$25,001-\$30,000 | 625 | 1.8 | 84 | 1.6 | 61 | 1.3 | 149 | 2.0 | 124 | 2.1 | 79 | 1.6 | 89 | 1.6 | 39 | 2.0 |
| \$30,001-\$35,000 | 410 | 1.2 | 52 | 1.0 | 21 | 0.5 | 102 | 1.4 | 99 | 1.7 | 58 | 1.2 | 53 | 1.0 | 25 | 1.3 |
| \$35,001 and up | 485 | 1.4 | 48 | 0.9 | 58 | 1.3 | 100 | 1.3 | 97 | 1.7 | 81 | 1.7 | 67 | 1.2 | 34 | 1.7 |
| Total | 35,377 | 100.0 | 5,205 | 100.0 | 4,569 | 100.0 | 7,481 | 100.0 | 5,813 | 100.0 | 4,852 | 100.0 | 5,460 | 100.0 | 1,997 | 100.0 |
| Mean | \$3,644 |  | \$3,483 |  | \$2,796 |  | \$4,161 |  | \$4,542 |  | \$3,954 |  | \$2,758 |  | \$3,130 |  |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
SOURCE: NSF/NH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

a Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 21. Postgraduation status of doctorate recipients, by broad field for selected years, 1982-2002

| Year and commitments | All fields | Physical sciences ${ }^{a}$ | Engineering | Life sciences | Social sciences | Humanities | Education | Professional/ other fields |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 31,110 | 4,291 | 2,646 | 5,709 | 5,837 | 3,561 | 7,251 | 1,815 |
| 1987 | 32,370 | 5,030 | 3,712 | 5,754 | 5,790 | 3,500 | 6,454 | 2,130 |
| 1992 | 38,889 | 6,501 | 5,438 | 7,115 | 6,216 | 4,444 | 6,677 | 2,498 |
| 1997 | 42,556 | 6,679 | 6,118 | 8,326 | 7,045 | 5,435 | 6,580 | 2,373 |
| 2002 | 39,955 | 5,715 | 5,073 | 8,350 | 6,611 | 5,373 | 6,488 | 2,345 |
| Total responses to postgraduation status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 28,730 | 4,000 | 2,383 | 5,335 | 5,335 | 3,263 | 6,760 | 1,654 |
| 1987 | 29,285 | 4,545 | 3,256 | 5,310 | 5,160 | 3,155 | 5,958 | 1,901 |
| 1992 | 35,804 | 5,979 | 4,920 | 6,672 | 5,614 | 4,157 | 6,177 | 2,285 |
| 1997 | 37,864 | 6,007 | 5,576 | 7,547 | 6,101 | 4,845 | 5,699 | 2,089 |
| 2002 | 35,860 | 5,262 | 4,620 | 7,608 | 5,925 | 4,922 | 5,501 | 2,022 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definite commitments for employment or study |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 74.6 | 79.3 | 74.2 | 76.5 | 71.6 | 65.8 | 75.0 | 82.8 |
| 1987 | 72.9 | 76.7 | 68.1 | 75.8 | 69.6 | 66.3 | 74.2 | 80.4 |
| 1992 | 69.3 | 68.4 | 60.0 | 74.5 | 68.2 | 61.5 | 75.3 | 76.5 |
| 1997 | 67.4 | 69.5 | 65.3 | 71.2 | 64.6 | 56.3 | 72.9 | 73.1 |
| 2002 | 72.5 | 75.9 | 69.6 | 73.7 | 72.4 | 64.8 | 75.0 | 77.3 |
| Seeking employment or study ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 25.4 | 20.7 | 25.8 | 23.5 | 28.4 | 34.2 | 25.0 | 17.2 |
| 1987 | 27.1 | 23.3 | 31.9 | 24.2 | 30.4 | 33.7 | 25.8 | 19.6 |
| 1992 | 30.7 | 31.6 | 40.0 | 25.5 | 31.8 | 38.5 | 24.7 | 23.5 |
| 1997 | 32.6 | 30.5 | 34.7 | 28.8 | 35.4 | 43.7 | 27.1 | 26.9 |
| 2002 | 27.5 | 24.1 | 30.4 | 26.3 | 27.6 | 35.2 | 25.0 | 22.7 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Percent calculated on those responding to the item on postgraduation status.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 22. Postgraduation status of doctorate recipients, by selected demographic group for selected years, 1982-2002

| Year and status | Total | Sex |  | Citizenship |  |  | U.S. citizens \& permanent residents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Men | Women | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { citizens } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Permanent } \\ \text { visa } \end{gathered}$ | Temporary visa | Asian ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian b | White |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 31,110 | 21,017 | 10,093 | 24,435 | 1,228 | 4,203 | 1,006 | 1,150 | 615 | 77 | 22,177 |
| 1987 | 32,370 | 20,938 | 11,432 | 22,984 | 1,578 | 5,612 | 1,166 | 907 | 708 | 115 | 21,119 |
| 1992 c | 38,889 | 24,234 | 14,436 | 26,009 | 1,980 | 9,953 | 1,754 | 1,109 | 909 | 149 | 23,617 |
| 1997 d | 42,556 | 24,950 | 17,247 | 28,160 | 2,931 | 9,193 | 3,109 | 1,474 | 1,198 | 167 | 23,962 |
| $2002{ }^{\text {e }}$ | 39,955 | 21,760 | 18,124 | 25,936 | 1,646 | 9,707 | 2,108 | 1,731 | 1,364 | 149 | 21,348 |
| Total responses to postgraduation status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 28,730 | 19,363 | 9,367 | 23,637 | 1,164 | 3,869 | 945 | 1,112 | 598 | 74 | 21,670 |
| 1987 | 29,285 | 18,786 | 10,499 | 22,523 | 1,471 | 5,231 | 1,097 | 881 | 690 | 112 | 20,776 |
| 1992 | 35,804 | 22,405 | 13,394 | 24,877 | 1,818 | 9,072 | 1,619 | 1,019 | 843 | 141 | 22,732 |
| 1997 | 37,864 | 22,486 | 15,360 | 26,345 | 2,814 | 8,649 | 2,878 | 1,386 | 1,091 | 156 | 23,006 |
| 2002 | 35,860 | 19,638 | 16,219 | 25,005 | 1,575 | 9,236 | 2,035 | 1,616 | 1,306 | 143 | 20,718 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definite commitments for employment or study ${ }^{\text {f }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 74.6 | 76.7 | 70.3 | 75.6 | 64.9 | 70.9 | 69.2 | 72.8 | 71.9 | 64.9 | 75.7 |
| 1987 | 72.9 | 74.1 | 70.8 | 74.7 | 59.2 | 69.5 | 65.5 | 64.4 | 69.9 | 74.1 | 74.7 |
| 1992 | 69.3 | 68.6 | 70.3 | 73.4 | 56.1 | 60.5 | 60.6 | 69.6 | 68.4 | 70.2 | 73.4 |
| 1997 | 67.4 | 68.0 | 66.6 | 69.7 | 59.1 | 63.2 | 62.9 | 66.6 | 68.4 | 74.4 | 69.6 |
| 2002 | 72.5 | 73.8 | 70.9 | 73.6 | 65.4 | 70.5 | 68.2 | 67.6 | 71.4 | 75.5 | 74.3 |
| Seeking employment or study ${ }^{\text {f }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 25.4 | 23.3 | 29.7 | 24.4 | 35.1 | 29.1 | 30.8 | 27.2 | 28.1 | 35.1 | 24.3 |
| 1987 | 27.1 | 25.9 | 29.2 | 25.3 | 40.8 | 30.5 | 34.5 | 35.6 | 30.1 | 25.9 | 25.3 |
| 1992 | 30.7 | 31.4 | 29.7 | 26.6 | 43.9 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 30.4 | 31.6 | 29.8 | 26.6 |
| 1997 | 32.6 | 32.0 | 33.4 | 30.3 | 40.9 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 33.4 | 31.6 | 25.6 | 30.4 |
| 2002 | 27.5 | 26.2 | 29.1 | 26.4 | 34.6 | 29.5 | 31.8 | 32.4 | 28.6 | 24.5 | 25.7 |

[^21]TABLE 23. Postgraduation plans of doctorate recipients with definite commitments, by broad field for selected years, 1982-2002

| Year and commitments | All fields | Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Engineering | Life sciences | Social sciences | Humanities | Education | Professional/ other fields |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All definite commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 21,429 | 3,173 | 1,768 | 4,080 | 3,820 | 2,146 | 5,072 | 1,370 |
| 1987 | 21,362 | 3,488 | 2,216 | 4,024 | 3,593 | 2,091 | 4,421 | 1,529 |
| 1992 | 24,795 | 4,090 | 2,953 | 4,971 | 3,827 | 2,555 | 4,652 | 1,747 |
| 1997 | 25,533 | 4,172 | 3,643 | 5,370 | 3,940 | 2,728 | 4,153 | 1,527 |
| 2002 | 25,984 | 3,993 | 3,215 | 5,608 | 4,289 | 3,190 | 4,126 | 1,563 |
| Definite commitments with responses to type of plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 21,360 | 3,166 | 1,764 | 4,070 | 3,812 | 2,139 | 5,047 | 1,362 |
| 1987 | 21,198 | 3,478 | 2,201 | 4,010 | 3,568 | 2,066 | 4,355 | 1,520 |
| 1992 | 24,635 | 4,083 | 2,944 | 4,961 | 3,808 | 2,532 | 4,565 | 1,742 |
| 1997 | 24,933 | 4,119 | 3,579 | 5,267 | 3,855 | 2,635 | 3,994 | 1,484 |
| 2002 | 25,883 | 3,981 | 3,206 | 5,595 | 4,273 | 3,176 | 4,104 | 1,548 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 80.2 | 65.7 | 88.5 | 45.0 | 87.8 | 95.1 | 97.5 | 98.6 |
| 1987 | 74.2 | 51.4 | 80.2 | 40.5 | 83.4 | 93.2 | 96.1 | 96.6 |
| 1992 | 72.0 | 49.0 | 77.9 | 37.1 | 82.2 | 93.9 | 96.8 | 97.0 |
| 1997 | 71.6 | 53.3 | 79.3 | 38.7 | 78.6 | 93.1 | 96.3 | 97.0 |
| 2002 | 69.5 | 50.4 | 75.1 | 40.3 | 73.5 | 89.6 | 94.4 | 93.8 |
| Study |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 19.8 | 34.3 | 11.5 | 55.0 | 12.2 | 4.9 | 2.5 | 1.4 |
| 1987 | 25.8 | 48.6 | 19.8 | 59.5 | 16.6 | 6.8 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
| 1992 | 28.0 | 51.0 | 22.1 | 62.9 | 17.8 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| 1997 | 28.4 | 46.7 | 20.7 | 61.3 | 21.4 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| 2002 | 30.5 | 49.6 | 24.9 | 59.7 | 26.5 | 10.4 | 5.6 | 6.2 |

${ }^{2}$ a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 24. Postgraduation plans of doctorate recipients with definite commitments, by demographic group for selected years, 1982-2002

| Year and commitment | Total | Sex |  | Citizenship |  |  | U.S. citizens and permanent residents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male | Female | U.S. citizen | Permanent visa | Temporary visa | Asian ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian b | White |
| All definite commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 21,429 | 14,847 | 6,582 | 17,881 | 755 | 2,744 | 654 | 809 | 430 | 48 | 16,413 |
| 1987 | 21,362 | 13,929 | 7,433 | 16,818 | 871 | 3,633 | 719 | 567 | 482 | 83 | 15,511 |
| 1992 | 24,795 | 15,378 | 9,412 | 18,256 | 1,020 | 5,489 | 981 | 709 | 577 | 99 | 16,692 |
| 1997 | 25,533 | 15,301 | 10,225 | 18,372 | 1,664 | 5,463 | 1,810 | 923 | 746 | 116 | 16,020 |
| 2002 | 25,984 | 14,486 | 11,497 | 18,414 | 1,030 | 6,513 | 1,387 | 1,093 | 932 | 108 | 15,392 |
| Definite commitments with responses to type of plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 21,360 | 14,799 | 6,561 | 17,840 | 751 | 2,722 | 649 | 803 | 429 | 48 | 16,382 |
| 1987 | 21,198 | 13,836 | 7,362 | 16,704 | 865 | 3,591 | 718 | 556 | 477 | 82 | 15,412 |
| 1992 | 24,635 | 15,306 | 9,324 | 18,143 | 999 | 5,463 | 974 | 689 | 565 | 99 | 16,599 |
| 1997 | 24,933 | 14,971 | 9,958 | 17,950 | 1,623 | 5,330 | 1,774 | 885 | 724 | 112 | 15,669 |
| 2002 | 25,883 | 14,427 | 11,455 | 18,358 | 1,028 | 6,472 | 1,384 | 1,087 | 931 | 108 | 15,347 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 80.2 | 79.0 | 82.7 | 80.5 | 79.8 | 78.1 | 73.5 | 94.3 | 86.2 | 72.9 | 79.9 |
| 1987 | 74.2 | 71.9 | 78.7 | 76.4 | 70.2 | 65.2 | 66.2 | 86.3 | 77.6 | 79.3 | 76.3 |
| 1992 | 72.0 | 69.2 | 76.7 | 75.7 | 69.3 | 60.6 | 63.9 | 83.3 | 76.6 | 80.8 | 75.6 |
| 1997 | 71.6 | 69.7 | 74.3 | 75.1 | 66.2 | 61.4 | 63.0 | 81.9 | 77.1 | 88.4 | 75.0 |
| 2002 | 69.5 | 67.1 | 72.5 | 72.5 | 66.9 | 61.3 | 60.9 | 77.1 | 72.9 | 82.4 | 72.8 |
| Study c |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 19.8 | 21.0 | 17.3 | 19.5 | 20.2 | 21.9 | 26.5 | 5.7 | 13.8 | 27.1 | 20.1 |
| 1987 | 25.8 | 28.1 | 21.3 | 23.6 | 29.8 | 34.8 | 33.8 | 13.7 | 22.4 | 20.7 | 23.7 |
| 1992 | 28.0 | 30.8 | 23.3 | 24.3 | 30.7 | 39.4 | 36.1 | 16.7 | 23.4 | 19.2 | 24.4 |
| 1997 | 28.4 | 30.3 | 25.7 | 24.9 | 33.8 | 38.6 | 37.0 | 18.1 | 22.9 | 11.6 | 25.0 |
| 2002 | 30.5 | 32.9 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 33.1 | 38.7 | 39.1 | 22.9 | 27.1 | 17.6 | 27.2 |

a Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2002 per revised OMB guidelines.
b Includes Alaskan Natives.
c Percent based on those with definite commitments
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 25. Employment sector of doctorate recipients with definite postgraduation employment commitments in the United States, by demographic group for selected years, 1982-2002

| Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Sex |  | Citizenship |  |  | U.S. citizens \& permanent residents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male | Female | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { citizen } \end{aligned}$ | Permanent visa | Temporary visa | Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | White |
| All employment commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 15,466 | 10,316 | 5,150 | 14,146 | 541 | 746 | 454 | 745 | 359 | 34 | 12,884 |
| 1987 | 14,144 | 8,635 | 5,509 | 12,586 | 509 | 1,037 | 419 | 472 | 357 | 65 | 11,570 |
| 1992 | 15,632 | 8,910 | 6,719 | 13,448 | 599 | 1,580 | 556 | 563 | 415 | 79 | 12,292 |
| 1997 | 16,018 | 9,081 | 6,933 | 13,180 | 980 | 1,843 | 1,057 | 716 | 533 | 96 | 11,477 |
| 2002 | 16,176 | 8,473 | 7,703 | 13,026 | 642 | 2,495 | 797 | 836 | 664 | 86 | 10,932 |
| Employment commitments with responses to sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 15,338 | 10,241 | 5,097 | 14,058 | 537 | 710 | 450 | 725 | 354 | 33 | 12,823 |
| 1987 | 13,849 | 8,463 | 5,386 | 12,445 | 500 | 893 | 408 | 456 | 351 | 64 | 11,459 |
| 1992 | 15,418 | 8,797 | 6,618 | 13,277 | 586 | 1,550 | 542 | 547 | 409 | 78 | 12,150 |
| 1997 | 15,308 | 8,691 | 6,613 | 12,615 | 921 | 1,760 | 980 | 680 | 499 | 89 | 11,027 |
| 2002 | 16,106 | 8,435 | 7,671 | 12,982 | 637 | 2,475 | 789 | 833 | 661 | 84 | 10,899 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Academe ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 49.4 | 46.0 | 56.3 | 49.6 | 43.9 | 51.1 | 33.8 | 52.8 | 54.5 | 45.5 | 49.6 |
| 1987 | 50.9 | 48.2 | 55.0 | 50.0 | 54.0 | 60.6 | 35.8 | 51.5 | 54.1 | 46.9 | 50.6 |
| 1992 | 52.4 | 48.0 | 58.3 | 52.1 | 55.1 | 54.3 | 39.1 | 54.3 | 59.4 | 56.4 | 52.4 |
| 1997 | 47.9 | 41.4 | 56.4 | 51.3 | 35.4 | 30.2 | 31.3 | 56.9 | 60.5 | 44.9 | 51.0 |
| 2002 | 52.4 | 47.6 | 57.8 | 54.9 | 46.3 | 40.8 | 34.6 | 52.9 | 59.6 | 63.1 | 55.6 |
| Industry/self-employed d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 22.0 | 26.6 | 12.7 | 20.0 | 47.3 | 41.0 | 52.7 | 8.0 | 13.6 | 21.2 | 20.8 |
| 1987 | 20.6 | 25.1 | 13.6 | 19.2 | 35.2 | 32.1 | 48.5 | 9.0 | 13.4 | 18.8 | 19.3 |
| 1992 | 21.2 | 27.2 | 13.1 | 18.4 | 34.8 | 39.7 | 44.8 | 9.7 | 15.9 | 12.8 | 18.4 |
| 1997 | 27.8 | 36.7 | 16.1 | 20.7 | 53.7 | 64.5 | 54.0 | 11.6 | 16.6 | 20.2 | 21.2 |
| 2002 | 24.2 | 32.1 | 15.6 | 17.9 | 40.2 | 53.2 | 50.6 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 9.5 | 17.5 |
| Government ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 18.9 | 19.3 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 8.9 | 28.8 | 22.9 | 27.3 | 18.4 |
| 1987 | 17.7 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 19.3 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 10.8 | 27.9 | 20.5 | 25.0 | 18.7 |
| 1992 | 15.8 | 14.9 | 17.0 | 17.9 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 11.1 | 24.5 | 15.6 | 19.2 | 17.4 |
| 1997 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 5.8 | 8.7 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 6.0 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 10.1 | 8.6 |
| 2002 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 6.3 | 8.5 | 4.9 | 1.8 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 12.2 | 11.1 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 6.1 | 11.2 |
| 1987 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 13.2 | 11.5 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 9.4 | 11.5 |
| 1992 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 11.5 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 11.8 |
| 1997 | 16.8 | 13.0 | 21.7 | 19.3 | 7.3 | 3.8 | 8.7 | 22.8 | 16.0 | 24.7 | 19.2 |
| 2002 | 16.0 | 11.9 | 20.4 | 18.6 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 7.5 | 27.7 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 18.4 |

a Includes doctoral recipients for whom sex is reported.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2002 per revised OMB guidelines.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{\text {d Percent based on those with definite commitments. }}$
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 26. Sources of support for doctorate recipients with postgraduation commitments for postdoctoral study, by selected demographic groups for selected years, 1982-2002

|  |  | Sex |  | Citizenship |  |  | U.S. citizens \& permanent residents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Male | Female | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { citizen } \end{gathered}$ | Permanent visa | Temporary visa | Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Black | Hispanic | American Indian c | White |
| All postgraduate study commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,887 | 2,849 | 1,038 | 3,272 | 127 | 485 | 151 | 36 | 47 | 9 | 3,097 |
| 1987 | 4,671 | 3,350 | 1,321 | 3,476 | 214 | 972 | 209 | 49 | 75 | 14 | 3,261 |
| 1992 | 5,935 | 4,066 | 1,867 | 3,949 | 250 | 1,727 | 292 | 88 | 110 | 15 | 3,642 |
| 1997 | 6,034 | 3,838 | 2,196 | 3,919 | 450 | 1,656 | 550 | 130 | 139 | 10 | 3,447 |
| 2002 | 6,652 | 4,004 | 2,648 | 4,328 | 269 | 2,049 | 435 | 188 | 204 | 14 | 3,621 |
| Postgraduate study commitments with responses to source of support |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,636 | 2,661 | 975 | 3,049 | 122 | 462 | 144 | 34 | 41 | 9 | 2,890 |
| 1987 | 4,405 | 3,164 | 1,241 | 3,270 | 196 | 930 | 192 | 43 | 70 | 13 | 3,071 |
| 1992 | 5,585 | 3,834 | 1,749 | 3,715 | 233 | 1,629 | 272 | 81 | 106 | 12 | 3,427 |
| 1997 | 6,031 | 3,836 | 2,195 | 3,916 | 450 | 1,656 | 550 | 130 | 139 | 10 | 3,445 |
| 2002 | 6,609 | 3,974 | 2,635 | 4,304 | 268 | 2,031 | 433 | 186 | 204 | 14 | 3,601 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Perce |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. government ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 52.4 | 51.8 | 54.1 | 56.1 | 44.3 | 30.3 | 47.9 | 55.9 | 46.3 | 44.4 | 56.4 |
| 1987 | 45.2 | 44.6 | 47.0 | 51.9 | 45.4 | 22.4 | 51.6 | 39.5 | 40.0 | 30.8 | 52.2 |
| 1992 | 39.8 | 38.9 | 41.7 | 48.7 | 38.6 | 19.6 | 36.4 | 34.6 | 44.3 | 41.7 | 49.5 |
| 1997 | 39.3 | 38.2 | 41.2 | 47.0 | 36.2 | 21.7 | 41.8 | 39.2 | 47.5 | 40.0 | 46.7 |
| 2002 | 34.0 | 34.4 | 33.2 | 40.1 | 35.1 | 20.8 | 37.4 | 35.5 | 32.4 | 50.0 | 40.5 |
| College or university ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 17.2 | 18.6 | 13.4 | 14.3 | 23.0 | 35.1 | 16.7 | 17.6 | 26.8 | 33.3 | 14.1 |
| 1987 | 24.6 | 26.4 | 20.0 | 18.6 | 28.6 | 44.9 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 25.7 | 23.1 | 18.7 |
| 1992 | 29.1 | 31.3 | 24.4 | 21.0 | 31.3 | 47.5 | 34.2 | 29.6 | 23.6 | 33.3 | 20.3 |
| 1997 | 30.3 | 32.5 | 26.6 | 23.9 | 33.1 | 44.9 | 30.0 | 31.5 | 25.9 | 40.0 | 23.7 |
| 2002 | 42.2 | 43.3 | 40.5 | 36.5 | 42.5 | 54.2 | 33.7 | 39.2 | 40.7 | 28.6 | 37.1 |
| Private foundation ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 14.4 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 18.8 | 14.7 | 7.3 | 22.2 | 11.5 |
| 1987 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 13.9 | 11.9 | 9.7 | 12.2 | 10.4 | 11.6 | 12.9 | 23.1 | 11.9 |
| 1992 | 10.6 | 9.4 | 13.3 | 11.2 | 13.3 | 8.9 | 12.5 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 25.0 | 11.0 |
| 1997 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 11.2 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 7.2 | 10.0 | 10.7 |
| 2002 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 6.7 |
| Nonprofit, other than private foundation ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 2.6 |
| 1987 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| 1992 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| 1997 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.7 |
| 2002 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 5.7 | 13.4 | 5.6 | 8.8 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 7.9 |
| 1987 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 5.6 | 10.2 | 6.8 | 11.6 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 8.5 |
| 1992 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 11.8 | 8.8 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 11.0 |
| 1997 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 4.9 | 10.8 | 6.4 | 10.0 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 7.3 |
| 2002 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 10.4 | 12.5 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 21.4 | 8.2 |
| Unknown ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 11.5 | 8.7 | 7.6 | 2.9 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 7.4 |
| 1987 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 8.9 | 11.6 | 10.0 | 23.1 | 6.4 |
| 1992 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 7.8 | 6.6 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| 1997 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 10.1 | 8.6 | 11.1 | 8.9 | 10.4 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 0.0 | 8.9 |
| 2002 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 2.7 | 5.4 | 0.0 | 5.1 |

a Includes doctoral recipients for whom sex is reported.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2002 per revised OMB guidelines.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{d}$ Percent based on those with definite commitments
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 27. Postdoctoral location and type of plan of non-U.S. citizen doctorate recipients with definite postgraduation commitments, by broad field and visa status, 2002

| Field of stud | Permanent visa |  |  |  |  | Temporary visa |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of responses | U.S. location |  | Foreign location |  | Number of responses | U.S. location |  | Foreign location |  |
|  |  | Employment percent | Study percent | Employment percent | Study percent |  | Employment percent | Study percent | Employment percent | Study percent |
| All fields | 1,026 | 62.6 | 31.8 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 6,474 | 38.5 | 32.2 | 22.4 | 6.2 |
| Physical sciences a | 190 | 60.5 | 37.4 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 1,559 | 34.4 | 46.2 | 10.1 | 8.9 |
| Physics \& astronomy | 40 | 52.5 | 45.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 355 | 19.7 | 61.1 | 6.5 | 12.7 |
| Chemistry | 62 | 43.5 | 54.8 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 457 | 31.5 | 55.8 | 7.4 | 4.8 |
| Earth, atmospheric, \& marine sciences | 21 | 61.9 | 33.3 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 170 | 29.4 | 42.4 | 15.9 | 11.8 |
| Mathematics | 24 | 75.0 | 20.8 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 322 | 36.0 | 39.4 | 12.4 | 11.8 |
| Computer science | 43 | 83.7 | 16.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 255 | 61.6 | 19.6 | 12.9 | 5.1 |
| Engineering | 165 | 77.6 | 18.2 | 3.6 | 0.6 | 1,695 | 53.0 | 25.0 | 18.1 | 3.7 |
| Life sciences | 278 | 35.6 | 61.5 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1,427 | 16.7 | 55.3 | 20.5 | 7.1 |
| Biological sciences | 210 | 29.0 | 69.0 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 901 | 13.8 | 70.5 | 8.9 | 6.5 |
| Health sciences | 48 | 64.6 | 31.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 224 | 29.0 | 22.8 | 42.0 | 5.8 |
| Agricultural sciences | 20 | 35.0 | 55.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 302 | 16.6 | 34.1 | 39.1 | 9.9 |
| Social sciences | 139 | 69.1 | 20.1 | 9.4 | 0.7 | 717 | 41.6 | 14.2 | 37.4 | 6.0 |
| Psychology | 44 | 50.0 | 40.9 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 105 | 35.2 | 38.1 | 22.9 | 3.8 |
| Anthropology | 8 | 50.0 | 37.5 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 38 | 18.4 | 26.3 | 34.2 | 21.1 |
| Economics | 33 | 81.8 | 6.1 | 12.1 | 0.0 | 347 | 47.3 | 6.6 | 41.2 | 3.2 |
| Political science/international relations | 14 | 78.6 | 7.1 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 65 | 26.2 | 15.4 | 47.7 | 10.8 |
| Sociology | 14 | 78.6 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37 | 45.9 | 10.8 | 32.4 | 10.8 |
| Other social sciences | 26 | 80.8 | 7.7 | 11.5 | 0.0 | 125 | 44.8 | 12.0 | 36.0 | 7.2 |
| Humanities | 131 | 80.9 | 12.2 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 410 | 50.7 | 6.3 | 37.1 | 4.6 |
| History | 18 | 83.3 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 50 | 54.0 | 4.0 | 34.0 | 4.0 |
| English language \& literature | 18 | 66.7 | 27.8 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 35 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 45.7 | 8.6 |
| Foreign language \& literature | 37 | 86.5 | 10.8 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 83 | 68.7 | 9.6 | 16.9 | 3.6 |
| Other humanities | 58 | 81.0 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 1.7 | 242 | 45.0 | 6.2 | 43.4 | 4.5 |
| Education | 63 | 79.4 | 11.1 | 6.3 | 1.6 | 245 | 29.0 | 4.5 | 53.5 | 10.6 |
| Teacher education | 2 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 55.6 | 11.1 |
| Teaching fields | 9 | 66.7 | 11.1 | 22.2 | 0.0 | 54 | 29.6 | 1.9 | 57.4 | 9.3 |
| Other education | 52 | 82.7 | 9.6 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 182 | 28.6 | 5.5 | 52.2 | 11.0 |
| Professional/other fields | 60 | 80.0 | 5.0 | 11.7 | 3.3 | 421 | 58.0 | 3.6 | 34.2 | 3.1 |
| Business \& management | 27 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 264 | 71.2 | 3.0 | 23.5 | 0.8 |
| Communications | 13 | 76.9 | 7.7 | 15.4 | 0.0 | 48 | 43.8 | 4.2 | 43.8 | 6.3 |
| Other professional fields | 20 | 55.0 | 10.0 | 25.0 | 10.0 | 108 | 31.5 | 4.6 | 56.5 | 7.4 |
| Other fields | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

TABLE 28. Postdoctoral location of non-U.S. citizen doctorate recipients with definite postgraduation commitments, by visa status for selected years, 1982-2002

|  | All non-U.S. <br> citizens | Permanent <br> visa | Temporary <br> visa |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All definite commitments |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,499 | 755 | 2,744 |
| 1987 | 4,504 | 871 | 3,633 |
| 1992 | 6,509 | 1,020 | 5,489 |
| 1997 | 7,127 | 1,664 | 5,463 |
| 2002 | 7,543 | 1,030 | 6,513 |
| Definite commitments with response to location |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,499 | 755 | 2,744 |
| 1987 | 4,504 | 871 | 3,633 |
| 1992 | 6,509 | 1,020 | 5,489 |
| 1997 | 7,127 | 1,664 | 5,463 |
| 2002 | 7,500 | 1,026 | 6,474 |
|  |  |  |  |
| U.S. location |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 54.5 | 91.0 | 44.5 |
| 1987 | 63.1 | 86.0 | 57.6 |
| 1992 | 63.8 | 87.5 | 59.4 |
| 1997 | 72.6 | 92.7 | 66.5 |
| 2002 | 74.3 | 94.4 | 71.1 |
| Foreign location |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 45.5 | 9.0 | 55.5 |
| 1987 | 36.9 | 14.0 | 42.4 |
| 1992 | 36.2 | 12.5 | 40.6 |
| 1997 | 27.4 | 7.3 | 33.5 |
| 2002 | 25.7 | 5.6 | 28.9 |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 29. Parental baccalaureate attainment of doctorate recipients by selected demographic characteristics, 2002

|  | Parental education |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Neither <br> with BA | One <br> with BA | Both <br> with BA | Total <br> percent | Total <br> number |
| Demographic characteristics | 36.8 | 23.7 | 39.4 | 100.0 | 35,720 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sex | 37.9 | 23.2 | 38.9 | 100.0 | 19,576 |
| Male | 35.6 | 24.4 | 40.0 | 100.0 | 16,143 |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |
| Race/ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) | 25.5 | 22.1 | 52.4 | 100.0 | 1,328 |
| $\quad$ Asian a | 56.3 | 20.0 | 23.7 | 100.0 | 1,496 |
| Black | 51.2 | 22.7 | 26.1 | 100.0 | 1,178 |
| Hispanic | 56.5 | 17.4 | 26.1 | 100.0 | 138 |
| American Indian b | 32.4 | 24.6 | 43.0 | 100.0 | 20,051 |
| $\quad$ White |  |  |  |  |  |
| Citizenship | 34.5 | 24.0 | 41.5 | 100.0 | 24,888 |
| U.S. citizen | 38.9 | 23.6 | 37.6 | 100.0 | 1,570 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 42.9 | 23.1 | 34.0 | 100.0 | 9,239 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 30. Parental baccalaureate attainment of foreign doctorate recipients, by country of citizenship (top 30 countries, ranked by number of doctorate recipients), 2002

| Rank | Country | Number of doctorate recipients | Total percent | Parental education |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Percent neither with BA | Percent one with BA | Percent both with BA |
| 1. | China, Peoples Republic of a | 2,644 | 100.0 | 47.8 | 19.2 | 33.0 |
| 2. | Korea ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,187 | 100.0 | 41.6 | 28.3 | 30.1 |
| 3. | India | 838 | 100.0 | 13.8 | 26.6 | 59.6 |
| 4. | China, Republic of (Taiwan) | 674 | 100.0 | 54.4 | 28.0 | 17.6 |
| 5. | Canada | 494 | 100.0 | 38.2 | 22.2 | 39.7 |
| 6. | Turkey | 399 | 100.0 | 54.9 | 19.3 | 25.9 |
| 7. | Thailand | 396 | 100.0 | 57.7 | 14.3 | 28.1 |
| 8. | Germany | 255 | 100.0 | 35.9 | 21.4 | 42.7 |
| 9. | Japan | 237 | 100.0 | 36.3 | 30.9 | 32.7 |
| 10. | Russia | 230 | 100.0 | 5.6 | 10.7 | 83.7 |
| 11. | Great Britain, UK | 222 | 100.0 | 40.0 | 24.1 | 35.9 |
| 12. | Mexico | 221 | 100.0 | 43.2 | 31.5 | 25.4 |
| 13. | Brazil | 171 | 100.0 | 31.7 | 30.5 | 37.8 |
| 14. | Italy | 152 | 100.0 | 48.0 | 21.3 | 30.7 |
| 15. | Romania | 149 | 100.0 | 23.6 | 20.1 | 56.3 |
| 16. | France | 121 | 100.0 | 41.5 | 26.3 | 32.2 |
| 17. | Egypt | 114 | 100.0 | 21.0 | 21.9 | 57.1 |
| 18. | Spain | 113 | 100.0 | 44.1 | 28.8 | 27.0 |
| 19. | Saudi Arabia | 103 | 100.0 | 80.9 | 16.0 | 3.2 |
| 20. | Greece | 98 | 100.0 | 42.7 | 20.8 | 36.5 |
| 21. | Argentina | 94 | 100.0 | 35.6 | 30.0 | 34.4 |
| 22. | Yugoslavia | 88 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 23.8 | 44.0 |
| 23. | Indonesia | 76 | 100.0 | 56.0 | 25.3 | 18.7 |
| 24. | Israel | 73 | 100.0 | 34.7 | 23.6 | 41.7 |
| 25. | Venezuela | 71 | 100.0 | 37.1 | 32.9 | 30.0 |
| 26. | Jordan | 68 | 100.0 | 54.8 | 33.9 | 11.3 |
| 27. | Malaysia | 67 | 100.0 | 78.1 | 9.4 | 12.5 |
| 28. | Colombia | 66 | 100.0 | 39.4 | 40.9 | 19.7 |
| 28. | Ukraine | 66 | 100.0 | 1.5 | 7.7 | 90.8 |
| 30. | Iran | 65 | 100.0 | 41.7 | 38.3 | 20.0 |
| a Includes Hong Kong. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: | NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/N | Survey of Ear | octorates |  |  |  |

Table 31. Percentage distribution of doctorate recipients, by broad field of study and parental baccalaureate attainment, 2002

|  |  | Parental education |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Notal | Neither <br> with BA | One <br> with BA |
| Field of study | Both <br> with BA |  |  |  |
| Total | 35,720 | 13,162 | 8,474 | 14,084 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |
| Broad field of study |  |  |  |  |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14.7 | 12.6 | 14.1 | 17.0 |
| Engineering | 12.9 | 12.6 | 13.4 | 12.9 |
| Life sciences | 21.2 | 20.1 | 21.6 | 22.0 |
| Social sciences | 16.5 | 14.7 | 16.9 | 18.0 |
| Humanities | 13.7 | 10.5 | 13.7 | 16.5 |
| Education | 15.3 | 23.0 | 14.4 | 8.8 |
| Professional/other fields | 5.6 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 4.7 |
| Percent total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| a Includes mathematics and computer sciences. |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates. |  |  |  |  |

Table 32. Percentage distribution of U.S. citizen doctorate recipients, by parental baccalaureate attainment and selected undergraduate institution characteristics, 2002

|  |  | Parental education |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Notal | Neither | One |
| with BA | with BA | Both <br> with BA |  |  |
| Attended community college | 9.7 | 14.9 | 10.2 | 5.0 |
| Did not attend community college | 90.3 | 85.1 | 89.8 | 95.0 |
| Total percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total number | 24,888 | 8,582 | 5,969 | 10,337 |
| Baccalaureate Carnegie class |  |  |  |  |
| Doctoral/research-extensive | 51.9 | 42.5 | 52.8 | 59.0 |
| Doctoral/research-intensive | 9.3 | 11.6 | 9.4 | 7.3 |
| Master's college/university | 21.2 | 31.7 | 20.6 | 12.9 |
| Baccalaureate college-liberal arts | 12.8 | 7.6 | 12.2 | 17.5 |
| Baccalaureate college-general | 3.4 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 2.3 |
| Other baccalaureate-granting institutions | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 0.9 |
| Total percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total number | 23,953 | 8,190 | 5,781 | 9,982 |
| Baccalaureate HBCU classification |  |  |  |  |
| (African-American doctorate recipients only) |  |  |  |  |
| Historically Black College/University | 27.7 | 29.1 | 24.7 | 27.0 |
| $\quad$ Non-HBCU college/university | 72.3 | 70.9 | 75.3 | 73.0 |
| Total percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total number | 1,496 | 842 | 299 | 355 |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 33. Percentage distribution of parental baccalaureate attainment, by primary source of support, level of debt, and median time to degree for 2002 doctorate recipients

|  | Parental education |  |  | Total <br> doctorate |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Source of support and debt level | Neither <br> with BA | One <br> with BA | Both <br> with BA | recipients |
| Number | 13,162 | 8,474 | 14,084 | 35,720 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |
| Primary source of support | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Teaching assistantship | 14.9 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 16.8 |
| Research assistantship | 24.2 | 26.6 | 28.8 | 26.6 |
| Grant/fellowship | 17.3 | 20.3 | 27.2 | 21.9 |
| Own resources | 34.4 | 29.4 | 22.2 | 28.4 |
| Other | 9.2 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 6.3 |
| Cumulative debt | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| \$0-\$5,000 | 55.1 | 54.0 | 58.8 | 56.3 |
| \$5,001-\$15,000 | 11.3 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 12.2 |
| \$15,001-\$30,000 | 11.8 | 13.3 | 12.1 | 12.3 |
| \$30,001 or more | 21.8 | 20.7 | 16.0 | 19.2 |
| Registered time-to-degree |  |  |  |  |
| Median in years | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.5 |
| SOURCE. NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA Survey of Earned Doctorates. |  |  |  |  |

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 34. Percentage of doctorate recipients reporting own resources as primary source of support and cumulative debt greater than $\$ 30,000$, by parental baccalaureate attainment and broad field of study, 2002

| Field of study, source of support, and debt | Parental education |  |  | Field of study, source of support, and debt | Parental education |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Neither with BA | One with BA | Both with BA |  | Neither with BA | One with BA | Both with BA |
| All fields |  |  |  | Social sciences |  |  |  |
| Primary source of support Own resources | 34.4 | 29.4 | 22.2 | Primary source of support Own resources | 41.8 | 39.5 | 33.5 |
| Cumulative debt |  |  |  | Cumulative debt |  |  |  |
| \$30,001 or more | 21.8 | 20.7 | 16.0 | \$30,001 or more | 37.3 | 35.5 | 27.1 |
| Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  | Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  |
| Median years | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.3 | Median years | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.5 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | Humanities |  |  |  |
| Primary source of support Own resources | 7.9 | 7.9 | 5.9 | Primary source of support Own resources | 37.4 | 37.0 | 30.4 |
| Cumulative debt |  |  |  | Cumulative debt |  |  |  |
| \$30,001 or more | 12.9 | 12.8 | 7.1 | \$30,001 or more | 27.9 | 25.9 | 20.2 |
| Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  | Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  |
| Median years | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.6 | Median years | 9.4 | 9.0 | 8.5 |
| Engineering |  |  |  | Education |  |  |  |
| Primary source of support Own resources | 8.4 | 10.1 | 7.5 | Primary source of support Own resources | 68.5 | 65.1 | 59.0 |
| Cumulative debt |  |  |  | Cumulative debt |  |  |  |
| \$30,001 or more | 13.3 | 10.9 | 9.6 | \$30,001 or more | 20.5 | 21.3 | 19.3 |
| Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  | Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  |
| Median years | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.4 | Median years | 8.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| Life sciences |  |  |  | Professional/other fields |  |  |  |
| Primary source of support |  |  |  | Primary source of support |  |  |  |
| Own resources | 17.9 | 15.4 | 11.0 | Own resources | 45.5 | 43.0 | 33.5 |
| Cumulative debt |  |  |  | Cumulative debt |  |  |  |
| \$30,001 or more | 18.1 | 15.9 | 11.8 | \$30,001 or more | 26.2 | 22.8 | 21.0 |
| Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  | Registered time-to-degree: |  |  |  |
| Median years | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.9 | Median years | 8.4 | 8.0 | 7.7 |

a Includes mathematics and computer science.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 35. Percentage of U.S. citizen doctorate recipients reporting cumulative debt greater than $\$ 30,000$, by parental baccalaureate attainment, broad field of study, and race/ethnicity, 2002

| Field of study, source of support, and debt | Parental education |  |  | Field of study, source of support, and debt | Parental education |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Neither with BA | One with BA | Both with BA |  | Neither with BA | One with BA | Both with BA |
| All fields |  |  |  | Social sciences |  |  |  |
| Total | 26.3 | 24.7 | 18.7 | Total | 44.6 | 39.8 | 29.6 |
| Asian a | 20.5 | 20.8 | 13.7 | Total | 34.1 | 31.0 | 27.8 |
| Black | 41.1 | 39.8 | 30.5 | Asian a | 57.7 | 50.8 | 37.6 |
| Hispanic | 34.4 | 29.7 | 25.3 | Black | 48.5 | 34.8 | 38.8 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 36.8 | 33.3 | 27.8 | Hispanic | 52.4 | 50.0 | 42.9 |
| White | 23.5 | 23.7 | 18.2 | American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 42.4 | 40.1 | 28.7 |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  | Humanities |  |  |  |
| Total | 18.8 | 15.9 | 9.1 | Total | 31.6 | 30.0 | 22.0 |
| Asian a | 6.6 | 15.4 | 4.9 | Asian a | 33.3 | 14.8 | 20.5 |
| Black | 27.3 | 31.8 | 25.0 | Black | 50.0 | 48.7 | 23.4 |
| Hispanic | 13.3 | 14.3 | 7.7 | Hispanic | 32.7 | 34.0 | 30.5 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 42.9 | 0.0 | 33.3 | American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 45.5 | 100.0 | 62.5 |
| White | 20.2 | 15.8 | 9.0 | White | 29.3 | 28.8 | 22.0 |
| Engineering |  |  |  | Education |  |  |  |
| Total | 12.5 | 12.7 | 9.0 | Total | 20.6 | 22.0 | 19.8 |
| Asian a | 9.7 | 18.2 | 5.9 | Asian a | 28.3 | 41.7 | 29.2 |
| Black | 14.3 | 19.0 | 9.5 | Black | 37.7 | 42.1 | 33.7 |
| Hispanic | 21.2 | 15.8 | 8.8 | Hispanic | 32.8 | 35.1 | 28.9 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 33.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 20.8 | 18.2 | 12.5 |
| White | 11.5 | 11.2 | 9.8 | White | 15.5 | 18.1 | 17.1 |
| Life sciences |  |  |  | Professional/other fields |  |  |  |
| Total | 21.8 | 18.1 | 13.5 | Total | 30.4 | 26.7 | 25.3 |
| Asian a | 18.3 | 16.1 | 10.3 | Asian a | 54.5 | 23.1 | 29.2 |
| Black | 37.9 | 32.4 | 16.7 | Black | 40.5 | 25.0 | 48.1 |
| Hispanic | 27.2 | 14.3 | 23.7 | Hispanic | 48.0 | 63.6 | 25.0 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 25.0 | 40.0 | 0.0 | American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 33.3 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| White | 20.2 | 18.0 | 13.5 | White | 26.8 | 25.5 | 23.8 |

a Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{\text {c I Includes mathematics and computer science }}$
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Table 36. Percent of doctorate recipients who were first-generation college graduates, by broad field of study and selected demographic characteristics, for selected years, 1977-2002

| Field of study and demographic characteristics | 1977 | 1982 | 1987 | 1992 | 1997 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 59.5 | 55.3 | 50.9 | 46.7 | 40.3 | 36.8 |
| Broad field of study |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical sciences a | 55.1 | 49.6 | 43.4 | 42.1 | 34.5 | 31.6 |
| Engineering | 55.2 | 51.8 | 48.0 | 43.8 | 35.8 | 36.0 |
| Life sciences | 58.1 | 51.4 | 46.5 | 43.7 | 38.8 | 34.9 |
| Social sciences | 54.8 | 50.1 | 48.7 | 43.8 | 37.0 | 32.7 |
| Humanities | 51.8 | 48.5 | 45.7 | 39.0 | 34.9 | 28.4 |
| Education | 72.1 | 68.8 | 65.6 | 63.5 | 58.7 | 55.2 |
| Professional/other fields | 63.5 | 60.7 | 54.3 | 50.3 | 46.1 | 42.2 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 61.8 | 57.2 | 52.1 | 48.1 | 41.1 | 37.9 |
| Female | 52.7 | 51.3 | 48.7 | 44.4 | 39.0 | 35.6 |
| Race/ethnicity (U.S. citizens only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian b | 49.5 | 49.3 | 44.2 | 38.2 | 30.1 | 25.5 |
| Black | 77.9 | 72.4 | 71.2 | 68.0 | 61.5 | 56.3 |
| Hispanic | 70.1 | 65.4 | 61.0 | 52.6 | 51.2 | 51.2 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 73.3 | 71.8 | 71.2 | 63.8 | 54.2 | 56.5 |
| White | 58.3 | 52.8 | 47.8 | 42.9 | 36.5 | 32.4 |
| Citizenship |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizen | 59.2 | 53.8 | 48.8 | 43.9 | 37.9 | 34.5 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa | 56.6 | 54.8 | 55.4 | 50.5 | 43.6 | 38.9 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa | 63.4 | 64.9 | 58.7 | 53.5 | 46.5 | 42.9 |
| Attended community college | 73.3 | 68.2 | 65.4 | 61.2 | 55.1 | 53.2 |
| Baccalaureate institutions Carnegie class |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Doctoral/research | 56.7 | 51.4 | 45.3 | 40.6 | 34.0 | 30.6 |
| Master's college/university | 73.2 | 69.4 | 65.8 | 60.6 | 55.3 | 51.1 |
| Baccalaureate college | 49.4 | 43.8 | 39.5 | 34.7 | 29.0 | 25.9 |
| Other | 67.9 | 57.0 | 58.6 | 54.7 | 43.3 | 43.6 |
| Cumulative debt ${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0-\$5,000 | --- | --- | --- | 47.0 | 39.6 | 36.0 |
| \$5,001-\$15,000 | --- | --- | --- | 43.2 | 37.0 | 34.1 |
| \$15,001-\$30,000 | --- | --- | --- | 48.1 | 41.2 | 35.3 |
| \$30,001 or more | --- | --- | --- | 52.3 | 47.9 | 41.7 |
| Registered time-to-degree |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median in years | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 8.0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
d Debt level information was not collected in a consistent way prior to 1992.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

## APPENDICES

## APPENDIX A: The Eight Basic Tables, 2002

Appendix A includes the following eight tables:
A-1 Number of doctorate recipients, by sex and subfield, 2002
A-2 Number of doctorate recipients, by citizenship, race/ethnicity, and subfield, 2002
A-3 Statistical profile of doctorate recipients, by major field, 2002
A-4 Statistical profile of doctorate recipients, by race/ethnicity and citizenship, 2002
A-5 Sources of graduate school support for doctorate recipients, by broad field and sex, 2002

A-6 State of doctoral institution of doctorate recipients, by broad field and sex, 2002
A-7 Institutions granting doctorates, by major field, 2002
A-8 Top 50 doctorate granting institutions, 2002

TABLE A-1 and TABLE A-2: Tables A-1 and A-2 display data for the most recent year by subfield of doctorate. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED). The "general" field categories-e.g., "chemistry, general"-include individuals who either received the doctorate in the general subject area or did not indicate a particular specialty field. The "other" field categories-e.g., "chemistry, other"-include individuals whose specified doctoral discipline was not among the specialty fields listed.

Table A-1 presents data by doctoral specialty and sex. Table A-2 displays doctoral specialty by citizenship and race/ethnicity. For a detailed description of the racial/ethnic variable, see the explanatory note for Table A-4.

TABLE A-3: Table A-3 is composed of three two-page tables. The first table (A-3a) includes data on all research doctorate recipients from the most recent year; the other two tables (A-3b and A-3c) present the same data by sex. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the SED. Terms requiring definition are as follows:

- Percentage with Master's: The percentage of doctorate recipients in a field who received a master's degree in any field before earning the doctorate.
- Median Age at Doctorate: One-half of the respondents received the doctorate at or before this age. A recipient's age is obtained by subtracting the month/year of birth from the month/year of doctorate (see note on next page).
- Median Time Lapse: "Total Time" refers to the total calendar time elapsed between the month/year of baccalaureate and the month/year of doctorate. "Registered Time" refers to the actual time in attendance at colleges and universities between receipt of the baccalaureate and the doctorate.
- Postgraduation Plans: Each year's doctorate recipients provide information on postgraduation employment or study plans in response to items B1 through B9 on the survey form. Since the questionnaire is filled out around the time the doctorate is awarded, a recipient's plans are subject to change. However, comparisons with the longitudinal Survey of Doctorate Recipients (SDR) have shown SED data to be a reasonable indicator of actual employment status in the year following the doctorate, although results vary by sector. (The SDR is a follow-up employment survey of a sample of doctorate recipients in science, engineering, and, until 1995, humanities fields.)

In Table A-3 the postgraduation plans of doctorate recipients are grouped as follows: "Postdoctoral Study Plans" (fellowship, research internship, traineeship, other), "Planned Employment after Doctorate" (educational institution, industry, etc.), and "Postdoctoral Plans Unknown." These categories include recipients who were still negotiating or seeking positions at the time of survey completion, as well as those whose plans were definite. The sum of these lines equals 100 percent for each column, with allowance for rounding. The postdoctoral study row is further subdivided by type of study or appointment (fellowships, research associateships, traineeships, and other study). The percentages in these subdivisions sum to the percent of respondents in the given column who reported plans for postdoctoral study. The employment row is similarly subdivided by type of employer. The percentages for these rows add to percentage of respondents in the given column who planned employment. The category for educational institutions includes elementary and secondary schools as well as colleges and universities, and the category for government includes military service.

The four lines of data beginning with "Definite Postdoctoral Study" distinguish between individuals who had definite postgraduation plans at the time of survey completion (item B1: "Am returning to, or continuing in, predoctoral employment" or "Have signed contract or made definite commitment") and those who were still seeking employment or postdoctoral study (item B1: "Am negotiating with one or more specific organizations," "Am seeking position but have no specific prospects," or "Other"). These four lines, when added to the prior line, "Postdoctoral Plans Unknown," total 100 percent with allowance for rounding. The two lines "Definite Postdoctoral Study" and "Seeking Postdoctoral Study" add to give the percentage for "Postdoctoral Study Plans"; the two lines "Definite Employment" and "Seeking Employment" add to give the percentage for "Planned Employment After Doctorate."

Percentages showing the distribution of doctorate recipients by postdoctoral work activity and region of employment are based only on the number of recipients who had definite employment commitments at the time they completed the questionnaire. These percentages exclude recipients who planned postdoctoral study (as described above) and recipients who were still seeking employment at the time they completed the questionnaire. (Note that the rows on
specific postdoctoral study and employment plans discussed earlier include individuals whose plans were not definite.)

The U.S. regions of employment shown in Table A-3 include the following states and territories:

| New England: | Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, <br> Rhode Island, Vermont |
| :--- | :--- |
| Middle Atlantic: | New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania |
| East North Central: | Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin |
| West North Central: | Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North <br> Dakota, South Dakota |
| South Atlantic: | Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, <br> Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West <br> Virginia |
| East South Central: | Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee |
| West South Central: | Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas |
| Mountain: | Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, <br> Utah, Wyoming |
| Pacific \& Insular: | Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington, American <br> Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, Trust Territory, Virgin Islands |
|  |  |

TABLE A-4: Table A-4 contains data by race/ethnicity and citizenship for selected variables included in Tables A-3 and A-5. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the SED.

The racial/ethnic question has undergone several revisions over the years. In 2001, it was modified to correspond to a standard question format recommended by the Federal Interagency Committee on Education and adopted by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for use in Federally sponsored surveys.

In the section of "Doctoral Program Support" a recipient counts in more than one category if support was received from multiple sources. Because a student counts more than once for sources of support, the vertical percentages sum to more than 100 percent. See the explanatory note on Appendix Table A-5 for further detail. (Data on the primary source of support for doctorate recipients are presented in the body of the report.)

The other sections in Table A-4 correspond to many of those in Appendix Table A-3. The reader is referred to the explanatory note on Table A-3 for additional information.

TABLE A-5: Table A-5 displays data reported in item A11 on financial resources used in support of the respondent's doctoral program, by broad field and sex of recipient. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the SED.

A recipient counts in more than one category in Table A-5 if more than one financial resource was reported. Because a student counts once for each of his/her financial resources, the vertical percentages sum to more than 100 percent. (Data on the primary financial resources for doctorate recipients are presented in the body of the report.)

TABLE A-6: Table A-6 shows, by broad field and sex, the number of persons receiving a research doctorate in the most recent year from institutions in each of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the SED. See Appendix E of the Summary Report for a description of field groupings as reported in this table; see the questionnaire's Specialties List in Appendix D of the Summary Report for the names and codes of the subfields included.

TABLE A-7: Table A-7 displays data by doctorate-granting institution and major field. It includes all institutions in the United States (the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) that awarded research doctoral degrees in the most recent year. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the SED and from departmental designations at institutions.

TABLE A-8: Table A-8 presents the 50 doctorate granting institutions which conferred the greatest number of doctorates in AY 2002. The number of doctorate degrees granted is also shown for each ranked institution.

Appendix Table A-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex and subfield, 2002

| Field of study | Number of doctorates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Men | Women |
| TOTAL ALL FIELDS | 39,955 | 21,760 | 18,124 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENCES | 5,715 | 4,171 | 1,534 |
| MATHEMATICS | 917 | 650 | 264 |
| Applied Mathematics | 225 | 162 | 62 |
| Algebra | 65 | 50 | 15 |
| Analysis \& Functional Analysis | 74 | 54 | 20 |
| Geometry | 52 | 40 | 12 |
| Logic | 14 | 9 | 5 |
| Number Theory | 26 | 21 | 5 |
| Mathematical Statistics | 167 | 105 | 62 |
| Topology | 39 | 29 | 10 |
| Computing Theory \& Practice | 11 | 9 | 2 |
| Operations Research | 19 | 10 | 9 |
| Mathematics, General | 133 | 99 | 32 |
| Mathematics, Other | 92 | 62 | 30 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE | 811 | 640 | 168 |
| Computer Science | 677 | 549 | 125 |
| Information Sciences \& Systems | 79 | 52 | 27 |
| Computer/Info Science, Other | 55 | 39 | 16 |
| PHYSICS \& ASTRONOMY | 1,268 | 1,061 | 206 |
| Astronomy | 54 | 41 | 13 |
| Astrophysics | 90 | 75 | 15 |
| Acoustics | 18 | 17 | 1 |
| Chemical \& Atomic/Molecular | 81 | 70 | 11 |
| Elementary Particles | 156 | 127 | 28 |
| Fluids | 15 | 13 | 2 |
| Nuclear | 74 | 58 | 16 |
| Optics | 107 | 88 | 19 |
| Plasma \& High-Temperature | 29 | 26 | 3 |
| Polymer | 22 | 16 | 6 |
| Solid State \& Low-Temperature | 298 | 250 | 48 |
| Physics, General | 178 | 154 | 24 |
| Physics, Other | 146 | 126 | 20 |
| CHEMISTRY | 1,922 | 1,275 | 646 |
| Analytical | 301 | 187 | 114 |
| Inorganic | 246 | 160 | 86 |
| Nuclear | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| Organic | 523 | 379 | 144 |
| Medicinal/Pharmaceutical | 99 | 60 | 39 |
| Physical | 302 | 200 | 102 |
| Polymer | 101 | 67 | 34 |
| Theoretical | 48 | 31 | 17 |
| Chemistry, General | 207 | 145 | 61 |
| Chemistry, Other | 86 | 40 | 46 |
| EARTH, ATMOS., \& MARINE SCI. | 797 | 545 | 250 |
| Atmospheric Physics \& Chemistry | 39 | 24 | 15 |
| Atmospheric Dynamics | 13 | 10 | 3 |
| Meteorology | 15 | 13 | 2 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, General | 27 | 21 | 6 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, Other | 23 | 18 | 5 |
| Geology | 131 | 101 | 30 |
| Geochemistry | 70 | 48 | 22 |
| Geophysics \& Seismology | 91 | 67 | 24 |
| Paleontology | 22 | 16 | 6 |
| Mineralogy, Petrology | 13 | 9 | 4 |
| Stratigraphy, Sedimentation | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| Geomorphology \& Glacial Geology | 16 | 10 | 6 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., General | 12 | 9 | 3 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., Other | 30 | 16 | 14 |
| Environmental Science | 109 | 68 | 39 |
| Hydrology \& Water Resources | 35 | 25 | 10 |
| Oceanography | 86 | 53 | 33 |
| Marine Sciences | 41 | 24 | 17 |
| Misc. Physical Sciences, Other | 17 | 8 | 9 |


| Field of study | Number of doctorates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Men | Women |
| ENGINEERING | 5,073 | 4,173 | 887 |
| Aerospace, Aeronautic., Astronautic. | 208 | 184 | 24 |
| Agricultural | 50 | 41 | 9 |
| Bioengineering \& Biomedical | 246 | 177 | 69 |
| Ceramic Sciences | 13 | 12 | 1 |
| Chemical | 607 | 457 | 150 |
| Civil | 539 | 442 | 96 |
| Communications | 21 | 17 | 4 |
| Computer | 164 | 148 | 16 |
| Electrical, Electronics | 1,208 | 1,059 | 143 |
| Engineering Mechanics | 56 | 48 | 8 |
| Engineering Physics | 16 | 13 | 3 |
| Engineering Science | 31 | 23 | 8 |
| Environmental Health Engineering | 87 | 63 | 24 |
| Industria/Manufacturing | 229 | 161 | 67 |
| Materials Science | 363 | 286 | 77 |
| Mechanical | 773 | 683 | 88 |
| Metallurgical | 19 | 17 | 1 |
| Mining \& Mineral | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Nuclear | 64 | 51 | 13 |
| Ocean | 23 | 20 | 3 |
| Operations Research | 66 | 53 | 13 |
| Petroleum | 45 | 33 | 10 |
| Polymer/Plastics | 53 | 37 | 16 |
| Systems | 45 | 36 | 9 |
| Engineering, General | 19 | 13 | 6 |
| Engineering, Other | 120 | 91 | 29 |
| LIFE SCIENCES | 8,350 | 4,366 | 3,979 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES | 5,680 | 3,140 | 2,539 |
| Biochemistry | 781 | 488 | 293 |
| Biomedical Sciences | 217 | 108 | 109 |
| Biophysics | 151 | 117 | 34 |
| Biotechnology Research | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| Bacteriology | 12 | 5 | 7 |
| Plant Genetics | 57 | 29 | 28 |
| Plant Pathology | 24 | 9 | 15 |
| Plant Physiology | 43 | 24 | 19 |
| Botany, Other | 84 | 45 | 39 |
| Anatomy | 21 | 13 | 8 |
| Biometrics and Biostatistics | 81 | 35 | 46 |
| Cell Biology | 303 | 142 | 161 |
| Ecology | 311 | 177 | 134 |
| Developmental Biology/Embryology | 94 | 60 | 34 |
| Endocrinology | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| Entomology | 113 | 80 | 33 |
| Biological Immunology | 276 | 130 | 145 |
| Molecular Biology | 617 | 349 | 268 |
| Microbiology | 383 | 205 | 178 |
| Neuroscience | 490 | 288 | 202 |
| Nutritional Sciences | 141 | 34 | 107 |
| Parasitology | 17 | 11 | 6 |
| Toxicology | 122 | 57 | 65 |
| Human \& Animal Genetics | 223 | 115 | 108 |
| Human \& Animal Pathology | 115 | 52 | 63 |
| Human \& Animal Pharmacology | 267 | 153 | 114 |
| Human \& Animal Physiology | 206 | 123 | 83 |
| Zoology, Other | 122 | 76 | 46 |
| Biological Sciences, General | 185 | 89 | 96 |
| Biological Sciences, Other | 197 | 110 | 87 |
| HEALTH SCIENCES | 1,659 | 528 | 1,130 |
| Speech-Lang. Pathology \& Audiology | 100 | 20 | 80 |
| Environmental Health | 51 | 25 | 26 |
| Health Systems/Services Admin. | 55 | 29 | 26 |
| Public Health | 217 | 68 | 149 |
| Epidemiology | 199 | 74 | 125 |
| Exercise Physiology/Sci., Kinesiology | 148 | 85 | 63 |

Appendix Table A-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex and subfield, 2002, continued

|  | Number of doctorates |  |  | Field of study | Number of doctorates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Field of study | Total a | Men | Women |  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Men | Women |
| Nursing | 437 | 23 | 414 | Social | 181 | 75 | 105 |
| Pharmacy | 161 | 85 | 76 | Psychology, General | 150 | 59 | 90 |
| Rehabilitation/Therapeutic Services | 73 | 23 | 50 | Psychology, Other | 152 | 45 | 107 |
| Veterinary Medicine | 56 | 34 | 21 | HUMANITIES | 5,373 | 2,663 | 2,702 |
| Health Sciences, General | 38 | 15 | 23 | HUMANTIES | 5,373 | 2,663 | 2,702 |
| Health Sciences, Other | 124 | 47 | 77 | GENERAL HUMANITIES | 3,612 | 1,955 | 1,652 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES | 1,011 | 698 | 310 | History, American | 421 | 243 | 178 |
| Agricultural Economics | 119 | 86 | 32 | History, Asian | 67 | 39 | 28 |
| Agricultural Business \& Management | 11 | 1 | 3 | History, European | 232 | 142 | 90 |
| Animal Breeding \& Genetics | 14 | 12 | 2 | History/Philosophy of Sci. \& Tech. | 46 | 35 | 11 |
| Animal Nutrition | 49 | 32 | 17 | History, General | 82 | 50 | 31 |
| Dairy Science | 7 | 5 | 2 | History, Other | 182 | 109 | 73 |
| Poultry Science | 10 | 5 | 5 | Classics | 57 | 37 | 20 |
| Fisheries Science \& Management | 53 | 40 | 13 | Comparative Literature | 175 | 69 | 105 |
| Animal Sciences, Other | 70 | 48 | 22 | Linguistics | 195 | 80 | 114 |
| Agronomy \& Crop Science | 73 | 54 | 19 | Speech \& Rhetorical Studies | 137 | 69 | 68 |
| Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 59 | 47 | 12 | Letters, General | 33 | 11 | 22 |
| Plant Pathology | 53 | 31 | 22 | Letters, Other | 81 | 39 | 42 |
| Plant Sciences, Other | 26 | 15 | 11 | American Studies | 97 | 41 | 56 |
| Food Engineering | 7 | 3 | 4 | Archaeology | 27 | 12 | 15 |
| Food Sciences, Other | 129 | 73 | 56 | Art History/Criticism/Conservation | 217 | 53 | 164 |
| Soil Chemistry/Microbiology | 29 | 21 | 8 | Music | 763 | 392 | 369 |
| Soil Sciences, Other | 54 | 37 | 16 | Philosophy | 360 | 269 | 91 |
| Horticulture Science | 46 | 33 | 13 | Religion | 348 | 230 | 118 |
| Forest Biology | 19 | 12 | 7 | Drama/Theater Arts | 92 | 35 | 57 |
| Forest Engineering | 3 | 3 | 0 | LANGUAGE \& LITERATURE | 1,591 | 643 | 945 |
| Forest Management | 14 | 12 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Wood Sci. \& Pulp/Paper Tech. | 29 | 27 | 2 | American Literature | 365 | 162 | 203 |
| Conservation/Renewable Nat. Res. | 27 | 15 | 12 | English Literature | 520 | 195 | 325 |
| Forestry \& Related Sci., Other | 56 | 39 | 16 | English Language | 83 | 40 | 42 |
| Wildlife/Range Management | 37 | 28 | 9 | French | 121 | 43 | 78 |
| Agricultural Sciences, General | 4 | 2 | 2 | German | 68 | 30 | 38 |
| Agricultural Sciences, Other | 23 | 17 | 6 | Italian | 23 | 7 | 16 |
|  |  |  |  | Spanish | 243 | 79 | 162 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES \& PSYCHOLOGY | 6,611 | 2,948 | 3,651 | Russian | 26 | 10 | 16 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES | 3,412 | 1,888 | 1,516 | Slavic | 19 | 8 | 11 |
| Anthropology | 495 | 206 | 289 | Japanese | 15 | 13 5 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| Area Studies | 25 | 11 | 14 | Hebrew | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Criminology | 55 | 26 | 29 | Arabic | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| Demography/Population Studies | 20 | 8 | 12 | Other Language \& Literature | 73 | 39 | 34 |
| Economics | 889 | 637 | 247 |  |  |  |  |
| Econometrics | 14 | 12 | 2 | OTHER HUMANITIES | 170 | 65 | 105 |
| Geography | 197 | 132 | 64 | Humanities, General | 19 | 8 | 11 |
| International Relations/Affairs | 82 | 48 | 34 | Humanities, Other | 151 | 57 | 94 |
| Political Science and Government | 606 | 353 | 252 |  |  |  |  |
| Public Policy Analysis | 146 | 72 | 73 | EDUCATION | 6,488 | 2,188 | 4,288 |
| Sociology | 545 | 212 | 333 | RESEARCH \& ADMINISTRATION | 5,368 | 1,809 | 3,553 |
| Statistics | 54 | 31 | 23 | Curriculum \& Instruction | 987 | 273 | 713 |
| Urban Affairs/Studies | 92 | 57 | 35 | Educational Admin. \& Supervision | 791 | 307 | 483 |
| Social Sciences, General | 33 | 16 | 17 | Educational Leadership | 1,548 | 573 | 975 |
| Social Sciences, Other | 159 | 67 | 92 | Educ./Instruct. Media Design | 171 | 62 | 109 |
| PSYCHOLOGY | 3,199 | 1,060 | 2,135 | Educ. Stat./Research Methods | 67 | 27 | 40 |
|  |  |  |  | Educ. Assess., Test., \& Meas. | 31 | 12 | 19 |
| Clinical | 1,212 | 363 | 847 | Educational Psychology | 301 | 89 | 212 |
| Cognitive \& Psycholinguistics | 121 | 53 | 68 | School Psychology | 169 | 43 | 126 |
| Comparative | 2 | 1 | 1 | Social/Phil. Found. Of Educ. | 126 | 46 | 80 |
| Counseling | 469 | 148 | 321 | Special Education | 213 | 51 | 162 |
| Developmental and Child | 173 | 30 | 143 | Counseling Educ./Couns. \& Guidance | 256 | 75 | 179 |
| Human/Indv. \& Family Development | 137 | 43 | 94 | Higher Educ./Evaluation \& Research | 446 | 172 | 273 |
| Experimental | 112 | 49 | 63 | Pre-elementary/Early Childhood | 50 |  | 41 |
| Educational | 54 | 16 | 38 | Elementary Education | 52 | 11 | 41 |
| Family \& Marriage Counseling | 67 | 32 | 35 | Secondary Education | 22 | 7 | 14 |
| Industrial \& Organizational | 154 | 69 | 85 | Adult \& Continuing Education | 138 | 52 | 86 |
| Personality | 17 | 5 | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Physiological/Psychobiology | 87 | 37 | 50 | TEACHING FIELDS | 684 | 246 | 434 |
| Psychometrics | 9 | 7 | 2 | Agricultural Education | 28 | 13 | 15 |
| Quantitative | 13 | 7 | 6 | Art Education | 30 | 8 | 22 |
| School | 89 | 21 | 68 | Business Education | 12 | 5 | 7 |

Appendix Table A-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex and subfield, 2002, continued

|  | Number of doctorates |  |  | Field of study | Number of doctorates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Field of study | Total a | Men | Women |  | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Men | Women |
| English Education | 53 | 12 | 41 | Mgmt. Info. Sys./Bus. Data Proc. | 89 | 67 | 22 |
| Foreign Languages Education | 41 | 13 | 28 | Marketing Management \& Research | 132 | 77 | 55 |
| Health Education | 38 | 10 | 28 | Operations Research | 36 | 25 | 10 |
| Home Economics Education | 9 | 0 | 8 | Organizational Behavior | 173 | 77 | 94 |
| Technical/Industrial Arts Education | 7 | 5 | 2 | Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., General | 33 | 21 | 12 |
| Mathematics Education | 88 | 32 | 56 | Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., Other | 46 | 29 | 17 |
| Music Education | 80 | 38 | 42 | COMMUNICATIONS | 399 | 165 | 234 |
| Nursing Education | 7 | 0 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| Physical Education and Coaching | 73 | 41 | 31 | Communications Research | 64 | 28 | 36 |
| Reading Education | 66 | 9 | 57 | Mass Communications | 156 | 71 | 85 |
| Science Education | 61 | 22 | 39 | Communications Theory | 43 | 15 | 28 |
| Social Science Education | 10 | 5 | 5 | Communications, General | 70 | 22 | 48 |
| Technical Education | 23 | 11 | 11 | Communications, Other | 66 | 29 | 37 |
| Trade \& Industrial Education | 5 | 4 | 1 | OTHER PROFESSIONAL FIELDS | 801 | 396 | 401 |
| Teacher Ed./Spec. Acad. \& Voc., Other | 53 | 18 | 34 |  |  |  |  |
| OTHER EDUCATION | 436 | 133 | 301 | Architectural/Environmental Design | 67 | 42 | 25 |
|  |  |  |  | Home Economics | 24 | 2 | 22 |
| Education, General | 158 | 44 | 112 | Law | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| Education, Other | 278 | 89 | 189 | Library Science | 32 | 13 | 17 |
| PROFESSIONAL/OTHER FIELDS | 2,345 | 1,251 | 1,083 | Parks/Recreation/Leisure/Fitness | 51 | 29 | 22 |
| PROFSSIONALOTHER FIELDS | 2,345 | 1,251 | 1,083 | Public Administration | 104 | 68 | 35 |
| BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT | 1,095 | 673 | 416 | Social Work | 237 | 67 | 170 |
| Accounting | 110 | 54 | 56 | Theology/Religious Education | 173 | 117 | 55 |
| Banking/Financial Support Services | 76 | 60 | 16 | Professional Fields, General | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| Business Admin. \& Management | 339 | 216 | 121 | Professional Fields, Other | 56 | 24 | 32 |
| Business/Managerial Economics | 38 | 33 | 5 | OTHER FIELDS | 50 | 17 | 32 |

NOTE: Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates.
a Totals include doctorate recipients whose gender was unknown (total is 71).
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA. Survev of Earned Doctorates.

| Field of study | Total doctorate recipients ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Non-U.S. citizens temp. visas | Total | American Indian c | Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Black/ AfricanAmerican | White | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Puerto } \\ & \text { Rican } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Mexican American | Other Hispanic | Other/ unknown race ${ }^{\text {e }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL ALL FIELDS | 39,955 | 9,707 | 27,582 | 149 | 2,108 | 1,731 | 21,348 | 342 | 411 | 611 | 882 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENCES | 5,715 | 2,151 | 3,289 | 12 | 339 | 101 | 2,627 | 31 | 26 | 49 | 104 |
| MATHEMATICS | 917 | 439 | 442 | 3 | 28 | 14 | 369 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 16 |
| Applied Mathematics | 225 | 124 | 98 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 75 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Algebra | 65 | 28 | 36 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 31 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Analysis \& Functional Analysis | 74 | 40 | 34 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Geometry | 52 | 25 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Logic | 14 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number Theory | 26 | 9 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Mathematical Statistics | 167 | 90 | 73 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Topology | 39 | 19 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Computing Theory \& Practice | 11 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operations Research | 19 | 7 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mathematics, General | 133 | 54 | 57 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 47 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Mathematics, Other | 92 | 34 | 54 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE | 811 | 348 | 421 | 2 | 86 | 17 | 291 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 11 |
| Computer Science | 677 | 298 | 350 | 1 | 77 | 11 | 240 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 9 |
| Information Sciences \& Systems | 79 | 33 | 34 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Computer/Info Science, Other | 55 | 17 | 37 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| PHYSICS \& ASTRONOMY | 1,268 | 514 | 695 | 2 | 73 | 20 | 547 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 27 |
| Astronomy | 54 | 10 | 41 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 31 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Astrophysics | 90 | 21 | 68 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Acoustics | 18 | 7 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Chemical \& Atomic/Molecular | 81 | 31 | 50 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 36 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Elementary Particles | 156 | 77 | 74 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 54 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Fluids | 15 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nuclear | 74 | 26 | 48 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 44 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Optics | 107 | 57 | 47 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Plasma \& High-Temperature | 29 | 6 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Polymer | 22 | 12 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Solid State \& Low-Temperature | 298 | 146 | 151 | 0 | 15 | 7 | 115 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 9 |
| Physics, General | 178 | 52 | 85 | 1 | 11 | 2 | 64 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Physics, Other | 146 | 62 | 79 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CHEMISTRY | 1,922 | 595 | 1,227 | 5 | 122 | 44 | 985 | 11 | 7 | 20 | 33 |
| Analytical | 301 | 84 | 214 | 2 | 14 | 7 | 179 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| Inorganic | 246 | 74 | 168 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 147 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Nuclear | 9 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Organic | 523 | 186 | 330 | 1 | 42 | 17 | 256 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 9 |
| Medicinal/Pharmaceutical | 99 | 34 | 62 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Physical | 302 | 88 | 213 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 179 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Polymer | 101 | 53 | 47 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 35 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Theoretical | 48 | 16 | 32 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Chemistry, General | 207 | 35 | 94 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 70 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Chemistry, Other | 86 | 24 | 60 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 43 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| EARTH, ATMOS., \& MARINE SCI. | 797 | 255 | 504 | 0 | 30 | 6 | 435 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 17 |
| Atmospheric Physics \& Chemistry | 39 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Atmospheric Dynamics | 13 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Meteorology | 15 | 4 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, General | 27 | 9 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, Other | 23 | 7 | 15 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Geology | 131 | 35 | 92 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Geochemistry | 70 | 14 | 52 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Geophysics \& Seismology | 91 | 55 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Paleontology | 22 | 7 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mineralogy, Petrology | 13 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stratigraphy, Sedimentation | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Geomorphology \& Glacial Geology | 16 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., General | 12 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., Other | 30 | 12 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Environmental Science | 109 | 32 | 68 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 58 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Hydrology \& Water Resources | 35 | 11 | 22 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Oceanography | 86 | 24 | 56 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 48 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Marine Sciences | 41 | 4 | 34 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 24 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Misc. Physical Sciences, Other | 17 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Field of study | Total doctorate recipients ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Non-U.S. citizens temp. visas | U.S. citizens and non-U.S. with permanent visas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | American Indian c | Asian d | Black/ <br> African- <br> American | White | Puerto Rican | Mexican American | Other Hispanic | Other/ unknown race ${ }^{e}$ |
| ENGINEERING | 5,073 | 2,645 | 2,161 | 7 | 409 | 86 | 1,474 | 26 | 17 | 53 | 89 |
| Aerospace, Aeronautic., Astronautic. | 208 | 106 | 91 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 73 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Agricultural | 50 | 31 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bioengineering \& Biomedical | 246 | 52 | 185 | 1 | 36 | 10 | 129 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Ceramic Sciences | 13 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Chemical | 607 | 266 | 308 | 2 | 63 | 9 | 205 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 13 |
| Civil | 539 | 304 | 204 | 0 | 21 | 13 | 155 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 9 |
| Communications | 21 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Computer | 164 | 111 | 51 | 0 | 12 | 4 | 29 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Electrical \& Electronics | 1,208 | 692 | 453 | 0 | 119 | 11 | 276 | 7 | 3 | 17 | 20 |
| Engineering Mechanics | 56 | 31 | 21 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Engineering Physics | 16 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Engineering Science | 31 | 13 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Environmental Health Engineering | 87 | 45 | 41 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Industrial/Manufacturing | 229 | 133 | 81 | 1 | 10 | 4 | 56 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Materials Science | 363 | 176 | 164 | 1 | 33 | 4 | 115 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Mechanical | 773 | 417 | 322 | 1 | 63 | 16 | 215 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 15 |
| Metallurgical | 19 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mining \& Mineral | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nuclear | 64 | 31 | 31 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Ocean | 23 | 12 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operations Research | 66 | 33 | 29 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Petroleum | 45 | 27 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Polymer/Plastics | 53 | 32 | 18 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Systems | 45 | 17 | 26 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Engineering, General | 19 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Engineering, Other | 120 | 58 | 54 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 41 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| LIFE SCIENCES | 8,350 | 2,079 | 5,747 | 17 | 679 | 206 | 4,463 | 71 | 65 | 92 | 154 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES | 5,680 | 1,286 | 4,102 | 12 | 560 | 122 | 3,114 | 55 | 51 | 72 | 116 |
| Biochemistry | 781 | 212 | 522 | 2 | 83 | 15 | 389 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 16 |
| Biomedical Sciences | 217 | 54 | 149 | 0 | 19 | 9 | 110 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Biophysics | 151 | 39 | 104 | 0 | 17 | 4 | 78 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Biotechnology Research | 13 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bacteriology | 12 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plant Genetics | 57 | 26 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Plant Pathology | 24 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plant Physiology | 43 | 18 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Botany, Other | 84 | 16 | 63 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 53 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Anatomy | 21 | 6 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Biometrics and Biostatistics | 81 | 34 | 36 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cell Biology | 303 | 61 | 230 | 0 | 43 | 7 | 167 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 7 |
| Ecology | 311 | 38 | 262 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 244 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 7 |
| Developmental Biology/Embryology | 94 | 22 | 71 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Endocrinology | 14 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Entomology | 113 | 33 | 71 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Biological Immunology | 276 | 49 | 213 | 0 | 47 | 5 | 147 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Molecular Biology | 617 | 145 | 452 | 0 | 74 | 15 | 327 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 17 |
| Microbiology | 383 | 94 | 267 | 0 | 28 | 9 | 206 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 7 |
| Neuroscience | 490 | 92 | 372 | 3 | 68 | 9 | 259 | 3 | 9 | 9 | 12 |
| Nutritional Sciences | 141 | 47 | 86 | 0 | 13 | 6 | 61 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Parasitology | 17 | 4 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Toxicology | 122 | 27 | 95 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 71 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Human \& Animal Genetics | 223 | 39 | 169 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 136 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 |
| Human \& Animal Pathology | 115 | 23 | 87 | 0 | 16 | 2 | 65 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Human \& Animal Pharmacology | 267 | 56 | 199 | 0 | 25 | 11 | 148 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Human \& Animal Physiology | 206 | 47 | 151 | 0 | 21 | 8 | 110 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| Zoology, Other | 122 | 14 | 99 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 87 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Biological Sciences, General | 185 | 22 | 137 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 99 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Biological Sciences, Other | 197 | 43 | 151 | 4 | 15 | 2 | 117 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| HEALTH SCIENCES | 1,659 | 322 | 1,186 | 3 | 91 | 71 | 963 | 9 | 8 | 15 | 26 |
| Speech-Lang. Pathology \& Audiology | 100 | 9 | 87 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 72 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Environmental Health | 51 | 10 | 29 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Health Systems/Services Admin. | 55 | 8 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 29 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Public Health | 217 | 37 | 161 | 0 | 17 | 12 | 121 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Epidemiology | 199 | 39 | 146 | 1 | 18 | 8 | 110 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| Exercise Physiology/Sci., Kinesiology | 148 | 20 | 117 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 105 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |


|  | U.S. citizens and non-U.S. with permanent visas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Field of study | Total doctorate recipients ${ }^{b}$ | Non-U.S. citizens temp. visas | Total | American Indian c | Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Black/ <br> African- <br> American | White | Puerto <br> Rican | Mexican American | Other Hispanic | Other/ unknown race e |
| Nursing | 437 | 51 | 357 | 2 | 15 | 17 | 313 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| Pharmacy | 161 | 82 | 62 | 0 | 22 | 5 | 31 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Rehabilitation/Therapeutic Services | 73 | 6 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Veterinary Medicine | 56 | 31 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Health Sciences, General | 38 | 7 | 28 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Health Sciences, Other | 124 | 22 | 81 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 69 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES | 1,011 | 471 | 459 | 2 | 28 | 13 | 386 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 12 |
| Agricultural Economics | 119 | 71 | 38 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Agricultural Business \& Management | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Animal Breeding \& Genetics | 14 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Animal Nutrition | 49 | 21 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 24 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Dairy Science | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Poultry Science | 10 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Animal Sciences, Other | 53 | 14 | 37 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Fisheries Science \& Management | 70 | 28 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Agronomy \& Crop Science | 73 | 25 | 27 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 59 | 35 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Plant Pathology | 53 | 23 | 26 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plant Sciences, Other | 26 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Food Engineering | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Food Sciences, Other | 129 | 82 | 38 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 29 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Soil Chemistry/Microbiology | 29 | 10 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Soil Sciences, Other | 54 | 25 | 24 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Horticulture Science | 46 | 19 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Forest Biology | 19 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Forest Engineering | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Forest Management | 14 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Wood Sci. \& Pulp/Paper Tech. | 29 | 19 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Conservation/Renewable Nat. Res. | 27 | 4 | 22 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Forestry \& Related Sci., Other | 56 | 17 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Wildlife/Range Management | 37 | 6 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Agricultural Sciences, General | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agricultural Sciences, Other | 23 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES \& PSYCHOLOGY | 6,611 | 1,022 | 5,129 | 34 | 265 | 333 | 4,024 | 70 | 83 | 151 | 169 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES | 3,412 | 870 | 2,339 | 19 | 146 | 161 | 1,798 | 21 | 32 | 67 | 95 |
| Anthropology | 495 | 65 | 409 | 7 | 14 | 24 | 314 | 4 | 6 | 15 | 25 |
| Area Studies | 25 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Criminology | 55 | 1 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Demography/Population Studies | 20 | 5 | 15 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Economics | 889 | 449 | 381 | 0 | 49 | 12 | 296 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 9 |
| Econometrics | 14 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Geography | 197 | 39 | 132 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 113 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| International Relations/Affairs | 82 | 26 | 51 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Political Science and Government | 606 | 87 | 479 | 2 | 19 | 33 | 383 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 14 |
| Public Policy Analysis | 146 | 19 | 116 | 0 | 8 | 13 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 |
| Sociology | 545 | 64 | 460 | 7 | 25 | 43 | 340 | 3 | 11 | 11 | 20 |
| Statistics | 54 | 32 | 16 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Urban Affairs/Studies | 92 | 32 | 56 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 35 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 8 |
| Social Sciences, General | 33 | 3 | 29 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Social Sciences, Other | 159 | 31 | 125 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 93 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| PSYCHOLOGY | 3,199 | 152 | 2,790 | 15 | 119 | 172 | 2,226 | 49 | 51 | 84 | 74 |
| Clinical | 1,212 | 23 | 1,071 | 5 | 51 | 68 | 850 | 20 | 17 | 36 | 24 |
| Cognitive \& Psycholinguistics | 121 | 18 | 97 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 80 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Comparative | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Counseling | 469 | 14 | 448 | 5 | 21 | 44 | 336 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| Developmental and Child | 173 | 9 | 159 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 124 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 7 |
| Human/Individual \& Family Development | 137 | 17 | 115 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 94 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Experimental | 112 | 12 | 97 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 87 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Educational | 54 | 4 | 37 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 30 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Family \& Marriage Counseling | 67 | 8 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Industrial \& Organizational | 154 | 5 | 144 | 0 | 6 | 9 | 117 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Personality | 17 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Physiological/Psychobiology | 87 | 4 | 81 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 66 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Psychometrics | 9 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Quantitative | 13 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| School | 89 | 1 | 86 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 75 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |


|  |  |  | U.S. citizens and non-U.S. with permanent visas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Field of study | Total doctorate recipients ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Non-U.S. citizens temp. visas | Total | American Indian c | Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | BlackI <br> African- <br> American | White | Puerto Rican | Mexican American | Other Hispanic | Other/ unknown race ${ }^{e}$ |
| Social | 181 | 12 | 153 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 123 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| Psychology, General | 150 | 9 | 82 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 55 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 6 |
| Psychology, Other | 152 | 10 | 134 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 114 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| HUMANITIES | 5,373 | 733 | 4,362 | 22 | 179 | 174 | 3,572 | 55 | 67 | 131 | 162 |
| GENERAL HUMANITIES | 3,612 | 508 | 2,903 | 14 | 125 | 103 | 2,436 | 29 | 38 | 46 | 112 |
| History, American | 421 | 11 | 404 | 1 | 14 | 28 | 348 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| History, Asian | 67 | 20 | 47 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 31 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| History, European | 232 | 16 | 214 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 197 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 12 |
| History/Philosophy of Sci. \& Tech. | 46 | 5 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| History, General | 82 | 6 | 35 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| History, Other | 182 | 25 | 154 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 112 | 5 | 11 | 8 | 6 |
| Classics | 57 | 7 | 49 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Comparative Literature | 175 | 38 | 127 | 0 | 9 | 4 | 96 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 7 |
| Linguistics | 195 | 74 | 109 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 85 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Speech \& Rhetorical Studies | 137 | 10 | 126 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 113 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Letters, General | 33 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Letters, Other | 81 | 10 | 66 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 56 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| American Studies | 97 | 2 | 88 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 65 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Archeology | 27 | 6 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Art History/Criticism/Conservation | 217 | 21 | 186 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 154 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Music | 763 | 164 | 546 | 1 | 33 | 16 | 447 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 27 |
| Philosophy | 360 | 54 | 285 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 254 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 11 |
| Religion | 348 | 34 | 300 | 2 | 20 | 14 | 253 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| Drama/Theater Arts | 92 | 5 | 82 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 72 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| LANGUAGE \& LITERATURE | 1,591 | 198 | 1,327 | 7 | 46 | 59 | 1,038 | 25 | 29 | 80 | 43 |
| American Literature | 365 | 18 | 338 | 3 | 11 | 28 | 270 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 10 |
| English Literature | 520 | 56 | 455 | 2 | 16 | 17 | 390 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 18 |
| English Language | 83 | 5 | 56 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 45 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| French | 121 | 16 | 102 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| German | 68 | 11 | 53 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Italian | 23 | 10 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Spanish | 243 | 45 | 191 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 89 | 17 | 17 | 61 | 2 |
| Russian | 26 | 5 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Slavic | 19 | 4 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chinese | 22 | 6 | 15 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Japanese | 15 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Hebrew | 8 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arabic | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Language \& Literature | 73 | 13 | 51 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 38 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| OTHER HUMANITIES | 170 | 27 | 132 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 98 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 7 |
| Humanities, General | 19 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Humanities, Other | 151 | 24 | 119 | 1 | 8 | 11 | 86 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 7 |
| EDUCATION | 6,488 | 475 | 5,376 | 46 | 138 | 680 | 4,028 | 79 | 140 | 104 | 161 |
| RESEARCH \& ADMINISTRATION | 5,368 | 333 | 4,559 | 41 | 111 | 589 | 3,404 | 70 | 123 | 91 | 130 |
| Curriculum \& Instruction | 987 | 81 | 832 | 5 | 21 | 103 | 621 | 21 | 20 | 14 | 27 |
| Educational Admin. \& Supervision | 791 | 29 | 686 | 10 | 12 | 100 | 499 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 21 |
| Educational Leadership | 1,548 | 27 | 1,360 | 13 | 16 | 219 | 1,002 | 3 | 47 | 32 | 28 |
| Educ./Instruct. Media Design | 171 | 33 | 113 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 95 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Educ. Stat./Research Methods | 67 | 10 | 55 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 36 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Educ. Assess., Test., \& Meas. | 31 | 11 | 17 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Educational Psychology | 301 | 30 | 254 | 0 | 11 | 22 | 191 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 17 |
| School Psychology | 169 | 6 | 145 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 118 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Social/Phil. Found. of Educ. | 126 | 16 | 108 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 73 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 5 |
| Special Education | 213 | 24 | 179 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 146 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Counseling Educ./Couns. \& Guidance | 256 | 12 | 210 | 2 | 5 | 26 | 160 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 7 |
| Higher Educ./Evaluation \& Research | 446 | 31 | 388 | 3 | 12 | 48 | 286 | 5 | 9 | 13 | 12 |
| Pre-elementary/Early Childhood | 50 | 9 | 31 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Elementary Education | 52 | 4 | 44 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Secondary Education | 22 | 1 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Adult \& Continuing Education | 138 | 9 | 117 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 92 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| TEACHING FIELDS | 684 | 105 | 523 | 2 | 21 | 50 | 412 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 17 |
| Agricultural Education | 28 | 6 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Art Education | 30 | 6 | 22 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |


|  |  |  | U.S. citizens and non-U.S. with permanent visas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Field of study | Total doctorate recipients ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Non-U.S. citizens temp. visas | Total | American Indian c | Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Black/ <br> African- <br> American | White | Puerto Rican | Mexican American | Other Hispanic | Other/ unknown race ${ }^{e}$ |
| Business Education | 12 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English Education | 53 | 4 | 46 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Foreign Languages Education | 41 | 25 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Health Education | 38 | 2 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Home Economics Education | 9 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Technical/Industrial Arts Education | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mathematics Education | 88 | 11 | 69 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 53 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Music Education | 80 | 15 | 64 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 53 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Nursing Education | 7 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Physical Education and Coaching | 73 | 5 | 63 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 53 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Reading Education | 66 | 6 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 47 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Science Education | 61 | 3 | 57 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 46 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Social Science Education | 10 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Technical Education | 23 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Trade \& Industrial Education | 5 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Teacher Ed./Spec. Acad. \& Voc., Other | 53 | 8 | 31 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 21 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| OTHER EDUCATION | 436 | 37 | 294 | 3 | 6 | 41 | 212 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 14 |
| Education, General | 158 | 17 | 75 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 55 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| Education, Other | 278 | 20 | 219 | 2 | 5 | 31 | 157 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 9 |
| PROFESSIONAL/OTHER FIELDS | 2,345 | 602 | 1,518 | 11 | 99 | 151 | 1,160 | 10 | 13 | 31 | 43 |
| BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT | 1,095 | 340 | 636 | 4 | 49 | 58 | 483 | 7 | 5 | 11 | 19 |
| Accounting | 110 | 26 | 83 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 68 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Banking/Financial Support Services | 76 | 42 | 30 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Business Admin. \& Management | 339 | 94 | 188 | 1 | 12 | 18 | 144 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Business/Managerial Economics | 38 | 16 | 22 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| International Business | 23 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Mgmt. Info. Sys./Bus. Data Proc. | 89 | 41 | 44 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 31 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Marketing Management \& Research | 132 | 51 | 80 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 59 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Operations Research | 36 | 17 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Organizational Behavior | 173 | 19 | 124 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 97 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., General | 33 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., Other | 46 | 17 | 29 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| COMMUNICATIONS | 399 | 77 | 300 | 0 | 13 | 32 | 229 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 14 |
| Communications Research | 64 | 14 | 42 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Mass Communications | 156 | 35 | 113 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 85 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| Communications Theory | 43 | 3 | 40 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Communications, General | 70 | 14 | 52 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Communications, Other | 66 | 11 | 53 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 39 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| OTHER PROFESSIONAL FIELDS | 801 | 177 | 568 | 7 | 37 | 60 | 436 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 10 |
| Architectural Environmental Design | 67 | 38 | 28 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Home Economics | 24 | 10 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Law | 50 | 26 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Library Science | 32 | 7 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Parks/Recreation/Leisure/Fitness | 51 | 16 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Public Administration | 104 | 11 | 83 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 62 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Social Work | 237 | 15 | 199 | 2 | 7 | 24 | 155 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| Theology/Religious Education | 173 | 39 | 129 | 1 | 20 | 10 | 90 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| Professional Fields, General | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Professional Fields, Other | 56 | 13 | 42 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| OTHER FIELDS | 50 | 8 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

NOTE: Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates. See inside the back cover for a description of fields as reported in this table. Refer also to the explanatory note about this table in front of Appendix A.
a Persons reporting an Hispanic ethnicity, whether singly or in combination with another race/ethnicity, are included in the respondent-selected Hispanic ethnicity category.
b Includes 2,663 individuals who did not report their citizenship at time of doctorate. See the "Important Notice" for discussion of item response rate issues.
c Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{d}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{e}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders, respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity), and respondents with unknown race/ethnicity.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

| Characteristics |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & Z= \\ & \stackrel{H}{E} \\ & \frac{0}{U} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | W <br> 0 <br> O <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 금 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \text { 仓̀ } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 39,955 | 1,268 | 1,922 | 797 | 917 | 811 | 5,715 | 5,073 | 781 | 4,899 | 1,659 | 1,011 | 8,350 | 3,199 | 903 | 1,040 |
| Men | \% | 54.5 | 83.7 | 66.3 | 68.4 | 70.9 | 78.9 | 73.0 | 82.3 | 62.5 | 54.1 | 31.8 | 69.0 | 52.3 | 33.1 | 71.9 | 40.2 |
| Women |  | 45.4 | 16.2 | 33.6 | 31.4 | 28.8 | 20.7 | 26.8 | 17.5 | 37.5 | 45.8 | 68.1 | 30.7 | 47.7 | 66.7 | 27.6 | 59.8 |
| Unknown ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| U.S. citizenship | \% | 64.9 | 49.5 | 59.0 | 58.6 | 44.8 | 44.0 | 52.5 | 37.3 | 61.2 | 67.5 | 67.4 | 41.8 | 63.8 | 85.0 | 37.2 | 79.5 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa |  | 4.1 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 7.9 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 5.5 | 4.0 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa |  | 24.3 | 40.5 | 31.0 | 32.0 | 47.9 | 42.9 | 37.6 | 52.1 | 27.1 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 46.6 | 24.9 | 4.8 | 50.7 | 12.4 |
| Unknown |  | 6.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 4.0 |
| Never married | \% | 26.2 | 38.3 | 34.8 | 25.6 | 40.9 | 31.6 | 34.8 | 31.7 | 34.7 | 30.7 | 19.7 | 21.9 | 27.8 | 26.8 | 32.4 | 26.0 |
| Married |  | 52.1 | 44.2 | 48.9 | 54.8 | 43.7 | 53.9 | 48.5 | 54.3 | 48.9 | 50.4 | 56.5 | 59.7 | 52.6 | 47.9 | 48.6 | 48.3 |
| Separated, divorced |  | 5.4 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 3.4 | 6.8 |
| Marriage-like relationship |  | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 9.2 | 5.8 | 3.3 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 5.9 | 7.3 | 5.5 | 12.2 |
| Widowed |  | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Unknown |  | 10.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 12.8 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 11.8 | 9.9 | 6.4 |
| Median age at doctorate | Yrs | 33.3 | 30.4 | 29.2 | 33.1 | 30.3 | 32.1 | 30.5 | 31.4 | 30.0 | 31.1 | 38.1 | 34.3 | 31.9 | 32.1 | 31.7 | 34.6 |
| Bachelor's in same field as doctorate | \% | 52.4 | 69.8 | 73.5 | 46.3 | 70.0 | 40.8 | 63.7 | 74.1 | 27.9 | 51.9 | 42.2 | 49.0 | 47.4 | 64.1 | 54.9 | 44.8 |
| Percent with masters | \% | 72.6 | 63.8 | 39.2 | 74.4 | 72.5 | 81.8 | 60.9 | 81.1 | 30.1 | 40.2 | 79.3 | 81.7 | 52.0 | 76.1 | 74.0 | 83.5 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 10.2 | 7.8 | 6.5 | 9.9 | 7.6 | 9.4 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 14.2 | 10.7 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 11.3 |
| Registered time |  | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 8.9 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \% | 26.8 | 58.0 | 45.7 | 47.6 | 38.2 | 17.8 | 43.5 | 24.1 | 73.1 | 64.0 | 19.5 | 36.0 | 52.6 | 31.9 | 8.5 | 21.1 |
| Fellowship |  | 53.6 | 37.6 | 52.3 | 43.8 | 58.6 | 20.8 | 45.7 | 32.0 | 65.0 | 61.6 | 65.1 | 33.2 | 59.9 | 75.6 | 51.9 | 63.5 |
| Research assoc. |  | 35.7 | 58.6 | 43.6 | 52.8 | 38.6 | 71.5 | 50.3 | 58.0 | 26.8 | 27.8 | 25.6 | 58.2 | 30.0 | 14.6 | 36.4 | 24.2 |
| Traineeship |  | 3.8 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 6.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| Other study |  | 6.8 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 3.4 | 7.8 | 8.2 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \% | 62.4 | 33.6 | 45.3 | 45.5 | 54.4 | 73.0 | 48.1 | 66.7 | 18.4 | 28.2 | 67.5 | 53.0 | 38.1 | 55.9 | 80.2 | 72.2 |
| Educ. institution ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 36.3 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 16.1 | 33.7 | 31.7 | 17.1 | 13.8 | 5.5 | 10.8 | 39.3 | 25.6 | 17.7 | 24.9 | 44.7 | 51.4 |
| Industry/business |  | 15.4 | 18.8 | 31.9 | 15.6 | 14.9 | 34.4 | 24.4 | 43.9 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 13.1 | 14.7 | 5.6 |
| Government |  | 4.5 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 8.4 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 3.2 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 12.8 | 3.8 |
| Nonprofit |  | 3.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 6.0 |
| Other \& unknown |  | 3.0 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 5.4 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \% | 10.8 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 13.0 | 11.0 | 9.3 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 6.7 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \% | 19.8 | 45.6 | 37.8 | 34.8 | 31.0 | 13.3 | 34.5 | 15.7 | 57.6 | 49.3 | 14.5 | 23.0 | 40.0 | 24.8 | 6.6 | 14.0 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 7.1 | 12.4 | 7.9 | 12.8 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 15.5 | 14.7 | 5.0 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 7.1 | 1.9 | 7.0 |
| Definite employment |  | 45.0 | 22.7 | 33.4 | 32.5 | 41.5 | 54.0 | 35.1 | 47.5 | 12.4 | 18.1 | 54.1 | 36.9 | 27.0 | 39.0 | 65.0 | 47.9 |
| Seeking employment |  | 17.4 | 10.9 | 11.9 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 19.0 | 13.0 | 19.3 | 6.0 | 10.1 | 13.4 | 16.1 | 11.1 | 16.9 | 15.2 | 24.3 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 17,984 | 288 | 641 | 259 | 381 | 438 | 2,007 | 2,408 | 97 | 887 | 897 | 373 | 2,254 | 1,247 | 587 | 498 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 31.9 | 58.4 | 69.4 | 47.8 | 39.5 | 63.3 | 58.0 | 71.2 | 43.3 | 45.5 | 31.9 | 51.3 | 40.9 | 22.3 | 54.6 | 31.0 |
| Teaching |  | 39.6 | 23.4 | 16.5 | 22.5 | 52.1 | 25.2 | 26.9 | 12.2 | 25.6 | 26.6 | 43.4 | 28.2 | 33.6 | 21.7 | 28.1 | 52.6 |
| Administration |  | 13.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 10.0 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 2.1 | 6.7 |
| Prof. services |  | 12.8 | 10.6 | 10.2 | 20.5 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 9.7 | 11.2 | 26.7 | 18.7 | 12.7 | 10.8 | 15.3 | 48.1 | 12.0 | 7.3 |
| Other |  | 2.6 | 5.8 | 1.9 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 33.0 | 25.2 | 16.2 | 29.7 | 45.8 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 17.0 | 23.3 | 31.2 | 37.2 | 30.5 | 33.2 | 27.9 | 34.2 | 47.6 |
| Teaching |  | 19.8 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 18.5 | 15.9 | 25.4 | 14.2 | 16.0 | 7.8 | 14.6 | 18.9 | 24.8 | 17.7 | 20.3 | 35.1 | 24.3 |
| Administration |  | 13.8 | 14.6 | 24.3 | 14.1 | 7.7 | 10.8 | 15.5 | 18.5 | 15.6 | 20.0 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 17.9 | 17.1 | 11.2 | 10.0 |
| Prof. services |  | 12.1 | 11.3 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 10.8 | 14.6 | 8.9 | 10.1 | 16.1 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 7.3 | 6.7 |
| Other |  | 3.4 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 5.6 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| No secondary activity |  | 17.9 | 33.9 | 37.3 | 20.1 | 20.0 | 24.9 | 28.6 | 29.9 | 42.2 | 20.9 | 8.8 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 18.5 | 10.3 | 9.8 |
| Activity(ies) unknown | \% | 3.8 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 3.7 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 3.4 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \% | 6.7 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 3.5 | 9.2 | 5.5 | 8.7 | 7.1 | 16.5 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 9.2 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 14.3 | 15.3 | 18.4 | 13.1 | 20.2 | 19.9 | 17.9 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 15.7 | 14.8 | 7.8 | 13.9 | 16.0 | 10.9 | 16.1 |
| East North Central |  | 13.5 | 9.0 | 13.6 | 7.7 | 12.1 | 9.4 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 13.2 | 11.3 | 7.0 | 11.3 | 14.8 | 9.5 | 14.1 |
| West North Central |  | 6.2 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 5.5 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 7.7 | 9.1 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 7.6 |
| South Atlantic |  | 17.0 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 15.8 | 17.1 | 17.1 | 15.1 | 11.8 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 17.9 | 12.6 | 16.1 | 17.5 | 22.5 | 14.7 |
| East South Central |  | 4.2 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| West South Central |  | 8.4 | 6.3 | 4.4 | 16.6 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 9.4 | 4.3 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 3.2 | 7.2 |
| Mountain |  | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 8.5 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 4.2 |
| Pacific \& Insular |  | 14.5 | 22.9 | 18.7 | 16.2 | 11.3 | 25.1 | 19.0 | 22.5 | 23.7 | 16.1 | 10.6 | 11.5 | 13.5 | 15.3 | 9.4 | 17.3 |
| Foreign |  | 9.6 | 9.0 | 6.2 | 12.4 | 11.0 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 13.7 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 33.0 | 14.1 | 3.5 | 26.6 | 7.0 |
| Region unknown |  | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Physical sciences includes mathematics and computer sciences. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes 71 respondents not reporting gender.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { तoे } \\ & \text { :⿳亠二口阝土 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\infty$ 훚㚃 Ш |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 688 | 781 | 6，611 | 25，749 | 1，030 | 365 | 603 | 623 | 2，752 | 5，373 | 6，488 | 1，095 | 1，200 | 2，345 | 14，206 |
| Men | \％ | 58.3 | 53.8 | 44.6 | 60.8 | 60.0 | 44.4 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 50.9 | 49.6 | 33.7 | 61.5 | 46.8 | 53.3 | 43.0 |
| Women |  | 41.6 | 46.0 | 55.2 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 55.6 | 60.9 | 60.2 | 48.9 | 50.3 | 66.1 | 38.0 | 52.9 | 46.2 | 56.8 |
| Unknown ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| U．S．Citizenship | \％ | 73.4 | 65.8 | 74.1 | 58.7 | 83.9 | 91.2 | 81.3 | 67.9 | 73.8 | 77.0 | 81.2 | 54.4 | 67.3 | 60.4 | 76.2 |
| Non－U．S．，permanent visa |  | 3.6 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.1 |
| Non－U．S．，temporary visa |  | 16.4 | 21.8 | 15.5 | 30.7 | 8.1 | 4.9 | 10.1 | 19.1 | 16.4 | 13.6 | 7.3 | 31.1 | 21.2 | 25.7 | 12.7 |
| Unknown |  | 6.5 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 6.5 | 9.6 | 8.0 |
| Never married | \％ | 29.2 | 23.9 | 27.4 | 30.0 | 26.8 | 24.1 | 25.5 | 28.3 | 26.9 | 26.7 | 13.1 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 19.4 |
| Married |  | 48.7 | 51.9 | 48.6 | 51.0 | 54.0 | 53.7 | 47.3 | 48.6 | 48.5 | 49.8 | 57.6 | 54.6 | 55.8 | 54.3 | 54.1 |
| Separated，divorced |  | 5.7 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 7.9 |
| Marriage－like relationship |  | 6.4 | 6.1 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 11.8 | 9.1 | 10.4 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 5.4 |
| Widowed |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Unknown |  | 9.7 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 3.6 | 9.3 | 6.1 | 10.3 | 8.7 | 15.2 | 16.3 | 9.8 | 14.2 | 12.6 |
| Median age at doctorate | Yrs | 33.9 | 35.7 | 33.0 | 31.7 | 34.7 | 33.8 | 34.3 | 34.7 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 44.2 | 35.7 | 39.0 | 37.2 | 38.3 |
| Bachelor＇s in same field as doctorate | \％ | 54.5 | 20.1 | 53.6 | 57.9 | 56.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 47.5 | 52.4 | 61.2 | 30.6 | 35.0 | 30.5 | 31.9 | 42.4 |
| Percent with masters | \％ | 76.9 | 86.9 | 78.3 | 66.5 | 83.6 | 87.9 | 84.7 | 86.7 | 81.8 | 83.5 | 84.5 | 75.4 | 89.2 | 81.3 | 83.6 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 11.0 | 11.8 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 19.0 | 12.4 | 14.7 | 13.4 | 14.0 |
| Registered time |  | 8.6 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 7.7 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 8.6 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \％ | 13.2 | 14.3 | 23.0 | 37.4 | 13.1 | 11.8 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 9.6 | 6.9 | 7.7 |
| Fellowship |  | 62.6 | 47.3 | 69.8 | 54.3 | 68.9 | 62.8 | 70.2 | 50.8 | 59.4 | 62.0 | 32.3 | 33.3 | 41.7 | 39.1 | 47.9 |
| Research assoc． |  | 22.0 | 34.8 | 19.0 | 37.1 | 11.9 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 16.7 | 13.6 | 33.1 | 42.2 | 33.9 | 36.6 | 24.1 |
| Traineeship |  | 2.2 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 11.5 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 11.8 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 7.8 |
| Other study |  | 13.2 | 10.7 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 16.3 | 23.3 | 17.0 | 26.2 | 17.5 | 18.6 | 22.8 | 20.0 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 20.2 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \％ | 76.2 | 74.9 | 66.1 | 53.2 | 78.3 | 83.0 | 81.8 | 83.9 | 79.9 | 80.5 | 78.2 | 79.5 | 80.0 | 78.5 | 79.1 |
| Educ．institution ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 53.1 | 43.8 | 36.9 | 21.7 | 60.2 | 72.1 | 69.0 | 71.6 | 60.6 | 63.5 | 63.2 | 63.4 | 56.1 | 58.7 | 62.6 |
| Industry／business |  | 7.1 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 20.6 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 10.0 | 7.4 | 8.5 | 5.9 |
| Government |  | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 4.3 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 |
| Nonprofit |  | 3.3 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 1.9 | 8.2 | 5.1 | 4.2 |
| Other \＆unknown |  | 5.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \％ | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 5.2 | 10.4 | 6.3 | 11.0 | 9.5 | 15.6 | 16.4 | 10.4 | 14.7 | 13.2 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \％ | 9.2 | 8.7 | 17.1 | 28.1 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.6 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 4.1 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 9.3 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| Definite employment |  | 52.6 | 57.4 | 47.5 | 38.1 | 52.9 | 53.4 | 52.1 | 56.5 | 52.3 | 52.9 | 59.7 | 66.8 | 59.4 | 61.9 | 57.5 |
| Seeking employment |  | 23.5 | 17.5 | 18.6 | 15.1 | 25.3 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 27.5 | 18.5 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 16.5 | 21.6 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 362 | 448 | 3，142 | 9，811 | 545 | 195 | 314 | 352 | 1，439 | 2，845 | 3，876 | 731 | 713 | 1，452 | 8，173 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \＆D | \％ | 27.5 | 34.5 | 32.1 | 49.1 | 10.0 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 7.0 | 42.0 | 15.0 | 28.4 | 11.4 |
| Teaching |  | 53.5 | 40.1 | 34.1 | 27.1 | 73.8 | 82.7 | 85.4 | 84.4 | 75.1 | 77.7 | 39.2 | 44.2 | 56.9 | 50.6 | 54.6 |
| Administration |  | 9.3 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 41.2 | 6.0 | 13.3 | 9.6 | 23.0 |
| Prof．services |  | 7.1 | 12.6 | 25.0 | 16.3 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 11.3 | 5.8 | 12.3 | 9.0 | 8.7 |
| Other |  | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \＆D | \％ | 50.7 | 42.0 | 36.8 | 29.1 | 58.2 | 51.9 | 56.3 | 65.6 | 48.2 | 53.4 | 24.6 | 38.0 | 46.2 | 42.0 | 37.6 |
| Teaching |  | 25.8 | 23.3 | 24.8 | 18.9 | 12.5 | 9.7 | 7.0 | 9.7 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 23.4 | 44.7 | 20.6 | 32.7 | 21.0 |
| Administration |  | 4.8 | 9.6 | 12.4 | 15.8 | 9.2 | 11.4 | 12.9 | 10.6 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 12.3 | 5.7 | 11.7 | 8.8 | 11.5 |
| Prof．services |  | 6.5 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 11.8 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 3.2 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 18.3 | 6.0 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 12.5 |
| Other |  | 1.4 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| No secondary activity |  | 10.8 | 11.4 | 13.7 | 21.2 | 12.7 | 18.4 | 14.6 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 11.7 | 18.2 | 4.4 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 13.8 |
| Activity（ies）unknown | \％ | 2.5 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \％ | 8.8 | 6.5 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 6.1 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 11.9 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 16.7 | 17.9 | 19.1 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.8 | 12.0 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.9 |
| East North Central |  | 13.5 | 10.9 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 14.1 | 10.3 | 17.5 | 16.2 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 14.7 | 15.4 |
| West North Central |  | 6.9 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 7.3 |
| South Atlantic |  | 23.5 | 23.4 | 19.5 | 15.9 | 15.4 | 15.9 | 15.3 | 17.9 | 14.2 | 15.1 | 20.5 | 20.0 | 16.4 | 18.4 | 18.3 |
| East South Central |  | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 6.4 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.4 |
| West South Central |  | 5.2 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 10.5 | 7.7 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.8 |
| Mountain |  | 3.9 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.4 |
| Pacific \＆Insular |  | 10.5 | 10.9 | 13.3 | 16.8 | 13.2 | 15.4 | 11.8 | 13.1 | 11.6 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| Foreign |  | 11.3 | 12.5 | 10.6 | 11.8 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 6.5 | 10.6 | 8.0 | 4.3 | 10.3 | 13.9 | 12.1 | 7.0 |
| Region unknown |  | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |

[^22]| Characteristics |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z } \\ & \text { EV } \\ & \text { 흥 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ⿹ㅡN <br> 总 <br> U <br> 른 <br> U |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 즌 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \text { 仓̀ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & \text { U } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { O} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 21，760 | 1，061 | 1，275 | 545 | 650 | 640 | 4，171 | 4，173 | 488 | 2，652 | 528 | 698 | 4，366 | 1，060 | 649 | 418 |
| Men as percent of total doctorates | \％ | 54.5 | 83.7 | 66.3 | 68.4 | 70.9 | 78.9 | 73.0 | 82.3 | 62.5 | 54.1 | 31.8 | 69.0 | 52.3 | 33.1 | 71.9 | 40.2 |
| U．S．citizenship | \％ | 58.9 | 49.9 | 58.9 | 52.5 | 44.5 | 43.6 | 51.2 | 36.6 | 61.5 | 66.2 | 59.1 | 39.3 | 60.5 | 83.8 | 37.0 | 77.5 |
| Non－U．S．，permanent visa |  | 4.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 7.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| Non－U．S．，temporary visa |  | 31.0 | 40.4 | 31.0 | 37.4 | 48.8 | 44.7 | 39.1 | 54.1 | 28.5 | 23.9 | 26.1 | 49.3 | 28.7 | 5.6 | 53.6 | 13.6 |
| Unknown |  | 6.1 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 10.0 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 5.2 | 4.1 |
| Never married | \％ | 27.0 | 38.3 | 33.9 | 22.0 | 40.3 | 34.1 | 34.5 | 31.4 | 33.2 | 29.4 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 26.7 | 25.9 | 33.9 | 27.5 |
| Married |  | 54.8 | 44.4 | 48.8 | 60.2 | 44.9 | 53.9 | 49.3 | 55.9 | 50.2 | 52.8 | 59.8 | 63.9 | 55.1 | 51.5 | 50.4 | 49.0 |
| Separated，divorced |  | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 4.1 |
| Marriage－like relationship |  | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 2.9 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 11.2 |
| Widowed |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Unknown |  | 9.6 | 8.1 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 15.3 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 12.7 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| Median age at doctorate | Yrs | 32.8 | 30.6 | 29.4 | 33.7 | 30.4 | 32.1 | 30.7 | 31.6 | 30.3 | 31.3 | 35.2 | 34.5 | 31.9 | 32.6 | 31.9 | 35.0 |
| Bachelor＇s in same field as doctorate | \％ | 54.5 | 70.2 | 72.2 | 47.7 | 69.1 | 41.4 | 63.3 | 75.7 | 30.1 | 49.9 | 29.2 | 51.4 | 45.4 | 62.5 | 58.2 | 42.6 |
| Percent with masters | \％ | 71.7 | 62.8 | 39.3 | 76.3 | 72.3 | 81.6 | 61.7 | 82.1 | 32.2 | 41.6 | 73.1 | 83.4 | 51.0 | 75.1 | 75.8 | 82.3 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 9.7 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 9.4 | 7.9 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 11.7 |
| Registered time |  | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 9.2 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \％ | 29.4 | 58.0 | 47.5 | 46.2 | 39.5 | 19.8 | 44.5 | 24.1 | 74.4 | 65.2 | 21.0 | 37.4 | 56.5 | 29.2 | 7.9 | 19.6 |
| Fellowship |  | 49.9 | 36.6 | 54.0 | 41.3 | 58.0 | 22.0 | 44.9 | 31.0 | 68.0 | 60.0 | 63.1 | 34.1 | 58.6 | 75.2 | 47.1 | 63.4 |
| Research assoc． |  | 39.5 | 59.7 | 42.3 | 55.6 | 38.5 | 69.3 | 51.2 | 58.7 | 24.5 | 27.2 | 23.4 | 57.1 | 29.8 | 16.5 | 43.1 | 22.0 |
| Traineeship |  | 3.8 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 6.5 | 3.9 | 2.4 |
| Other Study |  | 6.8 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 2.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 5.4 | 8.3 | 1.9 | 5.9 | 12.2 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \％ | 60.5 | 33.8 | 42.8 | 45.7 | 52.8 | 71.7 | 46.9 | 67.4 | 17.8 | 26.5 | 63.8 | 51.3 | 34.0 | 58.0 | 83.4 | 72.7 |
| Educ．institution ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 31.5 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 15.4 | 30.3 | 29.4 | 15.8 | 13.2 | 4.1 | 10.6 | 35.6 | 25.1 | 15.2 | 25.3 | 46.7 | 51.4 |
| Industry／business |  | 19.2 | 19.9 | 31.8 | 16.9 | 16.2 | 36.4 | 25.1 | 45.0 | 12.3 | 10.2 | 14.8 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 6.7 |
| Government |  | 5.0 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 8.8 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 0.8 | 3.5 | 8.1 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 7.8 | 13.6 | 3.1 |
| Nonprofit |  | 2.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 6.6 | 3.4 | 6.2 |
| Other \＆unknown |  | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 3.9 | 5.3 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \％ | 10.1 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 15.2 | 11.3 | 9.5 | 12.7 | 8.8 | 7.7 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \％ | 21.8 | 45.6 | 39.5 | 33.2 | 31.7 | 15.0 | 35.3 | 15.8 | 60.2 | 51.8 | 15.3 | 22.8 | 43.7 | 22.7 | 6.5 | 13.2 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 7.6 | 12.3 | 7.9 | 13.0 | 7.8 | 4.8 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 14.1 | 13.5 | 5.7 | 14.6 | 12.8 | 6.5 | 1.4 | 6.5 |
| Definite employment |  | 44.5 | 23.4 | 32.9 | 33.6 | 39.5 | 54.2 | 34.9 | 48.0 | 11.9 | 17.9 | 53.2 | 37.5 | 24.7 | 44.6 | 68.1 | 46.4 |
| Seeking employment |  | 16.0 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 12.1 | 13.2 | 17.5 | 12.0 | 19.4 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 10.6 | 13.8 | 9.4 | 13.4 | 15.3 | 26.3 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 9，682 | 248 | 419 | 183 | 257 | 347 | 1，454 | 2，005 | 58 | 476 | 281 | 262 | 1，077 | 473 | 442 | 194 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \＆D | \％ | 39.7 | 59.8 | 73.5 | 52.3 | 42.4 | 66.4 | 61.3 | 72.4 | 54.5 | 47.8 | 38.5 | 51.0 | 46.5 | 23.1 | 55.3 | 30.6 |
| Teaching |  | 35.1 | 21.4 | 14.0 | 19.0 | 48.2 | 21.1 | 23.6 | 11.5 | 16.4 | 25.6 | 37.7 | 28.0 | 28.9 | 21.4 | 27.2 | 53.8 |
| Administration |  | 10.6 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 2.6 | 3.8 |
| Prof．services |  | 11.8 | 11.5 | 9.5 | 18.4 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 27.3 | 18.3 | 12.8 | 10.7 | 15.5 | 48.0 | 12.1 | 9.1 |
| Other |  | 2.8 | 6.0 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \＆D | \％ | 31.1 | 23.9 | 13.5 | 28.2 | 41.6 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 30.7 | 34.7 | 32.1 | 31.3 | 26.7 | 33.5 | 45.7 |
| Teaching |  | 20.5 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 23.0 | 16.3 | 25.9 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 9.1 | 16.5 | 24.9 | 25.1 | 20.4 | 22.2 | 36.3 | 23.7 |
| Administration |  | 14.8 | 15.4 | 27.0 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 12.8 | 16.6 | 19.6 | 20.0 | 18.1 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 17.5 | 18.1 | 11.6 | 11.8 |
| Prof．services |  | 11.7 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 12.1 | 10.6 | 8.6 | 11.0 | 15.1 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 6.5 | 7.5 |
| Other |  | 3.4 | 7.7 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.1 |
| No secondary activity |  | 18.4 | 34.6 | 36.5 | 20.7 | 20.4 | 24.7 | 28.5 | 29.1 | 43.6 | 19.2 | 7.5 | 11.1 | 15.5 | 17.2 | 10.0 | 10.2 |
| Activity（ies）unknown | \％ | 4.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 4.1 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \％ | 6.8 | 10.1 | 14.3 | 2.7 | 7.8 | 5.8 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 15.5 | 10.3 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 7.3 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 11.3 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 13.7 | 14.9 | 17.2 | 12.6 | 23.7 | 19.3 | 17.9 | 12.9 | 17.2 | 13.2 | 15.7 | 7.3 | 12.6 | 14.8 | 11.3 | 14.9 |
| East North Central |  | 12.5 | 8.9 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 11.3 | 6.9 | 14.5 | 10.3 | 6.9 | 11.1 | 14.4 | 9.0 | 11.9 |
| West North Central |  | 5.9 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 2.7 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 7.1 | 11.1 | 6.4 | 8.9 | 4.3 | 8.2 |
| South Atlantic |  | 15.9 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 14.2 | 16.3 | 16.1 | 14.3 | 11.7 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 18.5 | 12.2 | 14.4 | 17.3 | 21.9 | 17.0 |
| East South Central |  | 4.0 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| West South Central |  | 8.2 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 18.0 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 9.9 | 3.6 | 6.7 |
| Mountain |  | 5.0 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 0.7 | 3.1 |
| Pacific \＆Insular |  | 15.5 | 24.2 | 17.7 | 16.4 | 13.2 | 25.9 | 19.8 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 17.6 | 13.2 | 9.2 | 14.7 | 12.7 | 9.3 | 16.0 |
| Foreign |  | 12.0 | 9.3 | 6.0 | 13.1 | 10.9 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 14.2 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 11.7 | 35.5 | 17.5 | 5.1 | 29.4 | 7.2 |
| Region Unknown |  | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.0 |

a Physical sciences includes mathematics and computer sciences．
b Includes 2－year，4－year，and foreign colleges and universities，medical schools，and elementary／secondary schools．
c Includes only recipients with definite employment plans．
SOURCE：NSF／NIH／USED／NEH／USDA／NASA，Survey of Earned Doctorates．

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{T} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 401 | 420 | 2,948 | 15,658 | 618 | 162 | 235 | 246 | 1,402 | 2,663 | 2,188 | 673 | 561 | 1,251 | 6,102 |
| Men as percent of total doctorates | \% | 58.3 | 53.8 | 44.6 | 60.8 | 60.0 | 44.4 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 50.9 | 49.6 | 33.7 | 61.5 | 46.8 | 53.3 | 43.0 |
| U.S. citizenship | \% | 70.3 | 59.0 | 67.2 | 52.9 | 85.8 | 91.4 | 82.6 | 69.9 | 74.3 | 78.3 | 80.3 | 51.6 | 61.9 | 55.9 | 74.4 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa |  | 3.2 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 3.4 | 8.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 3.1 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa |  | 19.2 | 27.6 | 22.3 | 37.1 | 7.3 | 4.9 | 8.9 | 19.5 | 15.9 | 13.0 | 8.8 | 36.7 | 25.3 | 31.7 | 15.3 |
| Unknown |  | 7.2 | 8.6 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 7.2 |
| Never married | \% | 25.9 | 21.4 | 27.3 | 30.1 | 27.0 | 21.0 | 22.6 | 27.6 | 24.7 | 25.1 | 11.7 | 20.2 | 17.6 | 18.8 | 19.0 |
| Married |  | 52.9 | 57.4 | 51.9 | 53.2 | 57.0 | 52.5 | 48.9 | 52.0 | 53.4 | 53.6 | 64.2 | 61.8 | 61.3 | 61.1 | 58.9 |
| Separated, divorced |  | 4.7 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 6.8 | 8.1 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 5.2 |
| Marriage-like relationship |  | 6.0 | 4.0 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 14.8 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 5.0 |
| Widowed |  | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Unknown |  | 10.5 | 11.7 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 4.3 | 11.5 | 4.5 | 9.8 | 8.5 | 14.8 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| Median age at doctorate | Yrs | 34.2 | 35.7 | 33.4 | 31.7 | 35.0 | 33.9 | 35.0 | 35.4 | 35.1 | 35.0 | 42.8 | 35.5 | 38.8 | 36.8 | 37.4 |
| Bachelor's in same field as doctorate | \% | 54.9 | 21.9 | 51.9 | 59.5 | 59.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 41.1 | 53.2 | 60.5 | 24.5 | 33.9 | 28.7 | 31.1 | 41.5 |
| Percent with masters | \% | 76.6 | 86.0 | 78.0 | 67.2 | 85.0 | 85.8 | 83.4 | 84.6 | 79.7 | 82.1 | 85.3 | 79.2 | 87.5 | 82.0 | 83.2 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 11.0 | 11.9 | 10.1 | 8.7 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 17.9 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 13.1 | 13.3 |
| Registered time |  | 8.6 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 8.6 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \% | 14.2 | 13.8 | 18.9 | 37.6 | 12.9 | 12.3 | 7.7 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 6.6 | 4.8 | 9.4 | 6.8 | 8.4 |
| Fellowship |  | 59.6 | 44.8 | 66.1 | 50.3 | 61.3 | 60.0 | 77.8 | 42.9 | 54.7 | 57.2 | 30.3 | 28.1 | 41.5 | 36.5 | 46.2 |
| Research assoc. |  | 26.3 | 31.0 | 22.2 | 40.8 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 17.9 | 16.8 | 14.8 | 36.6 | 46.9 | 35.8 | 40.0 | 25.1 |
| Traineeship |  | 1.8 | 12.1 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 9.5 | 6.7 | 14.5 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 9.0 |
| Other Study |  | 12.3 | 12.1 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 20.0 | 40.0 | 5.6 | 32.1 | 19.0 | 21.2 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 15.1 | 16.5 | 19.7 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \% | 75.3 | 74.8 | 70.4 | 53.2 | 78.5 | 81.5 | 80.4 | 82.1 | 79.4 | 79.6 | 78.0 | 82.5 | 78.3 | 79.8 | 79.1 |
| Educ. institution ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 52.4 | 43.1 | 39.9 | 19.5 | 61.0 | 73.5 | 69.8 | 70.7 | 61.5 | 63.7 | 62.8 | 65.2 | 53.5 | 59.4 | 62.5 |
| Industry/business |  | 8.0 | 12.1 | 13.0 | 24.3 | 5.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 11.3 | 7.3 | 9.4 | 6.2 |
| Government |  | 7.7 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 3.3 |
| Nonprofit |  | 1.7 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 10.0 | 5.4 | 4.4 |
| Other \& unknown |  | 5.5 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \% | 10.5 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 6.2 | 11.9 | 6.5 | 10.8 | 9.7 | 15.4 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 12.5 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \% | 10.0 | 8.6 | 14.0 | 28.4 | 8.3 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.8 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 4.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 9.2 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 1.7 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 3.6 |
| Definite employment |  | 50.4 | 57.9 | 52.7 | 38.9 | 52.9 | 46.9 | 51.1 | 55.7 | 54.2 | 53.3 | 61.9 | 70.9 | 60.1 | 65.3 | 58.9 |
| Seeking employment |  | 24.9 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 14.3 | 25.6 | 34.6 | 29.4 | 26.4 | 25.2 | 26.3 | 16.0 | 11.6 | 18.2 | 14.5 | 20.2 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate d |  | 202 | 243 | 1,554 | 6,090 | 327 | 76 | 120 | 137 | 760 | 1,420 | 1,355 | 477 | 337 | 817 | 3,592 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 27.4 | 34.1 | 35.6 | 55.8 | 9.4 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 5.9 | 45.1 | 11.4 | 30.8 | 12.6 |
| Teaching |  | 54.8 | 39.7 | 34.3 | 23.3 | 73.3 | 87.5 | 88.9 | 83.7 | 74.7 | 77.2 | 36.3 | 40.3 | 58.3 | 47.9 | 55.1 |
| Administration |  | 8.1 | 12.5 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 6.2 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 47.0 | 6.3 | 16.2 | 10.5 | 21.9 |
| Prof. services |  | 6.6 | 11.2 | 21.7 | 14.2 | 6.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 7.5 | 6.2 | 9.2 | 5.5 | 11.4 | 8.1 | 7.7 |
| Other |  | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 49.7 | 41.8 | 36.4 | 26.0 | 57.0 | 48.6 | 61.5 | 68.9 | 48.4 | 53.5 | 25.4 | 35.2 | 45.6 | 39.6 | 39.7 |
| Teaching |  | 22.8 | 24.1 | 26.8 | 19.4 | 12.7 | 6.9 | 5.1 | 8.9 | 14.4 | 12.3 | 25.0 | 47.7 | 18.3 | 35.3 | 22.3 |
| Administration |  | 7.1 | 9.5 | 12.7 | 16.7 | 10.4 | 16.7 | 14.5 | 11.9 | 13.8 | 13.1 | 11.6 | 5.7 | 14.4 | 9.3 | 11.6 |
| Prof. services |  | 6.1 | 12.9 | 9.3 | 12.2 | 5.5 | 9.7 | 6.0 | 0.7 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 17.6 | 6.1 | 10.2 | 7.8 | 10.9 |
| Other |  | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 3.5 |
| No secondary activity |  | 12.2 | 9.5 | 12.4 | 22.3 | 13.0 | 16.7 | 12.0 | 7.4 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 17.2 | 3.9 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 11.9 |
| Activity(ies) unknown | \% | 2.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \% | 9.4 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 6.7 | 2.9 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.6 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 9.4 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 14.0 | 15.6 | 18.4 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 13.4 | 14.8 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 13.3 |
| East North Central |  | 12.4 | 10.3 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 14.7 | 11.8 | 15.8 | 17.5 | 15.4 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 14.3 | 13.1 | 13.8 | 15.0 |
| West North Central |  | 8.4 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 9.2 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 7.4 |
| South Atlantic |  | 24.3 | 23.0 | 20.4 | 15.0 | 14.1 | 17.1 | 14.2 | 17.5 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 18.7 | 21.2 | 17.2 | 19.6 | 17.4 |
| East South Central |  | 4.0 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 9.2 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| West South Central |  | 5.9 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 10.1 | 5.3 | 10.0 | 5.8 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Mountain |  | 3.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 5.3 |
| Pacific \& Insular |  | 7.9 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 17.6 | 14.1 | 15.8 | 12.5 | 15.3 | 11.8 | 13.0 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.0 |
| Foreign |  | 13.9 | 16.9 | 15.3 | 13.7 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 8.8 | 11.4 | 9.1 | 5.7 | 11.1 | 18.4 | 14.1 | 8.9 |
| Region Unknown |  | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |


| Characteristics |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & Z \\ & \stackrel{Z}{E} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{U} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{U} \\ & \underset{U}{u} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{U} \\ & \underset{U}{u} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 긍 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \frac{\grave{N}}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { 을 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 18,124 | 206 | 646 | 250 | 264 | 168 | 1,534 | 887 | 293 | 2,246 | 1,130 | 310 | 3,979 | 2,135 | 249 | 622 |
| Women as percent of total doctorates | \% | 45.4 | 16.2 | 33.6 | 31.4 | 28.8 | 20.7 | 26.8 | 17.5 | 37.5 | 45.8 | 68.1 | 30.7 | 47.7 | 66.7 | 27.6 | 59.8 |
| U.S. citizenship | \% | 72.4 | 48.1 | 59.4 | 72.4 | 46.2 | 46.4 | 56.3 | 41.0 | 60.8 | 69.1 | 71.3 | 47.7 | 67.5 | 85.8 | 38.6 | 80.9 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa |  | 4.3 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 11.3 | 6.1 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 2.1 | 9.2 | 3.5 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa |  | 16.4 | 40.8 | 31.0 | 20.4 | 45.8 | 36.9 | 33.8 | 43.4 | 24.9 | 19.6 | 16.3 | 41.0 | 20.7 | 4.4 | 44.2 | 11.6 |
| Unknown |  | 7.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 5.8 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 4.0 |
| Never married | \% | 25.4 | 38.8 | 36.5 | 33.6 | 42.8 | 22.6 | 35.9 | 33.5 | 37.2 | 32.2 | 21.0 | 28.1 | 29.1 | 27.3 | 29.3 | 24.9 |
| Married |  | 49.1 | 43.2 | 49.1 | 43.6 | 41.3 | 54.8 | 46.7 | 47.5 | 46.8 | 47.7 | 55.0 | 51.0 | 50.0 | 46.2 | 45.0 | 47.7 |
| Separated, divorced |  | 7.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 8.7 |
| Marriage-like relationship |  | 6.5 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 13.2 | 8.3 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 3.6 | 5.8 | 7.8 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 12.9 |
| Widowed |  | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Unknown |  | 10.7 | 8.7 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 13.7 | 6.9 | 10.8 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 11.6 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 13.7 | 5.5 |
| Median age at doctoral | Yrs | 34.1 | 29.7 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 30.2 | 31.8 | 29.8 | 30.7 | 29.7 | 30.8 | 40.8 | 33.7 | 32.0 | 31.8 | 31.3 | 34.5 |
| Bachelor's in same field as doctorate | \% | 50.1 | 68.0 | 76.2 | 43.6 | 73.1 | 39.3 | 65.2 | 67.3 | 24.2 | 54.3 | 48.3 | 43.9 | 49.6 | 65.1 | 47.4 | 46.3 |
| Percent with masters | \% | 73.8 | 69.4 | 39.0 | 70.8 | 73.9 | 83.3 | 59.1 | 77.3 | 26.6 | 38.6 | 82.2 | 78.7 | 53.2 | 76.7 | 70.7 | 84.2 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 11.0 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 9.7 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 16.0 | 10.1 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 11.1 |
| Registered time |  | 7.7 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 8.7 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \% | 23.9 | 58.3 | 42.4 | 50.8 | 35.2 | 10.1 | 41.1 | 24.9 | 71.0 | 62.6 | 18.8 | 33.2 | 48.5 | 33.3 | 10.4 | 22.0 |
| Fellowship |  | 59.0 | 42.5 | 48.5 | 48.8 | 60.2 | 11.8 | 48.2 | 36.7 | 59.6 | 63.5 | 66.2 | 31.1 | 61.6 | 75.8 | 61.5 | 63.5 |
| Research assoc. |  | 30.2 | 53.3 | 46.4 | 47.2 | 38.7 | 88.2 | 47.9 | 54.8 | 30.8 | 28.4 | 26.8 | 61.2 | 30.2 | 13.8 | 23.1 | 25.5 |
| Traineeship |  | 3.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 6.3 | 3.8 | 5.1 |
| Other study |  | 6.9 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 11.5 | 5.8 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \% | 64.9 | 32.5 | 50.2 | 45.6 | 59.1 | 78.6 | 51.7 | 64.5 | 19.5 | 30.2 | 69.3 | 57.1 | 42.6 | 54.9 | 73.5 | 71.9 |
| Educ. institution d |  | 42.1 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 17.6 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 20.8 | 16.5 | 7.8 | 11.0 | 41.1 | 26.8 | 20.6 | 24.7 | 40.6 | 51.4 |
| Industry/business |  | 10.8 | 13.1 | 32.2 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 27.4 | 22.5 | 39.5 | 10.6 | 11.7 | 9.0 | 15.8 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 4.8 |
| Government |  | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 11.2 | 4.3 |
| Nonprofit |  | 4.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 5.2 | 0.8 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 7.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 7.9 | 3.6 | 5.8 |
| Other \& unknown |  | 3.9 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 5.5 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \% | 11.2 | 9.2 | 7.4 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 11.3 | 7.2 | 10.6 | 9.6 | 7.2 | 11.9 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 11.8 | 16.1 | 6.1 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \% | 17.4 | 45.6 | 34.5 | 38.4 | 29.5 | 7.1 | 32.8 | 15.8 | 53.2 | 46.5 | 14.2 | 23.9 | 36.0 | 25.9 | 7.2 | 14.6 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 6.5 | 12.6 | 7.9 | 12.4 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 17.7 | 16.1 | 4.7 | 9.4 | 12.4 | 7.4 | 3.2 | 7.4 |
| Definite employment |  | 46 | 19 | 34 | 30 | 47 | 54 | 36 | 45 | 13 | 18 | 55 | 36 | 30 | 36 | 58 | 49 |
| Seeking employment |  | 19.1 | 13.1 | 15.8 | 15.2 | 12.1 | 24.4 | 15.6 | 19.1 | 6.1 | 11.9 | 14.8 | 21.3 | 13.0 | 18.6 | 15.3 | 23.0 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 8,301 | 40 | 222 | 76 | 124 | 91 | 553 | 403 | 39 | 411 | 616 | 111 | 1,177 | 774 | 145 | 304 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 22.9 | 50.0 | 61.8 | 37.3 | 33.3 | 51.7 | 49.5 | 65.4 | 25.7 | 42.9 | 29.0 | 51.9 | 35.9 | 21.7 | 52.4 | 31.2 |
| Teaching |  | 44.8 | 35.0 | 21.2 | 30.7 | 60.0 | 40.4 | 35.3 | 15.7 | 40.0 | 27.6 | 45.9 | 28.7 | 37.8 | 21.9 | 30.8 | 51.9 |
| Administration |  | 15.9 | 5.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 5.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 11.0 | 3.7 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 8.5 |
| Prof. services |  | 14.1 | 5.0 | 11.5 | 25.3 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 13.6 | 25.7 | 19.1 | 12.7 | 11.1 | 15.1 | 48.2 | 11.9 | 6.1 |
| Other |  | 2.3 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 6.2 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 4.2 | 2.4 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 35.2 | 32.5 | 21.2 | 33.3 | 54.2 | 37.1 | 33.6 | 21.7 | 34.3 | 31.8 | 38.2 | 26.9 | 34.8 | 28.6 | 36.4 | 48.8 |
| Teaching |  | 19.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 15.0 | 23.6 | 11.3 | 15.7 | 5.7 | 12.4 | 16.2 | 24.1 | 15.3 | 19.1 | 31.5 | 24.7 |
| Administration |  | 12.7 | 10.0 | 19.4 | 20.0 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 8.6 | 22.2 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 18.3 | 16.5 | 9.8 | 8.8 |
| Prof. services |  | 12.5 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 10.4 | 11.9 | 5.7 | 7.8 | 17.7 | 9.3 | 13.1 | 12.5 | 9.8 | 6.1 |
| Other |  | 3.4 | 5.0 | 2.8 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| No secondary activity |  | 17.2 | 30.0 | 38.7 | 18.7 | 19.2 | 25.8 | 28.8 | 33.3 | 40.0 | 22.7 | 9.3 | 21.3 | 16.0 | 19.3 | 11.2 | 9.5 |
| Activity(ies) unknown | \% | 3.5 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 10.3 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \% | 6.6 | 12.5 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 12.1 | 4.4 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 17.9 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 12.4 | 7.9 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 14.9 | 17.5 | 20.7 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 22.0 | 18.1 | 12.4 | 7.7 | 18.5 | 14.4 | 9.0 | 15.1 | 16.7 | 9.7 | 16.8 |
| East North Central |  | 14.7 | 10.0 | 18.0 | 7.9 | 16.9 | 6.6 | 13.9 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 7.2 | 11.4 | 15.1 | 11.0 | 15.5 |
| West North Central |  | 6.5 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 8.0 | 4.5 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 4.1 | 7.2 |
| South Atlantic |  | 18.3 | 17.5 | 14.4 | 19.7 | 18.5 | 20.9 | 17.4 | 12.4 | 15.4 | 19.0 | 17.7 | 13.5 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 24.1 | 13.2 |
| East South Central |  | 4.5 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| West South Central |  | 8.7 | 10.0 | 1.8 | 13.2 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 10.2 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 9.9 | 5.4 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 2.1 | 7.6 |
| Mountain |  | 5.3 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 9.2 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 4.9 |
| Pacific \& Insular |  | 13.3 | 15.0 | 20.7 | 15.8 | 7.3 | 22.0 | 16.8 | 22.3 | 25.6 | 14.4 | 9.4 | 17.1 | 12.4 | 16.9 | 9.7 | 18.1 |
| Foreign |  | 6.8 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 11.3 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 11.4 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 10.9 | 27.0 | 10.9 | 2.6 | 17.9 | 6.9 |
| Region unknown |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.0 |

a Physical sciences includes mathematics and computer sciences.
b Includes 2-year, 4-year, and foreign colleges and universities, medical schools, and elementary/secondary schools.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Includes only recipients with definite employment plans.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number in field |  | 286 | 359 | 3,651 | 10,051 | 411 | 203 | 367 | 375 | 1,346 | 2,702 | 4,288 | 416 | 635 | 1,083 | 8,073 |
| Women as percent of total doctorates | \% | 41.6 | 46.0 | 55.2 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 55.6 | 60.9 | 60.2 | 48.9 | 50.3 | 66.1 | 38.0 | 52.9 | 46.2 | 56.8 |
| U.S. citizenship | \% | 78.0 | 74.1 | 80.0 | 68.0 | 81.3 | 91.1 | 80.7 | 66.9 | 73.5 | 76.0 | 81.8 | 59.9 | 72.4 | 66.2 | 77.8 |
| Non-U.S., permanent visa |  | 4.2 | 5.6 | 3.3 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 9.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.1 |
| Non-U.S., temporary visa |  | 12.6 | 15.0 | 10.0 | 20.8 | 9.2 | 4.9 | 10.9 | 18.9 | 16.9 | 14.3 | 6.6 | 22.4 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 10.8 |
| Unknown |  | 5.2 | 5.3 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 9.9 | 13.9 | 5.2 | 10.5 | 8.3 |
| Never married | \% | 33.9 | 27.0 | 27.5 | 29.9 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 27.5 | 28.8 | 29.3 | 28.3 | 13.8 | 21.2 | 22.7 | 21.5 | 19.7 |
| Married |  | 43.0 | 45.7 | 46.1 | 47.8 | 49.6 | 54.7 | 46.3 | 46.7 | 43.5 | 46.1 | 54.3 | 43.8 | 51.3 | 47.1 | 50.6 |
| Separated, divorced |  | 7.0 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 8.4 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 11.9 | 8.7 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 10.0 |
| Marriage-like relationship |  | 7.0 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 11.2 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| Widowed |  | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| Unknown |  | 8.4 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 3.0 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 10.5 | 8.5 | 15.2 | 21.6 | 7.7 | 15.1 | 13.0 |
| Median age at doctoral | Yrs | 33.7 | 35.7 | 32.7 | 31.7 | 34.3 | 33.8 | 34.1 | 34.0 | 34.8 | 34.4 | 45.2 | 36.4 | 39.3 | 37.9 | 39.3 |
| Bachelor's in same field as doctorate | \% | 54.2 | 18.1 | 55.2 | 55.6 | 52.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 52.0 | 51.7 | 62.1 | 33.8 | 37.3 | 32.3 | 33.2 | 43.2 |
| Percent with masters | \% | 77.6 | 88.6 | 78.8 | 65.5 | 81.8 | 89.7 | 85.8 | 88.3 | 84.2 | 85.0 | 84.3 | 70.2 | 91.2 | 81.2 | 84.1 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time | Yrs | 10.8 | 11.3 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 19.9 | 13.0 | 15.2 | 14.0 | 15.0 |
| Registered time |  | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 8.6 |
| Postdoctoral study plans | \% | 11.9 | 15.0 | 26.4 | 37.3 | 13.4 | 11.3 | 7.9 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 5.9 | 3.1 | 9.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 |
| Fellowship |  | 67.6 | 50.0 | 72.0 | 60.6 | 80.0 | 65.2 | 65.5 | 57.6 | 64.9 | 67.3 | 33.5 | 46.2 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 49.3 |
| Research assoc. |  | 14.7 | 38.9 | 17.1 | 31.3 | 7.3 | 17.4 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 16.7 | 12.2 | 31.1 | 30.8 | 32.3 | 32.9 | 23.1 |
| Traineeship |  | 2.9 | 1.9 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 8.7 | 3.4 | 15.2 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 10.2 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 6.8 |
| Other study |  | 14.7 | 9.3 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 24.1 | 21.2 | 15.8 | 15.7 | 25.2 | 23.1 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 20.7 |
| Planned employment after doctorate | \% | 77.6 | 75.5 | 62.9 | 53.3 | 78.1 | 84.2 | 82.8 | 85.6 | 80.7 | 81.5 | 78.5 | 75.7 | 82.0 | 77.7 | 79.4 |
| Educ. institution ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 54.2 | 44.8 | 34.6 | 25.4 | 59.1 | 70.9 | 68.7 | 72.5 | 59.8 | 63.5 | 63.6 | 61.3 | 58.7 | 58.4 | 62.9 |
| Industry/business |  | 5.9 | 12.3 | 10.2 | 15.0 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 8.8 | 6.8 | 4.4 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 5.6 |
| Government |  | 6.3 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| Nonprofit |  | 5.6 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 4.0 |
| Other \& unknown |  | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 4.2 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown | \% | 10.5 | 9.5 | 10.8 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 4.4 | 9.3 | 5.6 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 15.6 | 21.2 | 8.2 | 15.2 | 13.3 |
| Definite postdoctoral study | \% | 8.0 | 8.9 | 19.6 | 27.8 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.5 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study |  | 3.8 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 4.1 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 0.7 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Definite employment |  | 56 | 57 | 43 | 37 | 53 | 59 | 53 | 57 | 50 | 53 | 59 | 61 | 59 | 59 | 57 |
| Seeking employment |  | 21.7 | 18.4 | 19.4 | 16.3 | 25.1 | 25.6 | 30.0 | 28.3 | 30.2 | 28.8 | 19.8 | 14.7 | 22.8 | 19.1 | 22.7 |
| Employment commitments after doctorate d |  | 160 | 205 | 1,588 | 3,721 | 218 | 119 | 194 | 215 | 679 | 1,425 | 2,520 | 254 | 376 | 635 | 4,580 |
| Primary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 27.6 | 35.0 | 28.7 | 38.1 | 10.8 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 7.7 | 36.2 | 18.3 | 25.4 | 10.4 |
| Teaching |  | 51.9 | 40.6 | 33.9 | 33.3 | 74.5 | 79.6 | 83.2 | 84.9 | 75.7 | 78.2 | 40.8 | 51.6 | 55.6 | 54.2 | 54.2 |
| Administration |  | 10.9 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 38.2 | 5.3 | 10.6 | 8.5 | 23.9 |
| Prof. services |  | 7.7 | 14.2 | 28.3 | 19.7 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 12.4 | 6.5 | 13.1 | 10.3 | 9.4 |
| Other |  | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| Secondary activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R \& D | \% | 51.9 | 42.1 | 37.3 | 34.3 | 59.9 | 54.0 | 53.0 | 63.4 | 47.9 | 53.3 | 24.1 | 43.1 | 46.7 | 45.0 | 36.0 |
| Teaching |  | 29.5 | 22.3 | 22.8 | 17.9 | 12.3 | 11.5 | 8.1 | 10.2 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 22.5 | 39.0 | 22.8 | 29.3 | 19.9 |
| Administration |  | 1.9 | 9.6 | 12.0 | 14.2 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 11.9 | 9.8 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 12.7 | 5.7 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 11.4 |
| Prof. services |  | 7.1 | 6.6 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 9.0 | 6.9 | 18.7 | 5.7 | 10.6 | 8.7 | 13.7 |
| Other |  | 0.6 | 5.6 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.7 |
| No secondary activity |  | 9.0 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 19.4 | 12.3 | 19.5 | 16.2 | 10.7 | 11.7 | 12.9 | 18.7 | 5.3 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 15.4 |
| Activity(ies) unknown | \% | 2.5 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Region of employment after doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | \% | 8.1 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 5.7 | 10.2 | 6.9 | 8.0 | 3.9 | 7.1 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.5 |
| Middle Atlantic |  | 15.0 | 16.1 | 15.8 | 15.6 | 18.3 | 17.6 | 20.6 | 15.8 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 11.8 | 16.1 | 13.6 | 14.5 | 14.3 |
| East North Central |  | 15.0 | 11.7 | 14.4 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 9.2 | 18.6 | 15.3 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 16.2 | 13.0 | 17.8 | 15.7 | 15.7 |
| West North Central |  | 5.0 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 7.8 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 7.2 |
| South Atlantic |  | 22.5 | 23.9 | 18.6 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 18.1 | 13.5 | 15.3 | 21.6 | 17.7 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 19.0 |
| East South Central |  | 3.8 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 8.4 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 5.6 |
| West South Central |  | 4.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 11.0 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 10.8 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 9.9 |
| Mountain |  | 4.4 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| Pacific \& Insular |  | 13.8 | 12.2 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 11.9 | 15.1 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.6 |
| Foreign |  | 8.1 | 7.3 | 6.0 | 8.5 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 9.7 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 9.4 | 5.5 |
| Region unknown |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |

Appendix Table A-4. Statistical profile of doctorate recipients by race/ethnicity and citizenship, 2002


NOTE: Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Totals include 71 individuals who did not report their gender and 2,663 individuals who did not report their citizenship at time of doctorate.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Native.
${ }^{\text {c D D Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders. }}$
${ }^{d}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders, respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity), and respondents with unknown race/ethnicity.

SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Appendix Table A-4. Statistical profile of doctorate recipients by race/ethnicity and citizenship, 2002, continued

|  | White |  |  |  | Puerto Rican |  | Mexican | America |  |  | Other H | ispanic |  | Other/Unknown Race d |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Non-U.S. |  |  | Non-U.S. |  |  |  |  | Non-U.S. |  |
| Characteristics | Total | U.S. | Perm | Temp | Total | Total | U.S. | Perm | Temp | Total | U.S. | Perm | Temp | Total | U.S. | Perm | Temp |
| Total Number | 24,239 | 20,720 | 628 | 2,670 | 342 | 461 | 398 | 13 | 47 | 1,217 | 493 | 118 | 599 | 802 | 579 | 28 | 187 |
| Male \% | 52.6 | 50.3 | 54.5 | 69.0 | 43.3 | 46.2 | 42.5 | 61.5 | 72.3 | 55.5 | 44.4 | 44.9 | 66.8 | 55.7 | 49.4 | 64.3 | 73.8 |
| Female | 47.4 | 49.7 | 45.5 | 31.0 | 56.7 | 53.8 | 57.5 | 38.5 | 27.7 | 44.5 | 55.6 | 55.1 | 33.2 | 44.3 | 50.6 | 35.7 | 26.2 |
| Field of study |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 14.0 | 12.1 | 19.6 | 27.6 | 9.1 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 14.9 | 11.9 | 7.3 | 11.0 | 15.9 | 15.0 | 12.4 | 17.9 | 21.9 |
| Engineering | 8.6 | 6.7 | 13.1 | 21.0 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 25.5 | 13.6 | 8.9 | 7.6 | 18.7 | 10.3 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 18.7 |
| Life sciences | 20.4 | 20.9 | 20.2 | 17.4 | 20.8 | 16.7 | 15.8 | 15.4 | 25.5 | 21.8 | 14.0 | 19.5 | 28.4 | 17.7 | 18.5 | 14.3 | 15.5 |
| Social sciences | 18.2 | 18.9 | 16.1 | 12.8 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 20.6 | 7.7 | 19.1 | 21.4 | 26.2 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 16.8 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 12.3 |
| Humanities | 16.2 | 16.6 | 19.6 | 11.6 | 16.1 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 38.5 | 2.1 | 16.7 | 19.7 | 28.8 | 12.0 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 32.1 | 17.1 |
| Education | 17.2 | 19.3 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 23.1 | 30.6 | 34.4 | 23.1 | 2.1 | 10.3 | 18.9 | 9.3 | 3.5 | 15.7 | 18.5 | 7.1 | 8.0 |
| Professional/other ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 7.7 | 10.6 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 6.4 |
| Median age at doctorate Yrs | 33.4 | 33.9 | 33.8 | 31.4 | 34.1 | 34.0 | 33.7 | 44.0 | 34.6 | 35.2 | 35.2 | 35.3 | 35.1 | 33.7 | 34.1 | 34.7 | 33.0 |
| Median time lapse from BA to doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time Yrs | 10.2 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 8.2 | 10.9 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 15.2 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.8 | 9.6 |
| Registered time | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Doctoral program support ${ }^{\dagger}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teaching assistantships \% | 17.9 | 17.3 | 23.7 | 21.8 | 10.3 | 11.9 | 11.4 | 30.8 | 11.1 | 18.3 | 15.3 | 33.0 | 17.7 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 18.2 | 13.3 |
| Research assistantships/traineeships | 22.3 | 20.1 | 27.3 | 38.4 | 12.2 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 7.7 | 22.2 | 15.7 | 12.3 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 21.0 | 19.0 | 22.7 | 28.7 |
| Fellowships/dissertation grants | 20.7 | 20.3 | 23.2 | 23.4 | 35.0 | 37.5 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 28.9 | 30.3 | 34.4 | 20.9 | 28.8 | 30.3 | 28.7 | 36.4 | 34.0 |
| Own resources | 33.1 | 36.8 | 22.2 | 6.6 | 35.6 | 34.8 | 38.9 | 23.1 | 2.2 | 18.3 | 32.2 | 22.6 | 6.4 | 26.1 | 32.0 | 18.2 | 6.7 |
| Foreign government | 1.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 33.3 | 13.9 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 26.9 | 3.9 | 0.2 | 4.5 | 16.7 |
| Employer | 4.7 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 5.7 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Other | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Postdoctoral Plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Postdoctoral study plans \% | 26.4 | 25.0 | 32.2 | 38.2 | 22.2 | 28.4 | 27.9 | 46.2 | 29.8 | 28.1 | 26.2 | 28.0 | 29.9 | 26.7 | 26.1 | 35.7 | 28.3 |
| Postdoctoral employment plans \% | 69.1 | 71.4 | 64.3 | 58.5 | 71.9 | 69.6 | 70.9 | 53.8 | 68.1 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 69.5 | 68.3 | 62.5 | 67.0 | 53.6 | 50.3 |
| Educ. institution g | 42.4 | 44.4 | 35.0 | 31.9 | 44.4 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 38.5 | 55.3 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 42.4 | 41.7 | 37.7 | 40.6 | 32.1 | 30.5 |
| Industry/business | 14.1 | 13.4 | 18.2 | 19.9 | 11.4 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 10.6 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 10.7 | 13.4 |
| Government | 5.1 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 8.5 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 3.2 |
| Nonprofit | 4.0 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 0.5 |
| Other/unknown | 3.5 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 7.1 | 2.7 |
| Postdoctoral plans unknown \% | 4.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 5.8 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 10.8 | 6.9 | 10.7 | 21.4 |
| Definite postdoctoral study $\quad \%$ | 20.3 | 19.5 | 22.0 | 28.4 | 16.7 | 20.8 | 20.4 | 30.8 | 23.4 | 19.4 | 18.7 | 15.3 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.7 | 21.4 | 22.5 |
| Seeking postdoctoral study | 6.1 | 5.5 | 10.2 | 9.9 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 15.4 | 6.4 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 12.7 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 14.3 | 5.9 |
| Definite employment | 50.9 | 52.6 | 43.8 | 43.0 | 53.2 | 50.8 | 50.5 | 38.5 | 59.6 | 49.3 | 47.5 | 48.3 | 51.4 | 42.5 | 45.3 | 25.0 | 37.4 |
| Seeking employment | 18.3 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 15.5 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 20.4 | 15.4 | 8.5 | 18.7 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 16.9 | 20.0 | 21.8 | 28.6 | 12.8 |
| Employment location after doctorate ${ }^{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. \% | 94.5 | 97.9 | 92.7 | 62.4 | 99.5 | 90.6 | 98.5 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 66.8 | 97.4 | 91.2 | 39.0 | 83.3 | 96.2 | 85.7 | 37.1 |
| Foreign | 5.1 | 1.7 | 6.9 | 37.1 | 0.5 | 8.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 64.3 | 32.8 | 2.1 | 8.8 | 60.7 | 14.7 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 62.9 |
| Unknown | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 14.3 | 0.0 |

${ }^{e}$ Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ In this table a recipient counts once in each source category from which he or she received support. Since students indicate multiple sources of support, the vertical percentages can sum to more than 100 percent. (Data on the "primary" source of support for doctorate recipients are presented in the Summary Report.)
${ }^{9}$ Includes 2-year, 4-year, and foreign colleges and universities, medical schools, and elementary/secondary schools.
${ }^{h}$ Includes only recipients with definite employment plans.

Appendix Table A-5. Doctorate recipients' financial resources in support of doctoral programs, by broad field of study and sex, 2002

| Financial Resource |  | Total |  | Physical sciences ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Engineering |  | Life sciences |  | Social sciences |  | Humanities |  | Education |  | Professional/ other fields |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| Unduplicated total b | N | 19,757 | 16,272 | 3,853 | 1,442 | 3,861 | 804 | 3,973 | 3,653 | 2,655 | 3,295 | 2,442 | 2,491 | 1,873 | 3,654 | 1,100 | 933 |
| Loans (from any source) | N | 6,166 | 6,284 | 793 | 307 | 550 | 125 | 1,076 | 970 | 1,310 | 1,888 | 1,275 | 1,232 | 745 | 1,409 | 417 | 353 |
|  | V c | 31.2\% | 38.6\% | 20.6\% | 21.3\% | 14.2\% | 15.5\% | 27.1\% | 26.6\% | 49.3\% | 57.3\% | 52.2\% | 49.5\% | 39.8\% | 38.6\% | 37.9\% | 37.8\% |
|  | $\mathrm{H}^{\text {c }}$ | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 12.9\% | 4.9\% | 8.9\% | 2.0\% | 17.5\% | 15.4\% | 21.2\% | 30.0\% | 20.7\% | 19.6\% | 12.1\% | 22.4\% | 6.8\% | 5.6\% |
| Foreign (non-U.S.) support | N | 1,856 | 939 | 270 | 89 | 503 | 88 | 334 | 209 | 300 | 166 | 229 | 216 | 80 | 103 | 140 | 68 |
|  | V | 9.4\% | 5.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.2\% | 13.0\% | 10.9\% | 8.4\% | 5.7\% | 11.3\% | 5.0\% | 9.4\% | 8.7\% | 4.3\% | 2.8\% | 12.7\% | 7.3\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 14.5\% | 9.5\% | 27.1\% | 9.4\% | 18.0\% | 22.3\% | 16.2\% | 17.7\% | 12.3\% | 23.0\% | 4.3\% | 11.0\% | 7.5\% | 7.2\% |
| Fellowship, scholarship | N | 10,836 | 9,255 | 2,091 | 897 | 1,761 | 451 | 2,434 | 2,329 | 1,615 | 1,983 | 1,795 | 1,837 | 530 | 1,258 | 610 | 500 |
|  | V | 54.8\% | 56.9\% | 54.3\% | 62.2\% | 45.6\% | 56.1\% | 61.3\% | 63.8\% | 60.8\% | 60.2\% | 73.5\% | 73.7\% | 28.3\% | 34.4\% | 55.5\% | 53.6\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 19.3\% | 9.7\% | 16.3\% | 4.9\% | 22.5\% | 25.2\% | 14.9\% | 21.4\% | 16.6\% | 19.8\% | 4.9\% | 13.6\% | 5.6\% | 5.4\% |
| Dissertation grant | , | 3,021 | 3,400 | 306 | 155 | 249 | 58 | 577 | 669 | 706 | 999 | 811 | 934 | 161 | 389 | 211 | 196 |
|  | V | 15.3\% | 20.9\% | 7.9\% | 10.7\% | 6.4\% | 7.2\% | 14.5\% | 18.3\% | 26.6\% | 30.3\% | 33.2\% | 37.5\% | 8.6\% | 10.6\% | 19.2\% | 21.0\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 10.1\% | 4.6\% | 8.2\% | 1.7\% | 19.1\% | 19.7\% | 23.4\% | 29.4\% | 26.8\% | 27.5\% | 5.3\% | 11.4\% | 7.0\% | 5.8\% |
| Teaching assistant | N | 11,761 | 9,086 | 3,072 | 1,184 | 1,892 | 419 | 1,775 | 1,633 | 1,935 | 2,263 | 1,971 | 2,051 | 438 | 964 | 678 | 572 |
|  | V | 59.5\% | 55.8\% | 79.7\% | 82.1\% | 49.0\% | 52.1\% | 44.7\% | 44.7\% | 72.9\% | 68.7\% | 80.7\% | 82.3\% | 23.4\% | 26.4\% | 61.6\% | 61.3\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 26.1\% | 13.0\% | 16.1\% | 4.6\% | 15.1\% | 18.0\% | 16.5\% | 24.9\% | 16.8\% | 22.6\% | 3.7\% | 10.6\% | 5.8\% | 6.3\% |
| Research assistant | N | 12,106 | 7,910 | 3,190 | 1,192 | 3,214 | 661 | 2,566 | 2,122 | 1,537 | 1,893 | 686 | 742 | 369 | 857 | 544 | 443 |
|  | V | 61.3\% | 48.6\% | 82.8\% | 82.7\% | 83.2\% | 82.2\% | 64.6\% | 58.1\% | 57.9\% | 57.5\% | 28.1\% | 29.8\% | 19.7\% | 23.5\% | 49.5\% | 47.5\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 26.4\% | 15.1\% | 26.5\% | 8.4\% | 21.2\% | 26.8\% | 12.7\% | 23.9\% | 5.7\% | 9.4\% | 3.0\% | 10.8\% | 4.5\% | 5.6\% |
| Traineeship | N | 994 | 1,129 | 102 | 46 | 83 | 25 | 519 | 545 | 168 | 370 | 38 | 32 | 62 | 98 | 22 | 13 |
|  | V | 5.0\% | 6.9\% | 2.6\% | 3.2\% | 2.1\% | 3.1\% | 13.1\% | 14.9\% | 6.3\% | 11.2\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 3.3\% | 2.7\% | 2.0\% | 1.4\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 10.3\% | 4.1\% | 8.4\% | 2.2\% | 52.2\% | 48.3\% | 16.9\% | 32.8\% | 3.8\% | 2.8\% | 6.2\% | 8.7\% | 2.2\% | 1.2\% |
| Internship or residency | N | 1,367 | 1,655 | 238 | 93 | 338 | 79 | 92 | 81 | 465 | 1,012 | 56 | 71 | 132 | 274 | 46 | 45 |
|  | V | 6.9\% | 10.2\% | 6.2\% | 6.4\% | 8.8\% | 9.8\% | 2.3\% | 2.2\% | 17.5\% | 30.7\% | 2.3\% | 2.9\% | 7.0\% | 7.5\% | 4.2\% | 4.8\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 17.4\% | 5.6\% | 24.7\% | 4.8\% | 6.7\% | 4.9\% | 34.0\% | 61.1\% | 4.1\% | 4.3\% | 9.7\% | 16.6\% | 3.4\% | 2.7\% |
| Personal savings | N | 9,525 | 8,789 | 1,365 | 490 | 1,419 | 259 | 1,545 | 1,546 | 1,622 | 1,920 | 1,503 | 1,431 | 1,335 | 2,538 | 736 | 605 |
|  | V | 48.2\% | 54.0\% | 35.4\% | 34.0\% | 36.8\% | 32.2\% | 38.9\% | 42.3\% | 61.1\% | 58.3\% | 61.5\% | 57.4\% | 71.3\% | 69.5\% | 66.9\% | 64.8\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 14.3\% | 5.6\% | 14.9\% | 2.9\% | 16.2\% | 17.6\% | 17.0\% | 21.8\% | 15.8\% | 16.3\% | 14.0\% | 28.9\% | 7.7\% | 6.9\% |
| Other personal earnings during graduate school | N | 7,419 | 8,032 | 795 | 256 | 711 | 147 | 950 | 1,098 | 1,470 | 1,913 | 1,638 | 1,562 | 1,280 | 2,547 | 575 | 509 |
|  | V | 37.6\% | 49.4\% | 20.6\% | 17.8\% | 18.4\% | 18.3\% | 23.9\% | 30.1\% | 55.4\% | 58.1\% | 67.1\% | 62.7\% | 68.3\% | 69.7\% | 52.3\% | 54.6\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 10.7\% | 3.2\% | 9.6\% | 1.8\% | 12.8\% | 13.7\% | 19.8\% | 23.8\% | 22.1\% | 19.4\% | 17.3\% | 31.7\% | 7.8\% | 6.3\% |
| Family earnings or savings d | N | 6,928 | 7,663 | 949 | 425 | 965 | 227 | 1,277 | 1,423 | 1,177 | 1,820 | 1,255 | 1,353 | 812 | 1,930 | 493 | 485 |
|  | V | 35.1\% | 47.1\% | 24.6\% | 29.5\% | 25.0\% | 28.2\% | 32.1\% | 39.0\% | 44.3\% | 55.2\% | 51.4\% | 54.3\% | 43.4\% | 52.8\% | 44.8\% | 52.0\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 13.7\% | 5.5\% | 13.9\% | 3.0\% | 18.4\% | 18.6\% | 17.0\% | 23.8\% | 18.1\% | 17.7\% | 11.7\% | 25.2\% | 7.1\% | 6.3\% |
| Employer reimbursement/ assistance | N | 2,251 | 2,071 | 253 | 76 | 415 | 68 | 307 | 417 | 252 | 256 | 211 | 147 | 625 | 955 | 188 | 152 |
|  | V | 11.4\% | 12.7\% | 6.6\% | 5.3\% | 10.7\% | 8.5\% | 7.7\% | 11.4\% | 9.5\% | 7.8\% | 8.6\% | 5.9\% | 33.4\% | 26.1\% | 17.1\% | 16.3\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 11.2\% | 3.7\% | 18.4\% | 3.3\% | 13.6\% | 20.1\% | 11.2\% | 12.4\% | 9.4\% | 7.1\% | 27.8\% | 46.1\% | 8.4\% | 7.3\% |
| Other | N | 72 | 80 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 15 | 20 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 6 | 13 | 23 | 12 | 10 |
|  | V | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.2\% | 0.7\% | 0.6\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% |
|  | H | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 8.3\% | 3.8\% | 5.6\% | 6.3\% | 20.8\% | 25.0\% | 11.1\% | 16.3\% | 19.4\% | 7.5\% | 18.1\% | 28.8\% | 16.7\% | 12.5\% |

NOTE: In this table a recipient counts once in each source category from which he or she received support. Because students indicate multiple sources of support, the vertical percentages sum to more than 100 percent. (Data on the "primary" source of support for doctorate recipients are presented in the body of the Summary Report.) Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates. The table excludes 71 individuals for whom gender was not reported.
a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The 3,989 doctorate recipients who did not report sources of support are omitted from this total. Percentages are based only on known responses.
c V denotes vertical percentage; H denotes horizontal percentage.
${ }^{d}$ This category includes spouses and significant others.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Appendix Table A-6. State of doctoral institution of doctorate recipients, by broad field of study and sex, 2002

| State | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Physical sciences ${ }^{b}$ |  | Engineering |  | Life sciences |  | Social sciences |  | Humanities |  | Education |  | Professional/ other fields |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| U.S. total c | 21,760 | 18,124 | 4,171 | 1,534 | 4,173 | 887 | 4,366 | 3,979 | 2,948 | 3,651 | 2,663 | 2,702 | 2,188 | 4,288 | 1,251 | 1,083 |
| Alabama | 258 | 219 | 48 | 15 | 62 | 5 | 68 | 70 | 20 | 42 | 10 | 13 | 26 | 62 | 24 | 12 |
| Alaska | 12 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 390 | 324 | 78 | 29 | 72 | 11 | 62 | 55 | 46 | 60 | 62 | 49 | 43 | 100 | 27 | 20 |
| Arkansas | 74 | 78 | 11 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 18 | 28 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 18 | 37 | 4 | 3 |
| California | 2,597 | 2,137 | 600 | 221 | 562 | 125 | 448 | 404 | 370 | 556 | 286 | 349 | 208 | 367 | 123 | 115 |
| Colorado | 362 | 306 | 100 | 40 | 83 | 23 | 58 | 75 | 43 | 59 | 31 | 34 | 32 | 57 | 15 | 18 |
| Connecticut | 316 | 223 | 68 | 17 | 26 | 9 | 83 | 57 | 51 | 44 | 55 | 62 | 14 | 29 | 19 | 5 |
| Delaware | 97 | 61 | 23 | 8 | 28 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 213 | 247 | 29 | 19 | 26 | 11 | 26 | 38 | 49 | 80 | 38 | 35 | 16 | 42 | 29 | 22 |
| Florida | 935 | 1,006 | 144 | 52 | 157 | 30 | 123 | 124 | 76 | 118 | 69 | 63 | 268 | 538 | 98 | 81 |
| Georgia | 540 | 494 | 95 | 35 | 132 | 39 | 94 | 110 | 66 | 92 | 56 | 72 | 55 | 127 | 42 | 19 |
| Hawaii | 59 | 46 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 14 | 6 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Idaho | 55 | 34 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 19 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 13 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 1,164 | 945 | 210 | 74 | 215 | 38 | 182 | 158 | 192 | 189 | 165 | 156 | 122 | 267 | 78 | 63 |
| Indiana | 584 | 386 | 125 | 32 | 121 | 20 | 86 | 60 | 73 | 80 | 96 | 106 | 52 | 68 | 31 | 20 |
| lowa | 348 | 223 | 57 | 20 | 77 | 13 | 94 | 60 | 27 | 41 | 48 | 30 | 35 | 50 | 10 | 9 |
| Kansas | 223 | 187 | 35 | 19 | 36 | 5 | 66 | 34 | 41 | 45 | 17 | 21 | 26 | 55 | 2 | 8 |
| Kentucky | 197 | 144 | 25 | 8 | 23 | 5 | 50 | 49 | 25 | 16 | 27 | 20 | 22 | 32 | 25 | 14 |
| Louisiana | 283 | 245 | 38 | 22 | 31 | 9 | 80 | 50 | 52 | 37 | 38 | 45 | 22 | 63 | 22 | 19 |
| Maine | 23 | 15 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 540 | 430 | 98 | 28 | 103 | 23 | 162 | 178 | 81 | 82 | 68 | 65 | 16 | 44 | 12 | 10 |
| Massachusetts | 1,243 | 880 | 289 | 96 | 263 | 57 | 227 | 206 | 185 | 194 | 146 | 136 | 63 | 134 | 70 | 57 |
| Michigan | 794 | 648 | 147 | 66 | 218 | 43 | 115 | 144 | 118 | 156 | 99 | 94 | 53 | 110 | 44 | 35 |
| Minnesota | 367 | 355 | 53 | 20 | 60 | 21 | 85 | 74 | 51 | 71 | 35 | 49 | 50 | 91 | 33 | 29 |
| Mississippi | 159 | 174 | 12 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 43 | 19 | 22 | 31 | 20 | 11 | 39 | 91 | 16 | 15 |
| Missouri | 379 | 302 | 64 | 27 | 54 | 16 | 88 | 80 | 55 | 57 | 41 | 31 | 52 | 73 | 25 | 18 |
| Montana | 45 | 29 | 14 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 140 | 118 | 14 | 7 | 12 | 2 | 45 | 33 | 23 | 24 | 15 | 12 | 21 | 32 | 10 | 8 |
| Nevada | 54 | 53 | 11 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 17 | 2 | 1 |
| New Hampshire | 61 | 36 | 23 | 3 | 12 | 4 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 468 | 378 | 102 | 46 | 104 | 33 | 76 | 66 | 54 | 47 | 85 | 113 | 26 | 50 | 21 | 23 |
| New Mexico | 151 | 123 | 48 | 11 | 22 | 9 | 20 | 14 | 18 | 27 | 10 | 27 | 24 | 25 | 9 | 10 |
| New York | 1,716 | 1,652 | 317 | 117 | 258 | 43 | 340 | 361 | 308 | 439 | 299 | 342 | 94 | 244 | 100 | 106 |
| North Carolina | 609 | 463 | 108 | 56 | 110 | 19 | 172 | 138 | 65 | 86 | 85 | 55 | 47 | 87 | 22 | 22 |
| North Dakota | 33 | 21 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 16 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 893 | 732 | 141 | 72 | 223 | 41 | 179 | 157 | 98 | 125 | 103 | 106 | 108 | 181 | 41 | 50 |
| Oklahoma | 204 | 169 | 22 | 11 | 37 | 7 | 45 | 22 | 31 | 31 | 20 | 13 | 31 | 64 | 18 | 21 |
| Oregon | 189 | 169 | 32 | 12 | 20 | 5 | 68 | 58 | 17 | 32 | 18 | 14 | 20 | 40 | 14 | 8 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,123 | 873 | 225 | 65 | 245 | 45 | 204 | 201 | 143 | 169 | 128 | 154 | 107 | 190 | 71 | 49 |
| Puerto Rico | 42 | 72 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 19 | 5 | 5 | 12 | 34 | 0 | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 142 | 89 | 49 | 19 | 12 | 3 | 20 | 24 | 25 | 14 | 31 | 24 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| South Carolina | 215 | 202 | 33 | 15 | 45 | 14 | 54 | 69 | 24 | 20 | 24 | 21 | 23 | 50 | 12 | 13 |
| South Dakota | 43 | 29 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 319 | 362 | 46 | 15 | 52 | 10 | 59 | 84 | 52 | 65 | 47 | 31 | 47 | 133 | 16 | 24 |
| Texas | 1,350 | 1,078 | 249 | 94 | 298 | 50 | 280 | 274 | 148 | 168 | 148 | 148 | 148 | 273 | 79 | 71 |
| Utah | 217 | 138 | 52 | 16 | 37 | 8 | 59 | 40 | 39 | 33 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 17 | 3 | 13 |
| Vermont | 24 | 33 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 555 | 448 | 108 | 37 | 114 | 29 | 84 | 84 | 81 | 79 | 43 | 41 | 80 | 150 | 45 | 28 |
| Washington | 360 | 287 | 70 | 19 | 79 | 23 | 105 | 94 | 38 | 59 | 31 | 35 | 20 | 36 | 17 | 21 |
| West Virginia | 86 | 61 | 9 | 2 | 17 | 3 | 20 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 7 | 18 | 25 | 0 | 1 |
| Wisconsin | 476 | 371 | 84 | 32 | 72 | 15 | 122 | 80 | 58 | 67 | 92 | 59 | 32 | 98 | 16 | 20 |
| Wyoming | 33 | 22 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 0 | 0 |

[^23]|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z⿳亠二口斤口 } \\ & \text { ED } \\ & \frac{\mathbb{D}}{U} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 정 } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 릆 } \\ & \text { 颜 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All U．S．institutions | 39，955 | 1，268 | 1，922 | 797 | 1，728 | 5，073 | 5，680 | 1，659 | 1，011 | 3，199 | 3，412 | 1，030 | 365 | 603 | 3，375 | 6，488 | 2，343 |
| ALABAMA | 480 | 13 | 26 | 7 | 18 | 68 | 87 | 35 | 17 | 41 | 21 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 88 | 36 |
| Auburn U．Main Campus | 143 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 4 | 21 | 14 | 1 | 16 | 18 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 12 |
| U．S．Sports Academy | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| U．AL | 157 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 22 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 16 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 12 | 36 | 24 |
| U．AL at Birmingham | 130 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 60 | 30 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| U．AL in Huntsville | 34 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．South AL | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| ALASKA | 19 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．AK Fairbanks | 19 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ARIZONA | 714 | 28 | 32 | 31 | 16 | 83 | 84 | 15 | 18 | 43 | 63 | 29 | 2 | 9 | 71 | 143 | 47 |
| AZ State U．－Main Campus | 307 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 11 | 46 | 17 | 4 | 0 | 28 | 23 | 18 | 2 | 5 | 25 | 82 | 26 |
| Northern AZ U． | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 23 | 0 |
| U．AZ | 368 | 21 | 23 | 27 | 5 | 37 | 64 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 34 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 44 | 38 | 21 |
| ARKANSAS | 152 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 27 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 55 | 7 |
| U．AR at Little Rock | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| U．AR for Medical Sciences | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．AR Main Campus | 105 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 7 |
| CALIFORNIA | 4，742 | 178 | 275 | 121 | 247 | 687 | 668 | 130 | 54 | 482 | 447 | 138 | 38 | 47 | 412 | 577 | 241 |
| Alliant International U． | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Azusa Pacific U． | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Biola U． | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| CA Institute of Integral Studies | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 19 |
| CA Institute of Technology | 140 | 23 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 40 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CA School of Professional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Psychology－Alameda | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| CA School of Professional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Psychology－Fresno | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CA School of Professional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Psychology－San Diego | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 9 |
| Claremont Graduate U． | 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 23 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 13 | 6 |
| Claremont School of Theology | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ， | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Fielding Graduate Institute | 114 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 44 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 35 | 31 |
| Fuller Theological Seminary in CA | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 19 |
| Graduate Theological Union | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 6 |
| La Sierra U． | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Loma Linda U． | 30 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 |  | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Naval Postgraduate School | 17 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Graduate School of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Psychology | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pepperdine U． | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 7 |
| RAND Graduate School of Policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Studies | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| San Diego State U． | 34 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Santa Clara U． | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saybrook Graduate School \＆ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Research Ctr． | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scripps Research Institute | 23 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stanford U． | 526 | 27 | 22 | 21 | 48 | 156 | 72 | 3 | 0 | 11 | 44 | 17 | 4 | 5 | 48 | 28 | 20 |
| Wright Institute，The | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．CA Berkeley | 799 | 27 | 63 | 17 | 50 | 148 | 75 | 26 | 25 | 23 | 128 | 29 | 8 | 8 | 96 | 41 | 35 |
| U．CA Davis | 347 | 12 | 34 | 6 | 16 | 53 | 96 | 10 | 25 | 14 | 20 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 23 | 16 | 3 |
| U．CA Invine | 175 | 3 | 33 | 2 | 10 | 31 | 34 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 22 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 13 | 2 | 4 |
| U．CA Los Angeles | 642 | 23 | 28 | 12 | 29 | 82 | 112 | 34 | 0 | 25 | 73 | 39 | 1 | 4 | 81 | 83 | 16 |
| U．CA Riverside | 116 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 17 | 8 |  | 5 | 10 | 9 | 0 |
| U．CA San Diego | 251 | 18 | 15 | 17 | 15 | 47 | 63 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 30 | 11 | 2 | 3 | 15 | 1 | 5 |
| U．CA San Francisco | 87 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 57 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．CA Santa Barbara | 197 | 14 | 8 | 7 | 15 | 46 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 18 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 22 | 20 | 7 |
| U．CA Santa Cruz | 114 | 17 | 9 | 17 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| U．La Verne | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 1 |
| U．San Diego | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 |
| U．San Francisco | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 1 |
| U．Southern CA | 413 | 9 | 18 | 0 | 24 | 53 | 34 | 18 | 0 | 19 | 39 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 42 | 103 | 41 |
| U．of the Pacific | 32 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 지 } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{\omega} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 늎 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 흐 } \\ & \text { 흐 } \\ & \text { 受 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COLORADO | 668 | 23 | 45 | 44 | 28 | 106 | 89 | 27 | 17 | 40 | 62 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 46 | 89 | 33 |
| CO School of Mines | 53 | 2 | 3 | 15 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CO State U. | 148 | 4 | 12 | 14 | 7 | 21 | 36 | 3 | 17 | 13 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2 |
| CO Technical U. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| U. CO at Boulder | 256 | 17 | 22 | 15 | 14 | 51 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 34 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 31 | 12 | 12 |
| U. CO at Colorado Springs | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. CO at Denver | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 2 |
| U. CO Health Sciences Ctr. | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. Denver | 56 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 12 | 8 |
| U. Northern CO | 63 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 32 | 2 |
| connecticut | 539 | 28 | 37 | 9 | 11 | 35 | 121 | 14 | 5 | 31 | 64 | 32 | 8 | 8 | 69 | 43 | 24 |
| U. CT | 221 | 6 | 14 | 1 | 5 | 21 | 40 | 8 | 4 | 20 | 20 | 9 |  | 2 | 11 | 43 | 13 |
| U. New Haven | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Wesleyan U. | 13 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Yale U. | 301 | 20 | 21 | 8 | 5 | 14 | 74 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 44 | 23 | 4 | 6 | 57 | 0 | 7 |
| DELAWARE | 158 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 12 | 34 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 39 | 0 |
| U. DE | 138 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 12 | 34 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 10 | 5 |  | 2 | 5 | 19 | 0 |
| Wilmington Coll | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA | 463 | 8 | 19 | 1 | 20 | 37 | 56 | 8 | 0 | 53 | 78 | 25 | 1 | 4 | 43 | 58 | 52 |
| American U. | 53 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 |
| Catholic U. America | 73 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 26 | 4 | 9 |
| Gallaudet U. | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| George Washington U. | 178 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 30 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 17 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 31 | 24 |
| Georgetown U. | 74 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 18 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| Howard U. | 78 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 17 |
| FLORIDA | 1,948 | 43 | 47 | 35 | 72 | 188 | 136 | 82 | 29 | 125 | 69 | 15 |  | 15 | 93 | 808 | 182 |
| Argosy U.-Sarasota Campus | 158 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 121 | 36 |
| Barry U. | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 3 |
| FL Agricultural \& Mechanical U. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| FL Atlantic U.-Boca Raton | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 9 |
| FL Institute of Technology-Melbourne | 27 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| FL International U. | 50 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 6 |
| FL State U. | 253 | 13 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 21 | 5 | 0 | 27 | 17 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 39 | 58 | 26 |
| Lynn U. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| Nova Southeastern U. | 541 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 409 | 66 |
| U. West FL, The | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| U. Central FL | 125 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 38 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 0 |
| U. FL | 426 | 15 | 31 | 5 | 17 | 89 | 63 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 20 | 47 | 17 |
| U. Miami | 109 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 25 | 4 | 1 | 18 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 21 | 10 | 0 |
| U. South FL | 160 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 21 | 16 | 21 | 0 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 33 | 15 |
| GEORGIA | 1,037 | 20 | 66 | 11 | 33 | 171 | 135 | 36 | 34 | 87 | 71 | 30 | 11 | 15 | 72 | 184 | 61 |
| Clark Atlanta U. | 26 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Emory U. | 174 | 1 | 19 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 40 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 19 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 43 | 11 | 2 |
| GA Institute of Technology-Main |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Campus | 256 | 15 | 21 | 6 | 21 | 167 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| GA Southern U. | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| GA State U. | 126 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 30 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 40 | 14 |
| Institute of Paper Science \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Technology | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medical C. GA | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mercer U. |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Morehouse School of Medicine | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. GA | 390 | 2 | 19 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 67 | 24 | 32 | 38 | 32 | 8 | 4 | 9 | 25 | 81 | 34 |
| Valdosta State U. | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 |
| HAWAll | 105 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 8 | 1 |
| U. HI at Manoa | 105 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 8 | 1 |
| IDAHO | 89 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 14 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 32 | 0 |
| ID State U. | 31 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| U. ID | 58 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| ILLINOIS | 2,110 | 73 | 112 | 14 | 85 | 254 | 245 | 61 | 34 | 179 | 202 | 50 | 15 | 33 | 223 | 389 | 141 |
| Benedictine U . |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Chicago Theological Seminary | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 읗 } \\ & \text { (1) } \\ & \text { 镸 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ুㅡㅇ } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\vdots}{\circ} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{0} \\ & \text { 흎 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 흐 } \\ & \text { 흐 } \\ & \text { 受 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depaul U. | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Finch U. Health Science-Chicago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medical School | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Garrett Evangelical Theological |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seminary | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| IL Institute of Technology | 70 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 22 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| IL State U. | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 41 | 0 |
| Institute for Clinical Social Work | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Loyola U. Chicago | 204 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 8 | 0 | 23 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 113 | 3 |
| Lutheran School of Theology at |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| National-Louis U. | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| Northern IL U. | 126 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 73 | 1 |
| Northwestern U. | 299 | 7 | 23 | 0 | 9 | 71 | 38 | 5 | 0 | 13 | 38 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 45 | 9 | 32 |
| Roosevelt U. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Rush U. | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Southern IL U.-Carbondale | 126 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 18 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 26 | 23 |
| U. Chicago, The | 333 | 21 | 17 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 76 | 22 | 2 | 7 | 84 | 12 | 19 |
| U. IL at Chicago | 176 | 7 | 19 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 0 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 19 | 9 |
| U. IL at Springfield | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 603 | 36 | 35 | 5 | 38 | 137 | 64 | 7 | 33 | 33 | 47 | 10 | 2 | 6 | 60 | 59 | 31 |
| Indiana | 970 | 28 | 74 | 15 | 40 | 141 | 87 | 28 | 31 | 66 | 87 | 35 | 12 | 29 | 126 | 120 | 51 |
| Ball State U. | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 0 |
| IN State U. | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| IN U.-Bloomington | 365 | 12 | 21 | 8 | 13 | 1 | 34 | 11 | 0 | 15 | 40 | 21 | 2 | 10 | 78 | 69 | 30 |
| IN U.-Purdue U.-Indianapolis | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Purdue U.-Main Campus | 412 | 10 | 47 | 4 | 20 | 121 | 32 | 14 | 31 | 22 | 25 | 6 | 7 | 11 | 25 | 17 | 20 |
| U. of Notre Dame | 115 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 19 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 20 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 18 | 0 | 1 |
| IOWA | 576 | 13 | 30 | 8 | 28 | 90 | 82 | 42 | 30 | 28 | 40 | 18 |  | 11 | 48 | 86 | 19 |
| Drake U. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| IA State U. | 238 | 8 | 21 | 0 | 12 | 55 | 37 | 5 | 30 | 15 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 31 | 4 |
| Maharishi U. of Management | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| U. IA | 320 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 16 | 31 | 45 | 37 | 0 | 13 | 25 | 15 | 3 | 11 | 44 | 44 | 14 |
| U. Northern IA | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| KANSAS | 410 | 12 | 22 | 3 | 17 | 41 | 59 | 12 | 29 | 55 | 31 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 23 | 81 | 10 |
| KS State U. | 152 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 14 | 27 | 2 | 29 | 11 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 3 |
| U. KS Main Campus | 223 | 3 | 16 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 32 | 10 | 0 | 39 | 20 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 23 | 44 | 7 |
| Wichita State U. | 35 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| KENTUCKY | 341 | 8 | 13 | 1 | 11 | 28 | 72 | 16 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 31 | 54 | 39 |
| Asbury Theological Seminary | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| Southern Baptist Theological |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seminary | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 11 |
| Spalding U. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| U. KY | 215 | 8 | 12 | 1 | 11 | 16 | 42 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 19 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 16 | 23 | 18 |
| U. Louisville | 87 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 30 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 17 | 5 |
| LOUISIANA | 528 | 7 | 23 | 11 | 19 | 40 | 76 | 29 | 25 | 35 | 54 | 10 | 9 | 11 | 53 | 85 | 41 |
| Grambling State U. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| LA State U. \& Ag \& Mech \& Hebert |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laws Ctr. | 222 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 20 | 18 | 6 | 25 | 17 | 24 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 27 | 29 | 11 |
| LA State U.-Health Sciences Ctr. | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LA State U.-Shreveport | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LA Tech U. | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7 |
| New Orleans Baptist Theological |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seminary | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 6 |
| Southern U. \& A \& M C. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Tulane U. LA | 122 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 30 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 17 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 15 |
| U. LA at Lafayette | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| U. LA at Monroe | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| U. New Orleans | 54 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 2 |
| MAINE | 38 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| U. ME | 38 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| MARYLAND | 973 | 24 | 21 | 17 | 66 | 126 | 201 | 127 | 12 | 45 | 118 | 28 | 8 | 8 | 90 | 60 | 22 |
| Baltimore Hebrew U. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 드む 흘 要 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Johns Hopkins U. | 359 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 39 | 109 | 78 | 0 | 3 | 48 | 20 | 1 | 4 | 25 | 5 | 1 |
| Loyola C. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Morgan State U. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Peabody Institute of Johns Hopkins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Uniformed Services U. of the Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sci | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. MD-Baltimore | 81 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| U. MD-Baltimore County | 50 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| U. MD-College Park | 436 | 18 | 6 | 12 | 51 | 79 | 36 | 15 | 11 | 27 | 55 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 49 | 43 | 15 |
| U. MD-Eastern Shore | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MASSACHUSETTS | 2,126 | 111 | 125 | 39 | 110 | 321 | 323 | 93 | 17 | 101 | 278 | 58 | 18 | 23 | 183 | 198 | 128 |
| American International C. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Boston C. | 114 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 19 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 22 | 17 |
| Boston U. | 245 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 13 | 18 | 50 | 15 | 0 | 19 | 24 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 37 | 28 | 13 |
| Brandeis U. | 102 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 34 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 1 |
| Clark U. | 26 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Harvard U. | 552 | 37 | 31 | 3 | 16 | 7 | 101 | 41 | 0 | 6 | 89 | 33 | 7 | 4 | 71 | 76 | 30 |
| MA C. of Pharmacy \& Health Science | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MA Institute of Technology | 501 | 36 | 29 | 25 | 37 | 214 | 55 | 10 | 0 | 8 | 38 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 1 | 33 |
| New England Conservatory of Music | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Northeastern U. | 50 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Simmons C. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Smith C. | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Springfield C . | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Suffolk U. | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tufts U. | 96 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| U. MA Medical School Worcester | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. MA-Amherst | 288 | 11 | 22 | 2 | 22 | 32 | 29 | 9 | 17 | 14 | 30 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 26 | 42 | 15 |
| U. MA-Boston | 29 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| U. MA-Lowell | 43 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Worcester Polytechnic Institute | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MICHIGAN | 1,445 | 41 | 81 | 23 | 68 | 262 | 170 | 55 | 34 | 137 | 137 | 37 | 7 | 24 | 127 | 163 | 79 |
| Andrews U. | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 6 |
| Calvin C. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Central MI U. | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern MIU. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| MII State U. | 431 | 20 | 25 | 2 | 23 | 25 | 54 | 14 | 32 | 41 | 49 | 13 | 3 | 13 | 38 | 48 | 31 |
| MI Technological U. | 42 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 19 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| Oakland U. | 20 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| U. Detroit Mercy | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. MI-Ann Arbor | 607 | 16 | 30 | 16 | 28 | 173 | 74 | 33 | 1 | 24 | 65 | 22 | 2 | 6 | 64 | 25 | 28 |
| Wayne State U. | 225 | 2 | 20 | 0 | 10 | 33 | 35 | 8 | 0 | 27 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 52 | 10 |
| Western MIU. | 60 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 14 | 3 |
| MINNESOTA | 727 | 15 | 23 | 12 | 24 | 83 | 82 | 52 | 25 | 69 | 53 | 11 | 2 | 7 | 66 | 141 | 62 |
| Hamline U. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Luther Seminary | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Mayo Graduate School | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saint Marys U. MN | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| U. MN-Twin Cities | 565 | 15 | 23 | 12 | 23 | 79 | 63 | 35 | 25 | 38 | 48 | 10 | 2 | 7 | 64 | 86 | 35 |
| U. of St. Thomas | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| Walden U. | 105 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 30 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 24 |
| MISSISSIPPI | 334 | 1 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 33 | 8 | 21 | 36 | 17 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 11 | 130 | 32 |
| Delta State U. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Jackson State U. | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 3 |
| MS State U. | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 21 | 7 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 11 |
| U. MS Main Campus | 84 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 31 | 12 |
| U. MS Medical Ctr. | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. Southern MS | 111 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 49 | 6 |
| MISSOURI | 681 | 19 | 44 | 9 | 19 | 70 | 113 | 35 | 20 | 62 | 50 | 4 | 11 | 11 | 46 | 125 | 43 |
| Concordia Seminary | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Saint Louis U.-Main Campus | 110 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 18 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 40 | 8 |
| U. MO-Columbia | 249 | 3 | 13 | 1 | 10 | 17 | 33 | 11 | 20 | 18 | 21 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 58 | 26 |
| U. MO-Kansas City | 61 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 11 | 0 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 지 } \\ & \text { 을 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{\aleph} \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 름 } \\ & \text { 容 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. MO-Rolla | 45 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. MO-St. Louis | 43 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Washington U. in St. Louis | 171 | 8 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 24 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 17 | 3 | 7 |
| MONTANA | 74 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 26 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 1 |
| MT State U.-Bozeman | 36 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 14 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| U. MT-Missoula, The | 38 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| NEBRASKA | 259 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 40 | 12 | 26 | 31 | 17 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 14 | 53 | 18 |
| Creighton U. | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. NE at Lincoln | 211 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 18 | 3 | 26 | 30 | 12 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 14 | 44 | 17 |
| U. NE at Omaha | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 |
| U. NE Medical Ctr. | 25 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NEVADA | 107 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 13 | 15 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 26 | 3 |
| U. Nevada-Las Vegas | 35 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 19 | 2 |
| U. Nevada-Reno | 72 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 1 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE | 97 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 16 | 26 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Antioch New England Graduate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School-NH | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dartmouth C. | 40 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 13 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. New Hampshire-Main Campus | 55 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| NEW JERSEY | 846 | 36 | 27 | 26 | 59 | 137 | 120 | 10 | 12 | 39 | 62 | 32 | 11 | 26 | 129 | 76 | 44 |
| Drew U. | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 26 | 0 | 5 |
| Fairleigh Dickinson U.-All Campuses | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NJ Institute of Technology | 52 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 30 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Princeton Theological Seminary | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 11 |
| Princeton U. | 232 | 19 | 14 | 7 | 26 | 38 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 26 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 55 | 0 | 0 |
| Rutgers U.-New Brunswick | 336 | 10 | 8 | 15 | 21 | 52 | 51 | 4 | 12 | 9 | 30 | 17 | 2 | 13 | 42 | 36 | 14 |
| Rutgers U.-Newark | 36 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Seton Hall U. | 63 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 |
| Stevens Institute of Technology | 23 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| U. of Medicine \& Dentistry of NJ | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NEW MEXICO | 277 | 25 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 33 | 21 | 3 | 10 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 22 | 50 | 18 |
| NM Institute of Mining \& Technology | 14 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| NM State U.-Main Campus | 76 | 9 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 13 | 6 |
| U. NM-Main Campus | 187 | 12 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 20 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 18 | 37 | 12 |
| NEW YORK | 3,373 | 113 | 126 | 59 | 136 | 302 | 545 | 109 | 48 | 359 | 390 | 121 | 43 | 70 | 408 | 338 | 205 |
| Adelphi U. | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 30 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Albany Medical C. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Clarkson U. | 22 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Columbia U. in the City of New York | 380 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 17 | 32 | 57 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 60 | 42 | 5 | 15 | 46 | 0 | 33 |
| Cornell U.-Endowed Colls | 382 | 26 | 17 | 2 | 18 | 61 | 85 | 6 | 40 | 7 | 52 | 4 |  | 6 | 24 | 13 | 15 |
| CUNY Graduate School \& U. Ctr. | 269 | 10 | 11 | 6 | 12 | 9 | 26 | 13 | 0 | 42 | 52 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 54 | 3 | 16 |
| Fordham U. | 116 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 41 | 10 |
| Hofstra U. | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| Jewish Theological Seminary of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| America | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Juilliard School, The | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Long Island U.-Brooklyn Campus | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mount Sinai School of Medicine | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New School U. | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| NY Medical C. | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York U. | 382 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 47 | 26 | 0 | 37 | 49 | 22 | 7 | 13 | 75 | 37 | 44 |
| Pace U.-New York | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Polytechnic U. | 21 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute | 115 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 10 | 78 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Rochester Institute of Technology | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rockefeller U. | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| St. Johns U.-New York | 56 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 28 | 0 |
| SUNY at Albany | 159 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 37 | 30 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 13 | 18 |
| SUNY at Binghamton | 113 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 29 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 15 | 7 | 2 |
| SUNY at Buffalo | 232 | 4 | 18 | 3 | 7 | 39 | 28 | 13 | 0 | 13 | 16 |  | 9 | 10 | 30 | 28 | 10 |
| SUNY at Stony Brook | 219 | 25 | 9 | 10 | 25 | 19 | 45 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 46 | 1 | 0 |
| SUNY C. of Environmental Science \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 26 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { İ } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { 흔 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 言 } \\ & \frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{1}}{1} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUNY Health Science Ctr. at |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brooklyn | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SUNY- Upstate Medical U. | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syracuse U. | 131 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 25 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 23 | 14 |
| Teachers C. at Columbia U. | 179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 37 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 112 | 3 |
| Union Theological Seminary | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| U. Rochester | 183 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 10 | 35 | 7 | 0 | 11 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 52 | 8 | 7 |
| Weill Cornell Medical C. | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Yeshiva U. | 60 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| NORTH CAROLINA | 1,073 | 25 | 62 | 13 | 64 | 129 | 209 | 60 | 42 | 65 | 86 | 21 | 11 | 17 | 91 | 134 | 44 |
| Appalachian State U. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Duke U. | 203 | 3 | 12 | 1 | 10 | 21 | 66 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 24 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 34 | 0 | 7 |
| East Carolina U. | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Fayetteville State U. | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| NC Agricultural \& Technical State U. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NC State U. at Raleigh | 299 | 12 | 9 | 8 | 29 | 81 | 44 | 0 | 41 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 4 |
| Reformed Theological Seminary | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Southeastern Baptist Theological |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seminary | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 |
| U. NC at Chapel Hill | 388 | 7 | 37 | 4 | 22 | 10 | 69 | 57 | 0 | 23 | 44 | 14 | 3 | 10 | 37 | 22 | 29 |
| U. NC at Charlotte | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| U. NC at Greensboro | 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 15 | 35 | 1 |
| Wake Forest U. | 25 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NORTH DAKOTA | 54 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| ND State U.-Main Campus | 24 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. ND-Main Campus | 30 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| OHIO | 1,625 | 59 | 99 | 21 | 34 | 264 | 228 | 75 | 33 | 130 | 93 | 42 | 17 | 19 | 131 | 289 | 91 |
| Air Force Institute of Technology | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bowling Green State U.-Main |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Campus | 72 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 24 | 15 | 4 |
| Case Western Reserve U. | 166 | 4 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 46 | 36 | 14 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 23 |
| Cleveland State U . | 29 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 3 |
| Hebrew Union C.-Jewish Institute of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Religion | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Kent State U.-Main Campus | 128 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 10 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 7 |
| Medical C. OH | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miami U.-Oxford | 52 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 14 | 0 |
| OH State U., The-Main Campus | 616 | 20 | 32 | 15 | 12 | 92 | 78 | 31 | 33 | 38 | 51 | 22 | 3 | 5 | 54 | 101 | 29 |
| OH U.-Main Campus | 108 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 38 | 16 |
| U. Akron Main Campus | 80 | 4 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| U. Cincinnati-Main Campus | 213 | 4 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 42 | 45 | 20 | 0 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 29 | 24 | 8 |
| U. Dayton | 41 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| U. Toledo | 73 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 21 | 1 |
| Wright State U.-Main Campus | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Youngstown State U. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| OKLAHOMA | 374 | 6 | 6 | 16 | 5 | 44 | 35 | 12 | 20 | 33 | 29 | 4 | 1 | 10 | 18 | 96 | 39 |
| OK State U.-Main Campus | 187 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 16 | 17 | 5 | 20 | 19 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 66 | 16 |
| U. OK Norman Campus | 169 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 4 | 21 | 18 | 7 | 0 | 11 | 19 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 30 | 23 |
| U. Tulsa | 18 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OREGON | 359 | 8 | 13 | 6 | 18 | 25 | 68 | 17 | 41 | 18 | 31 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 26 | 60 | 22 |
| OR Graduate Inst of Science \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering-OHSU | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OR Health \& Science U. | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OR State U. | 156 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 14 | 32 | 11 | 41 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 5 |
| Portland State U. | 35 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 10 |
| U. OR | 131 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 26 | 34 | 7 |
| PENNSYLVANIA | 2,000 | 58 | 100 | 21 | 111 | 292 | 252 | 117 | 36 | 136 | 176 | 54 | 21 | 48 | 159 | 298 | 121 |
| Bryn Mawr C. | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 3 |
| Carnegie Mellon U. | 173 | 7 | 13 | 0 | 34 | 78 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 |
| Drexel U. | 43 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 |
| Duquesne U. | 28 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 4 |
| Indiana U. PA-Main Campus | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 8 | 16 | 7 | 15 | 0 |
| Lehigh U. | 78 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 25 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 7 | 0 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \text { त } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { त } \\ & \text { 은 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z } \\ & \stackrel{H}{E} \\ & \stackrel{U}{U} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 읗 응 흔 | W U O O O |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 근 } \\ & \text { 응 } \\ & \text { ভু } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\text { No}}{\frac{0}{ㄹ}}$ |  | $\varnothing$ <br> 흦 <br> $\stackrel{-5}{5}$ <br> 華 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marywood U． | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| MCP Hahnemann U． | 33 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PA State U．－Main Campus | 539 | 22 | 29 | 12 | 16 | 119 | 62 | 22 | 36 | 31 | 38 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 26 | 91 | 17 |
| Temple U． | 236 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 23 | 14 | 0 | 38 | 24 | 14 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 53 | 21 |
| Thomas Jefferson U． | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．PA | 379 | 11 | 21 | 3 | 23 | 18 | 69 | 17 | 0 | 8 | 65 | 17 | 1 | 5 | 45 | 41 | 35 |
| U．Pittsburgh－Main Campus | 335 | 12 | 19 | 4 | 19 | 33 | 46 | 45 | 0 | 22 | 30 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 25 | 50 | 16 |
| U．of the Sciences in Philadelphia | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Villanova U． | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Westminster Theological Seminary | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Widener U．－Main Campus | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| PUERTO RICO | 114 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 28 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 46 | 0 |
| Carlos Albizu U． | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Inter American U．PR－Metro | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| U．PR－Mayaguez | 6 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．PR－Medical Sciences Campus | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．PR－Rio Piedras Campus | 58 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 0 |
| RHODE ISLAND | 231 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 24 | 15 | 29 | 12 | 3 | 12 | 27 | 13 | 3 | 7 | 32 | 4 | 6 |
| Brown U． | 148 | 12 | 10 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 26 | 12 | 1 | 5 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Providence C． | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Salve Regina U． | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| U．RI | 78 | 2 | 5 | 12 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 11 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | 417 | 4 | 25 | 9 | 10 | 59 | 73 | 36 | 14 | 25 | 19 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 24 | 73 | 25 |
| Clemson U． | 116 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 35 | 25 | 1 | 14 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 9 |
| Medical U．SC | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SC State U． | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| U．SC at Columbia | 252 | 3 | 17 | 8 | 9 | 24 | 22 | 35 | 0 | 19 | 17 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 23 | 38 | 16 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | 72 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| SD School of Mines \＆Technology | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SD State U． | 18 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．SD | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| TENNESSEE | 681 | 17 | 21 | 8 | 15 | 62 | 91 | 42 | 10 | 76 | 41 | 12 | 9 | 12 | 45 | 180 | 40 |
| East TN State U． | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 0 |
| Meharry Medical C． | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mid－America Baptist Seminary | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Middle TN State U． | 25 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| TN State U． | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 2 |
| TN Technological U． | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．TN，The | 238 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 4 | 22 | 25 | 15 | 10 | 33 | 22 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 45 | 21 |
| U．TN Health Science Ctr．，The | 36 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U．Memphis | 81 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 22 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 27 | 7 |
| Vanderbilt U． | 189 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 32 | 37 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 13 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 26 | 26 | 6 |
| TEXAS | 2，429 | 79 | 93 | 54 | 117 | 348 | 377 | 120 | 57 | 166 | 151 | 38 | 22 | 37 | 199 | 421 | 150 |
| Baylor C．of Medicine | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Baylor U． | 55 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 20 | 0 |
| Dallas Theological Seminary | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 6 |
| Lamar U．－Beaumont | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Rice U． | 105 | 7 | 9 | 3 | 11 | 25 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Sam Houston State U． | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Methodist U． | 37 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Southwest TX State U． | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southwestern Baptist Theological |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seminary | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 9 |
| St．Mary＇s U． | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Stephen F．Austin State U． | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TXA \＆M U． | 470 | 13 | 27 | 18 | 24 | 114 | 57 | 2 | 35 | 18 | 29 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 83 | 28 |
| TX A \＆M U．－Commerce | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 30 | 0 |
| TX A \＆M U．－Corpus Christi | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| TX A \＆M U．－Kingsville | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| TX Christian U． | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TX Southern U． | 23 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| TX Tech U． | 142 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 16 | 18 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 21 | 23 | 14 |
| TX Tech U．Health Sciences Ctr． | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2002 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 긍 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \text { ভ } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\text { 를 }}{\frac{H 1}{I}}$ |  | ঝ <br> 흦 <br> $\stackrel{-\overline{5}}{\overline{5}}$ <br> 華 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { OU0 } \\ & \text { 믈 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TX Woman's U. | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 37 | 0 | 16 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 6 |
| U. TX at Arlington, The | 71 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 9 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 20 |
| U. TX at Austin, The | 637 | 34 | 31 | 11 | 28 | 134 | 44 | 25 | 0 | 36 | 44 | 11 | 3 | 11 | 86 | 94 | 45 |
| U. TX at Dallas, The | 63 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 3 |
| U. TX at El Paso, The | 27 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 |
| U. TX Health Science Ctr, The | 83 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| U. TX Health Science-San Antonio, The | 34 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. TX Medical Branch-Galveston, The | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| U. TX Southwest Medical Ctr.-Dallas, The | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. TX-Pan American, The | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 |
| U. Dallas | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| U. Houston-University Park | 157 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 21 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 47 | 10 |
| U. North TX | 154 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 53 | 7 |
| U. North TX-Health Sci Ctr. at Ft. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Worth | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UTAH | 355 | 11 | 32 | 7 | 18 | 45 | 71 | 19 | 9 | 50 | 22 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 11 | 36 | 16 |
| Brigham Young U. | 64 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| U. UT | 221 | 5 | 24 | 7 | 13 | 28 | 49 | 14 | 0 | 17 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 11 | 17 | 16 |
| UT State U. | 70 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 0 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| VERMONT | 57 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 5 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Middlebury C. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| U. VT \& State Agricultural C. | 54 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 5 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| VIRGINIA | 1,007 | 27 | 36 | 34 | 49 | 144 | 104 | 35 | 29 | 75 | 86 | 28 | 6 | 11 | 39 | 231 | 73 |
| C. of William and Mary | 56 | 6 | 0 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 22 | 0 |
| George Mason U. | 130 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 19 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 19 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 31 | 2 |
| Hampton U. | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Norfolk State U. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Old Dominion U. | 59 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 7 |
| Regent U. | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| Union Theological Seminary \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Presbyterian School | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 3 |
| U. VA-Main Campus | 319 | 9 | 15 | 5 | 8 | 36 | 40 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 34 | 20 | 6 | 11 | 24 | 85 | 5 |
| VA Commonwealth U. | 108 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 31 | 9 | 0 | 11 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 14 |
| VA Polytechnic Institute \& State U. | 310 | 3 | 11 | 7 | 12 | 88 | 19 | 6 | 28 | 29 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 32 |
| WASHINGTON | 651 | 20 | 23 | 17 | 30 | 102 | 127 | 32 | 41 | 37 | 62 | 17 | 3 | 8 | 38 | 56 | 38 |
| Gonzaga U. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| Seattle Pacific U. | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Seattle U. | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| U. WA-Seattle Campus | 455 | 17 | 16 | 14 | 27 | 80 | 99 | 28 | 17 | 13 | 48 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 36 | 20 | 22 |
| WA State U. | 162 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 22 | 28 | 4 | 24 | 14 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 15 | 13 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | 147 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 20 | 17 | 4 | 10 | 19 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 43 | 1 |
| Marshall U. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| WV U. | 143 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 20 | 13 | 4 | 10 | 19 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 43 | 1 |
| WISCONSIN | 848 | 26 | 35 | 14 | 41 | 87 | 140 | 19 | 43 | 46 | 79 | 28 | 9 | 20 | 94 | 130 | 37 |
| Cardinal Stritch U. | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 1 |
| Marquette U. | 59 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 19 | 4 | 1 |
| Medical C. WI | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. WI-Madison | 649 | 23 | 28 | 14 | 37 | 76 | 113 | 15 | 43 | 21 | 63 | 25 | 4 | 11 | 72 | 76 | 28 |
| U. WI-Milwaukee | 86 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 16 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 7 |
| WYOMING | 55 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| U. WY | 55 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 |

[^24]| Rank | Institution | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | U. CA Berkeley | 799 |
| 2. | U. WI-Madison | 649 |
| 3. | U. CA Los Angeles | 642 |
| 4. | U. TX at Austin, The | 637 |
| 5. | OH State U.-Main Campus | 616 |
| 6. | U. MI-Ann Arbor | 607 |
| 7. | U. IL at Urbana-Champaign | 603 |
| 8. | U. MN-Twin Cities | 565 |
| 9. | Harvard U. | 552 |
| 10. | Nova Southeastern U. | 541 |
| 11. | PA State U.-Main Campus | 539 |
| 12. | Stanford U. | 526 |
| 13. | MA Institute of Technology | 501 |
| 14. | TXA \& MU. | 470 |
| 15. | U. WA-Seattle Campus | 455 |
| 16. | U. MD-College Park | 436 |
| 17. | MI State U. | 431 |
| 18. | U. FL | 426 |
| 19. | U. Southern CA | 413 |
| 20. | Purdue U.-Main Campus | 412 |
| 21. | U. GA | 390 |
| 22. | U. NC at Chapel Hill | 388 |
| 23. | Cornell U.-Endowed Colleges | 382 |
| 23. | New York U. | 382 |
| 25. | Columbia U. in The City of New York | 380 |
| 26. | U. PA | 379 |
| 27. | U. AZ | 368 |
| 28. | Indiana U.-Bloomington | 365 |
| 29. | Johns Hopkins U. | 359 |
| 30. | U. CA Davis | 347 |
| 31. | Rutgers U.-New Brunswick | 336 |
| 32. | U. Pittsburgh-Main Campus | 335 |
| 33. | U. Chicago, The | 333 |
| 34. | U. IA | 320 |
| 35. | U. VA-Main Campus | 319 |
| 36. | VA Polytechnic Institute and State U. | 310 |
| 37. | AZ State U.-Main Campus | 307 |
| 38. | Yale U | 301 |
| 39. | Northwestern U. | 299 |
| 39. | NC State U. at Raleigh | 299 |
| 41. | U. MA-Amherst | 288 |
| 42. | CUNY Graduate School and University Center | 269 |
| 43. | U. CO at Boulder | 256 |
| 44. | GA Institute of Technology-Main Campus | 256 |
| 45. | FL State U. | 253 |
| 46. | U. SC at Columbia | 252 |
| 47. | U. CA San Diego | 251 |
| 48. | U. MO-Columbia | 249 |
| 49. | Boston U. | 245 |
| 50. | IA State U. | 238 |
| 50. | U. TN | 238 |

## APPENDIX B: Trend Tables, 1992-2002

Appendix B includes the following two tables:
B-1: Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002
B-2: Number of doctorate recipients, by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship, 1992-2002

TABLE B-1: Table B-1 presents data for the most recent decade by subfield of doctorate. In general, the subfields correspond to the fields on the questionnaire's Specialties List located in the questionnaire at the back of the Summary Report; some subfields, however, do not appear on the current Specialties List because they are no longer included in the survey taxonomy. A dash (-) in a column indicates that the field was not on the Specialties List for that year.

Field groupings in this table may differ from those in reports published by Federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED); see inside the back cover of the Summary Report for a description of field groupings as reported in these tables. The "general" field categories-for example, "chemistry, general"-include individuals who either received the doctorate in the general subject area or did not indicate a particular specialty field. The "other" field categories-for example, "chemistry, other"-include individuals whose specified doctoral discipline was not among the specialty fields.

The eight tables in Appendix A present additional information on the most recent cohort of research doctorate recipients by field of doctorate.

TABLE B-2: Table B-2 displays, by sex and citizenship, data on the race/ethnicity of doctorate recipients for 1992-2002. Table B-2 contains three panels, each displayed on a separate page. The first panel includes all doctorates; the others disaggregate the data by sex.

Since 1982, respondents have been asked to first indicate whether or not they are Hispanic, and then check one or more of the various racial group categories: American Indian or Alaska Native (indicating Tribal Affiliation since 2001), Asian, Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders, black, or white. In Table B-2, doctorate recipients who reported Hispanic heritage, regardless of racial designation, are counted as Hispanic. The remaining survey respondents are then counted in their respective racial groups or as "Other/Unknown" (which includes only those who did not indicate a specific race/ethnicity through 2000, and also includes those choosing "Multiple Race" or "Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders" since 2001).

Appendix Table B-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002

|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL ALL FIELDS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38,889 | 39,800 | 41,033 | 41,748 | 42,436 | 42,556 | 42,652 | 41,098 | 41,356 | 40,790 | 39,955 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENCES | 6,501 | 6,496 | 6,822 | 6,808 | 6,675 | 6,679 | 6,743 | 6,322 | 6,074 | 5,969 | 5,715 |
| MATHEMATICS | 1,058 | 1,146 | 1,118 | 1,190 | 1,122 | 1,123 | 1,177 | 1,083 | 1,050 | 1,007 | 917 |
| Applied Mathematics | 213 | 188 | 206 | 211 | 230 | 242 | 265 | 252 | 238 | 214 | 225 |
| Algebra | 69 | 84 | 78 | 82 | 78 | 78 | 75 | 84 | 82 | 68 | 65 |
| Analysis \& Functional Analysis | 105 | 105 | 107 | 99 | 100 | 103 | 130 | 86 | 81 | 91 | 74 |
| Geometry | 45 | 44 | 35 | 45 | 72 | 70 | 54 | 65 | 59 | 40 | 52 |
| Logic | 28 | 19 | 29 | 35 | 16 | 23 | 16 | 23 | 19 | 24 | 14 |
| Number Theory | 25 | 42 | 37 | 35 | 42 | 46 | 46 | 50 | 40 | 35 | 26 |
| Mathematical Statistics | 217 | 228 | 205 | 205 | 178 | 181 | 204 | 174 | 195 | 198 | 167 |
| Topology | 58 | 54 | 38 | 51 | 55 | 62 | 65 | 65 | 50 | 54 | 39 |
| Computing Theory \& Practice | 12 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 14 | 17 | 11 | 11 |
| Operations Research | 22 | 37 | 26 | 36 | 21 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 19 | 14 | 19 |
| Mathematics, General | 209 | 276 | 269 | 305 | 233 | 153 | 163 | 116 | 151 | 155 | 133 |
| Mathematics, Other | 55 | 51 | 72 | 72 | 79 | 131 | 124 | 133 | 99 | 103 | 92 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE | 869 | 880 | 903 | 997 | 920 | 909 | 927 | 855 | 859 | 826 | 811 |
| Computer Science | 791 | 825 | 833 | 913 | 836 | 828 | 821 | 741 | 721 | 688 | 677 |
| Information Sciences \& Systems | 78 | 55 | 70 | 84 | 84 | 81 | 106 | 114 | 138 | 81 | 79 |
| Computer/Info Science, Other | ---- | ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | 57 | 55 |
| PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY | 1,537 | 1,544 | 1,692 | 1,652 | 1,677 | 1,599 | 1,585 | 1,430 | 1,389 | 1,378 | 1,268 |
| Astronomy | 55 | 76 | 66 | 89 | 84 | 71 | 91 | 59 | 78 | 89 | 54 |
| Astrophysics | 79 | 69 | 78 | 84 | 108 | 127 | 116 | 100 | 107 | 97 | 90 |
| Acoustics | 18 | 27 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 18 |
| Chem. \& Atomic/Molecular | 85 | 95 | 140 | 110 | 129 | 106 | 100 | 100 | 110 | 81 | 81 |
| Elementary Particles | 153 | 170 | 176 | 183 | 176 | 170 | 173 | 169 | 147 | 121 | 156 |
| Fluids | 17 | 19 | 12 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 26 | 23 | 10 | 8 | 15 |
| Nuclear | 86 | 82 | 90 | 91 | 87 | 106 | 92 | 77 | 74 | 80 | 74 |
| Optics | 94 | 96 | 104 | 98 | 129 | 123 | 105 | 98 | 117 | 107 | 107 |
| Plasma \& High-Temperature | 65 | 62 | 79 | 46 | 48 | 39 | 55 | 49 | 38 | 39 | 29 |
| Polymer | 17 | 29 | 29 | 23 | 33 | 19 | 24 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 22 |
| Solid State \& Low-Temperature | 408 | 336 | 388 | 371 | 364 | 328 | 314 | 307 | 279 | 295 | 298 |
| Physics, General | 297 | 340 | 343 | 355 | 323 | 255 | 190 | 202 | 224 | 206 | 178 |
| Physics, Other | 163 | 143 | 167 | 166 | 156 | 212 | 281 | 202 | 174 | 227 | 146 |
| CHEMISTRY | 2,213 | 2,137 | 2,257 | 2,162 | 2,149 | 2,148 | 2,216 | 2,132 | 1,989 | 1,980 | 1,922 |
| Analytical | 304 | 286 | 334 | 317 | 346 | 350 | 383 | 333 | 326 | 334 | 301 |
| Inorganic | 267 | 237 | 262 | 258 | 249 | 279 | 287 | 279 | 221 | 280 | 246 |
| Nuclear | 7 | 8 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 9 |
| Organic | 512 | 518 | 544 | 483 | 507 | 567 | 598 | 563 | 525 | 522 | 523 |
| Medicinal/Pharmaceutical | 69 | 99 | 102 | 96 | 96 | 105 | 114 | 131 | 107 | 115 | 99 |
| Physical | 398 | 336 | 334 | 338 | 300 | 334 | 279 | 310 | 270 | 285 | 302 |
| Polymer | 83 | 107 | 117 | 116 | 121 | 110 | 122 | 95 | 107 | 107 | 101 |
| Theoretical | 59 | 53 | 52 | 40 | 57 | 48 | 41 | 56 | 52 | 40 | 48 |
| Chemistry, General | 449 | 431 | 447 | 458 | 396 | 261 | 285 | 196 | 262 | 201 | 207 |
| Chemistry, Other | 65 | 62 | 55 | 51 | 72 | 86 | 101 | 159 | 110 | 92 | 86 |
| EARTH, ATMOS., \& MARINE SCI. | 824 | 789 | 852 | 807 | 807 | 900 | 838 | 822 | 787 | 778 | 797 |
| Atmospheric Physics \& Chemistry | 36 | 13 | 27 | 27 | 22 | 45 | 38 | 43 | 39 | 33 | 39 |
| Atmospheric Dynamics | 23 | 23 | 27 | 16 | 21 | 25 | 24 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 13 |
| Meteorology | 28 | 34 | 32 | 25 | 35 | 28 | 25 | 22 | 34 | 20 | 15 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, General | 27 | 22 | 37 | 44 | 33 | 36 | 22 | 32 | 36 | 34 | 27 |
| Atmos. Sci./Meteorology, Other | 6 | 7 | 6 | 18 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 10 | 17 | 12 | 23 |
| Geology | 166 | 197 | 194 | 186 | 162 | 165 | 171 | 157 | 124 | 115 | 131 |
| Geochemistry | 62 | 50 | 59 | 42 | 49 | 49 | 58 | 55 | 49 | 41 | 70 |
| Geophysics \& Seismology | 108 | 101 | 106 | 93 | 101 | 108 | 106 | 100 | 70 | 88 | 91 |
| Paleontology | 25 | 21 | 17 | 20 | 14 | 23 | 23 | 15 | 31 | 16 | 22 |
| Mineralogy, Petrology | 29 | 9 | 21 | 19 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 5 | 15 | 13 |
| Stratigraphy, Sedimentation | 23 | 28 | 27 | 16 | 12 | 23 | 24 | 17 | 13 | 13 | 7 |
| Geomorphology \& Glacial Geology | 12 | 16 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 26 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 16 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., General | 18 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 27 | 16 | 13 | 9 | 20 | 16 | 12 |
| Geological \& Related Sci., Other | 31 | 17 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 17 | 40 | 35 | 18 | 34 | 30 |
| Environmental Science | 57 | 68 | 61 | 81 | 83 | 96 | 73 | 99 | 94 | 118 | 109 |
| Hydrology \& Water Resources | 29 | 25 | 30 | 24 | 31 | 43 | 35 | 32 | 43 | 45 | 35 |
| Oceanography | 82 | 98 | 91 | 83 | 107 | 114 | 94 | 100 | 99 | 85 | 86 |
| Marine Sciences | 32 | 27 | 34 | 32 | 27 | 30 | 18 | 30 | 35 | 36 | 41 |
| Misc. Physical Sci., Other | 30 | 18 | 28 | 27 | 13 | 22 | 24 | 17 | 29 | 30 | 17 |

Appendix Table B-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002, continued

|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENGINEERING | 5,438 | 5,698 | 5,821 | 6,008 | 6,309 | 6,118 | 5,926 | 5,332 | 5,319 | 5,501 | 5,073 |
| Aerospace, Aeronautic. \& Astronautic. | 234 | 228 | 230 | 252 | 287 | 273 | 242 | 207 | 214 | 203 | 208 |
| Agricultural | 84 | 86 | 89 | 73 | 104 | 79 | 74 | 59 | 60 | 52 | 50 |
| Bioeng. \& Biomedical | 147 | 171 | 173 | 189 | 220 | 211 | 208 | 245 | 252 | 232 | 246 |
| Ceramic Sciences | 42 | 42 | 39 | 39 | 41 | 39 | 24 | 33 | 22 | 17 | 13 |
| Chemical | 607 | 624 | 630 | 602 | 681 | 662 | 669 | 576 | 618 | 633 | 607 |
| Civil | 540 | 563 | 601 | 572 | 600 | 593 | 587 | 506 | 479 | 500 | 539 |
| Communications | 30 | 22 | 33 | 29 | 32 | 33 | 40 | 39 | 42 | 47 | 21 |
| Computer | 175 | 167 | 202 | 189 | 208 | 227 | 210 | 203 | 172 | 186 | 164 |
| Electrical, Electronics | 1,278 | 1,354 | 1,438 | 1,513 | 1,501 | 1,461 | 1,346 | 1,236 | 1,328 | 1,343 | 1,208 |
| Engineering Mechanics | 132 | 128 | 132 | 108 | 105 | 93 | 86 | 68 | 57 | 75 | 56 |
| Engineering Physics | 25 | 21 | 17 | 17 | 37 | 24 | 15 | 28 | 26 | 22 | 16 |
| Engineering Science | 51 | 55 | 46 | 56 | 52 | 45 | 49 | 49 | 34 | 53 | 31 |
| Environmental Health Engineering | 54 | 61 | 82 | 84 | 98 | 63 | 63 | 78 | 76 | 94 | 87 |
| Ind./Manufacturing | 196 | 236 | 228 | 284 | 259 | 246 | 229 | 212 | 176 | 205 | 229 |
| Materials Science | 365 | 416 | 433 | 476 | 472 | 483 | 482 | 393 | 404 | 448 | 363 |
| Mechanical | 855 | 902 | 883 | 917 | 947 | 930 | 937 | 787 | 806 | 878 | 773 |
| Metallurgical | 78 | 77 | 67 | 73 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 43 | 25 | 32 | 19 |
| Mining \& Mineral | 26 | 24 | 23 | 19 | 31 | 33 | 21 | 18 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| Nuclear | 120 | 108 | 85 | 105 | 113 | 103 | 96 | 76 | 98 | 75 | 64 |
| Ocean | 21 | 24 | 29 | 21 | 26 | 34 | 29 | 16 | 18 | 28 | 23 |
| Operations Research | 56 | 56 | 47 | 48 | 74 | 74 | 62 | 67 | 51 | 55 | 66 |
| Petroleum | 54 | 52 | 42 | 48 | 52 | 51 | 48 | 45 | 44 | 37 | 45 |
| Polymer/Plastics | 64 | 61 | 53 | 58 | 65 | 54 | 59 | 53 | 62 | 57 | 53 |
| Systems | 37 | 57 | 51 | 47 | 47 | 49 | 68 | 42 | 34 | 47 | 45 |
| Engineering, General | 64 | 47 | 39 | 60 | 60 | 51 | 29 | 40 | 42 | 25 | 19 |
| Engineering, Other | 103 | 116 | 129 | 129 | 136 | 147 | 194 | 213 | 169 | 147 | 120 |
| LIFE SCIENCES | 7,115 | 7,395 | 7,738 | 7,917 | 8,253 | 8,326 | 8,540 | 8,106 | 8,531 | 8,311 | 8,350 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES | 4,799 | 5,092 | 5,202 | 5,376 | 5,723 | 5,789 | 5,846 | 5,582 | 5,854 | 5,687 | 5,680 |
| Biochemistry | 715 | 846 | 804 | 824 | 794 | 832 | 800 | 760 | 776 | 727 | 781 |
| Biomedical Sciences | ----- | ----- | ----- | 93 | 141 | 158 | 183 | 176 | 155 | 155 | 217 |
| Biophysics | 125 | 103 | 123 | 155 | 142 | 147 | 166 | 173 | 164 | 162 | 151 |
| Biotechnology Research | ---- | 8 | 14 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 12 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 13 |
| Bacteriology | 13 | 14 | 18 | 13 | 16 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 12 |
| Plant Genetics | 33 | 41 | 30 | 35 | 41 | 30 | 40 | 31 | 35 | 31 | 57 |
| Plant Pathology | 32 | 41 | 40 | 32 | 38 | 33 | 18 | 36 | 25 | 31 | 24 |
| Plant Physiology | 68 | 48 | 70 | 55 | 73 | 47 | 61 | 54 | 39 | 45 | 43 |
| Botany, Other | 107 | 105 | 117 | 102 | 105 | 91 | 113 | 67 | 92 | 75 | 84 |
| Anatomy | 75 | 76 | 66 | 64 | 47 | 50 | 35 | 33 | 39 | 29 | 21 |
| Biometrics \& Biostatistics | 63 | 74 | 72 | 67 | 80 | 84 | 75 | 76 | 92 | 90 | 81 |
| Cell Biology | 188 | 231 | 237 | 236 | 233 | 251 | 300 | 281 | 337 | 315 | 303 |
| Ecology | 180 | 177 | 201 | 203 | 245 | 255 | 293 | 273 | 296 | 337 | 311 |
| Developmental Biology/Embryology | 48 | 57 | 62 | 64 | 96 | 115 | 127 | 108 | 111 | 107 | 94 |
| Endocrinology | 27 | 16 | 26 | 20 | 24 | 17 | 30 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 14 |
| Entomology | 139 | 114 | 123 | 121 | 136 | 123 | 138 | 114 | 137 | 89 | 113 |
| Biological Immunology | 181 | 169 | 161 | 190 | 238 | 214 | 245 | 223 | 239 | 266 | 276 |
| Molecular Biology | 527 | 582 | 598 | 617 | 651 | 775 | 736 | 716 | 707 | 709 | 617 |
| Microbiology | 377 | 433 | 423 | 426 | 444 | 410 | 383 | 383 | 382 | 396 | 383 |
| Neuroscience | 238 | 276 | 284 | 308 | 404 | 437 | 413 | 431 | 495 | 485 | 490 |
| Nutritional Sciences | 132 | 134 | 147 | 136 | 142 | 124 | 139 | 102 | 150 | 135 | 141 |
| Parasitology | 17 | 17 | 22 | 14 | 22 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 19 | 22 | 17 |
| Toxicology | 105 | 100 | 120 | 126 | 138 | 180 | 155 | 114 | 123 | 133 | 122 |
| Human \& Animal Genetics | 142 | 172 | 203 | 202 | 212 | 217 | 197 | 216 | 228 | 197 | 223 |
| Human \& Animal Pathology | 114 | 130 | 128 | 109 | 135 | 106 | 90 | 120 | 106 | 116 | 115 |
| Human \& Animal Pharmacology | 279 | 274 | 259 | 278 | 316 | 300 | 255 | 254 | 267 | 257 | 267 |
| Human \& Animal Physiology | 266 | 271 | 289 | 262 | 275 | 227 | 258 | 244 | 241 | 215 | 206 |
| Zoology, Other | 134 | 114 | 117 | 145 | 100 | 97 | 111 | 126 | 133 | 103 | 122 |
| Biological Sciences, General | 315 | 305 | 288 | 348 | 291 | 209 | 217 | 182 | 200 | 195 | 185 |
| Biological Sciences, Other | 159 | 164 | 160 | 127 | 138 | 219 | 228 | 225 | 217 | 221 | 197 |
| HEALTH SCIENCES | 1,112 | 1,197 | 1,296 | 1,329 | 1,324 | 1,421 | 1,500 | 1,407 | 1,591 | 1,620 | 1,659 |
| Speech-Lang. Pathology \& Audiology | 82 | 98 | 95 | 106 | 94 | 88 | 95 | 86 | 106 | 92 | 100 |
| Environmental Health | 44 | 38 | 51 | 51 | 58 | 67 | 54 | 69 | 52 | 56 | 51 |
| Health Systems/Services Admin. | ----- | 35 | 53 | 62 | 60 | 66 | 62 | 62 | 59 | 51 | 55 |
| Public Health | 157 | 153 | 142 | 152 | 156 | 138 | 156 | 173 | 207 | 215 | 217 |
| Epidemiology | 108 | 120 | 168 | 153 | 149 | 151 | 165 | 179 | 191 | 168 | 199 |
| Exercise Physiology/Sci., Kinesiology | ----- | ----- | 87 | 118 | 105 | 105 | 129 | 104 | 130 | 152 | 148 |
| Nursing | 338 | 373 | 336 | 354 | 354 | 420 | 399 | 353 | 414 | 363 | 437 |
| Pharmacy | 160 | 146 | 148 | 144 | 145 | 142 | 156 | 137 | 164 | 148 | 161 |

Appendix Table B-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002, continued

|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rehabilitation/Therapeutic Services | 25 | 36 | 43 | 20 | 26 | 34 | 35 | 26 | 40 | 118 | 73 |
| Veterinary Medicine | 63 | 61 | 56 | 55 | 65 | 47 | 49 | 49 | 50 | 60 | 56 |
| Health Sciences, General | 30 | 38 | 41 | 35 | 22 | 45 | 17 | 32 | 49 | 35 | 38 |
| Health Sciences, Other | 105 | 99 | 76 | 79 | 90 | 118 | 183 | 137 | 129 | 162 | 124 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES | 1,204 | 1,106 | 1,240 | 1,212 | 1,206 | 1,116 | 1,194 | 1,117 | 1,086 | 1,004 | 1,011 |
| Agricultural Economics | 141 | 137 | 162 | 173 | 169 | 133 | 155 | 149 | 138 | 154 | 119 |
| Agricultural Business \& Management | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| Animal Breeding \& Genetics | 23 | 18 | 17 | 19 | 12 | 24 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 16 | 14 |
| Animal Nutrition | 41 | 52 | 58 | 50 | 54 | 55 | 45 | 47 | 45 | 45 | 49 |
| Dairy Science | 14 | 11 | 11 | 14 | 9 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 2 | 7 |
| Poultry Science | 22 | 16 | 21 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 10 |
| Fisheries Science \& Management | 26 | 38 | 48 | 49 | 46 | 45 | 30 | 38 | 43 | 44 | 53 |
| Animal Sciences, Other | 97 | 74 | 86 | 85 | 90 | 62 | 60 | 70 | 73 | 71 | 70 |
| Agronomy \& Crop Science | 123 | 104 | 143 | 114 | 110 | 77 | 97 | 106 | 70 | 75 | 73 |
| Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 82 | 68 | 81 | 72 | 63 | 67 | 69 | 44 | 68 | 37 | 59 |
| Plant Pathology | 63 | 58 | 55 | 52 | 90 | 65 | 66 | 66 | 63 | 51 | 53 |
| Plant Sciences, Other | 29 | 28 | 24 | 30 | 21 | 20 | 37 | 38 | 29 | 23 | 26 |
| Food Distribution | ---- | ---- | 1 | - | ----- | ---- | ---- | ----- | ---- | ----- | -- |
| Food Engineering | 14 | 9 | 16 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 7 |
| Food Sciences, Other | 151 | 141 | 152 | 135 | 142 | 175 | 153 | 137 | 142 | 128 | 129 |
| Soil Chemistry/Microbiology | 24 | 26 | 21 | 27 | 29 | 32 | 27 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 29 |
| Soil Sciences, Other | 63 | 59 | 69 | 72 | 78 | 56 | 74 | 67 | 64 | 55 | 54 |
| Horticulture Science | 65 | 62 | 65 | 67 | 73 | 44 | 60 | 66 | 55 | 37 | 46 |
| Forest Biology | 29 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 19 | 22 | 20 | 14 | 22 | 27 | 19 |
| Forest Engineering | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Forest Management | 16 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 27 | 17 | 13 | 13 | 14 |
| Wood Sci. \& Pulp/Paper Tech. | 21 | 20 | 26 | 26 | 18 | 25 | 25 | 21 | 11 | 20 | 29 |
| Conserv./Renewable Nat. Res. | 9 | 13 | 21 | 24 | 13 | 17 | 25 | 25 | 19 | 32 | 27 |
| Forestry \& Related Sci., Other | 62 | 55 | 59 | 71 | 55 | 50 | 69 | 50 | 54 | 48 | 56 |
| Wildlife/Range Mgt | 55 | 54 | 52 | 50 | 64 | 50 | 56 | 44 | 56 | 40 | 37 |
| Agricultural Sciences, General | 9 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 2 | 4 |
| Agricultural Sciences, Other | 23 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 18 | 35 | 30 | 27 | 34 | 23 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES \& PSYCHOLOGY | 6,216 | 6,545 | 6,613 | 6,635 | 6,823 | 7,045 | 7,074 | 7,046 | 7,110 | 6,835 | 6,611 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCES | 2,953 | 3,125 | 3,234 | 3,206 | 3,328 | 3,484 | 3,398 | 3,373 | 3,492 | 3,391 | 3,412 |
| Anthropology | 320 | 342 | 384 | 375 | 397 | 434 | 425 | 463 | 446 | 410 | 495 |
| Area Studies | 33 | 36 | 34 | 27 | 28 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 14 | 19 | 25 |
| Criminology | 37 | 39 | 41 | 44 | 60 | 49 | 55 | 51 | 66 | 62 | 55 |
| Demography/Population Studies | 17 | 22 | 23 | 15 | 11 | 24 | 30 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 20 |
| Economics | 885 | 906 | 913 | 952 | 979 | 999 | 976 | 911 | 933 | 914 | 889 |
| Econometrics | 25 | 24 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 31 | 25 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 14 |
| Geography | 111 | 137 | 146 | 150 | 165 | 149 | 154 | 144 | 197 | 186 | 197 |
| International Relations/Affairs | 76 | 102 | 112 | 73 | 99 | 88 | 96 | 119 | 77 | 91 | 82 |
| Political Science \& Government | 513 | 507 | 589 | 599 | 622 | 665 | 662 | 655 | 669 | 658 | 606 |
| Public Policy Analysis | 107 | 98 | 94 | 94 | 104 | 127 | 97 | 125 | 137 | 139 | 146 |
| Sociology | 495 | 513 | 525 | 540 | 517 | 577 | 549 | 544 | 616 | 565 | 545 |
| Statistics | 29 | 48 | 46 | 48 | 48 | 56 | 61 | 72 | 60 | 49 | 54 |
| Urban Affairs/Studies | 86 | 123 | 132 | 103 | 108 | 92 | 77 | 57 | 79 | 80 | 92 |
| Social Sciences, General | 33 | 32 | 21 | 35 | 26 | 26 | 30 | 25 | 38 | 25 | 33 |
| Social Sciences, Other | 186 | 196 | 148 | 124 | 135 | 157 | 147 | 153 | 126 | 168 | 159 |
| PSYCHOLOGY | 3,263 | 3,420 | 3,379 | 3,429 | 3,495 | 3,561 | 3,676 | 3,673 | 3,618 | 3,444 | 3,199 |
| Clinical | 1,309 | 1,373 | 1,285 | 1,290 | 1,327 | 1,258 | 1,344 | 1,444 | 1,353 | 1,262 | 1,212 |
| Cognitive \& Psycholinguistics | 101 | 104 | 129 | 104 | 128 | 166 | 113 | 143 | 140 | 141 | 121 |
| Comparative | 2 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| Counseling | 507 | 488 | 497 | 471 | 465 | 488 | 448 | 460 | 475 | 482 | 469 |
| Developmental and Child | 170 | 202 | 179 | 152 | 188 | 215 | 267 | 193 | 203 | 193 | 173 |
| Human/Individual \& Family Develop. | ----- | ----- | 129 | 150 | 151 | 126 | 119 | 135 | 148 | 137 | 137 |
| Experimental | 154 | 143 | 139 | 151 | 128 | 146 | 149 | 139 | 133 | 134 | 112 |
| Educational | 91 | 91 | 69 | 74 | 92 | 61 | 61 | 64 | 97 | 48 | 54 |
| Family \& Marriage Counseling | ----- | ---- | ----- | 57 | 51 | 64 | 51 | 56 | 54 | 45 | 67 |
| Industrial \& Organizational | 138 | 159 | 137 | 155 | 162 | 187 | 189 | 159 | 188 | 173 | 154 |
| Personality | 17 | 22 | 19 | 16 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 16 | 23 | 11 | 17 |
| Physiological/Psychobiology | 55 | 85 | 93 | 92 | 80 | 77 | 92 | 87 | 89 | 92 | 87 |
| Psychometrics | 5 | 9 | 5 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 15 | 13 | 2 | 9 |
| Quantitative | 10 | 16 | 17 | 13 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 8 | 10 | 13 |
| School | 88 | 95 | 84 | 91 | 82 | 84 | 106 | 121 | 99 | 109 | 89 |
| Social | 139 | 125 | 153 | 155 | 170 | 181 | 186 | 176 | 207 | 198 | 181 |
| Psychology, General | 295 | 306 | 280 | 306 | 281 | 318 | 300 | 236 | 239 | 225 | 150 |
| Psychology, Other | 182 | 197 | 156 | 138 | 133 | 130 | 196 | 204 | 142 | 177 | 152 |

Appendix Table B-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002, continued

|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HUMANITIES | 4,444 | 4,481 | 4,742 | 5,062 | 5,115 | 5,435 | 5,514 | 5,459 | 5,637 | 5,593 | 5,373 |
| GENERAL HUMANITIES | 2,879 | 2,852 | 3,101 | 3,208 | 3,366 | 3,564 | 3,612 | 3,656 | 3,754 | 3,802 | 3,612 |
| History, American | 277 | 269 | 310 | 344 | 355 | 373 | 408 | 418 | 443 | 425 | 421 |
| History, Asian | ----- | ----- | ----- | 43 | 54 | 54 | 70 | 68 | 51 | 51 | 67 |
| History, European | 176 | 162 | 180 | 185 | 187 | 245 | 230 | 235 | 243 | 246 | 232 |
| History/Philosophy of Sci. \& Tech. | 28 | 37 | 27 | 41 | 37 | 36 | 44 | 50 | 42 | 40 | 46 |
| History, General | 102 | 116 | 140 | 148 | 101 | 82 | 86 | 75 | 102 | 75 | 82 |
| History, Other | 141 | 142 | 144 | 128 | 123 | 176 | 152 | 164 | 180 | 190 | 182 |
| Classics | 58 | 61 | 84 | 62 | 72 | 53 | 85 | 77 | 64 | 55 | 57 |
| Comparative Literature | 163 | 153 | 163 | 191 | 164 | 181 | 164 | 166 | 189 | 203 | 175 |
| Linguistics | 266 | 214 | 221 | 201 | 230 | 244 | 220 | 251 | 230 | 229 | 195 |
| Speech \& Rhetoric al Studies | 98 | 111 | 142 | 139 | 155 | 138 | 169 | 150 | 143 | 126 | 137 |
| Letters, General | 18 | 18 | 22 | 43 | 28 | 23 | 22 | 19 | 55 | 34 | 33 |
| Letters, Other | 38 | 37 | 25 | 34 | 61 | 60 | 82 | 82 | 93 | 94 | 81 |
| American Studies | 81 | 101 | 88 | 94 | 115 | 84 | 100 | 98 | 113 | 127 | 97 |
| Archeology | 33 | 38 | 34 | 35 | 21 | 35 | 34 | 26 | 36 | 40 | 27 |
| Art History/Criticism/Conservation | 154 | 158 | 182 | 181 | 177 | 188 | 221 | 188 | 228 | 223 | 217 |
| Music | 641 | 613 | 683 | 713 | 697 | 727 | 696 | 767 | 748 | 786 | 763 |
| Philosophy | 279 | 274 | 302 | 298 | 369 | 446 | 410 | 389 | 364 | 412 | 360 |
| Religion | 231 | 257 | 252 | 248 | 317 | 303 | 327 | 334 | 348 | 342 | 348 |
| Drama/Theater Arts | 95 | 91 | 102 | 80 | 103 | 116 | 92 | 99 | 82 | 104 | 92 |
| LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE | 1,465 | 1,523 | 1,537 | 1,718 | 1,618 | 1,746 | 1,721 | 1,648 | 1,711 | 1,597 | 1,591 |
| American Literature | 291 | 293 | 296 | 327 | 314 | 408 | 389 | 372 | 460 | 385 | 365 |
| English Language \& Literature | 612 | 655 | 647 | 752 | 699 | 686 | 689 | 650 | 610 | 592 | 603 |
| French | 124 | 137 | 129 | 151 | 142 | 150 | 137 | 148 | 143 | 141 | 121 |
| German | 96 | 105 | 67 | 93 | 88 | 82 | 106 | 90 | 83 | 84 | 68 |
| Italian | 20 | 19 | 32 | 35 | 24 | 23 | 33 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 23 |
| Spanish | 179 | 178 | 212 | 209 | 196 | 249 | 207 | 201 | 218 | 233 | 243 |
| Russian | 28 | 28 | 38 | 28 | 37 | 39 | 43 | 25 | 29 | 27 | 26 |
| Slavic | 15 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 15 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 19 |
| Chinese | 20 | 21 | 25 | 20 | 29 | 23 | 19 | 27 | 21 | 16 | 22 |
| Japanese | 12 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 19 | 11 | 10 | 18 | 17 | 15 |
| Hebrew | 20 | 15 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 11 | 6 | 8 |
| Arabic | 12 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 6 | 5 |
| Other Language \& Literature | 36 | 38 | 55 | 61 | 50 | 47 | 55 | 72 | 73 | 62 | 73 |
| OTHER HUMANITIES | 100 | 106 | 104 | 136 | 131 | 125 | 181 | 155 | 172 | 194 | 170 |
| Humanities, General | 21 | 30 | 32 | 25 | 39 | 25 | 23 | 24 | 40 | 29 | 19 |
| Humanities, Other | 79 | 76 | 72 | 111 | 92 | 100 | 158 | 131 | 132 | 165 | 151 |
| EDUCATION | 6,677 | 6,689 | 6,711 | 6,650 | 6,785 | 6,580 | 6,573 | 6,547 | 6,429 | 6,336 | 6,488 |
| RESEARCH \& ADMINISTRATION | 4,894 | 4,997 | 4,929 | 4,942 | 5,235 | 5,039 | 4,993 | 5,066 | 4,950 | 4,991 | 5,368 |
| Curriculum \& Instruction | 900 | 856 | 819 | 896 | 899 | 918 | 885 | 993 | 966 | 884 | 987 |
| Educational Admin. and Supervision | 1,290 | 1,340 | 1,207 | 1,086 | 1,172 | 1,020 | 952 | 895 | 813 | 838 | 791 |
| Educational Leadership | 694 | 783 | 793 | 890 | 993 | 1,033 | 1,116 | 1,149 | 1,214 | 1,225 | 1,548 |
| Educ./Instruct. Media Design | 62 | 96 | 112 | 121 | 107 | 92 | 91 | 123 | 138 | 140 | 171 |
| Educ. Stat./Research Methods | 61 | 64 | 68 | 63 | 76 | 58 | 56 | 57 | 55 | 65 | 67 |
| Educ. Assess., Test., \& Meas. | 45 | 23 | 28 | 19 | 32 | 30 | 35 | 39 | 45 | 44 | 31 |
| Educational Psychology | 346 | 290 | 311 | 297 | 309 | 359 | 327 | 298 | 278 | 281 | 301 |
| School Psychology | 88 | 86 | 97 | 71 | 114 | 118 | 112 | 108 | 137 | 123 | 169 |
| Social/Phil. Found. of Educ. | 101 | 109 | 140 | 130 | 125 | 138 | 129 | 125 | 135 | 141 | 126 |
| Special Education | 260 | 277 | 241 | 254 | 278 | 270 | 247 | 262 | 259 | 229 | 213 |
| Counseling Educ./Couns. \& Guidance | 259 | 288 | 284 | 268 | 278 | 207 | 270 | 260 | 212 | 211 | 256 |
| Higher Educ./ Evaluation \& Research | 381 | 357 | 428 | 457 | 481 | 506 | 431 | 465 | 438 | 515 | 446 |
| Pre-elementary/Early Childhood | 98 | 97 | 91 | 70 | 81 | 43 | 54 | 49 | 34 | 49 | 50 |
| Elementary Education | 73 | 65 | 71 | 61 | 46 | 56 | 62 | 59 | 53 | 55 | 52 |
| Secondary Education | 28 | 33 | 24 | 24 | 34 | 27 | 54 | 31 | 23 | 22 | 22 |
| Adult \& Continuing Education | 208 | 233 | 215 | 235 | 210 | 164 | 172 | 153 | 150 | 169 | 138 |
| TEACHING FIELDS | 1,008 | 943 | 960 | 924 | 864 | 919 | 954 | 892 | 822 | 721 | 684 |
| Agricultural Education | 43 | 54 | 52 | 35 | 32 | 38 | 25 | 38 | 22 | 22 | 28 |
| Art Education | 46 | 38 | 33 | 39 | 41 | 30 | 46 | 47 | 31 | 31 | 30 |
| Business Education | 16 | 27 | 25 | 21 | 20 | 26 | 31 | 45 | 37 | 19 | 12 |
| English Education | 61 | 53 | 56 | 60 | 57 | 62 | 53 | 64 | 44 | 56 | 53 |
| Foreign Languages Education | 50 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 45 | 47 | 73 | 62 | 43 | 47 | 41 |
| Health Education | 98 | 83 | 97 | 99 | 90 | 58 | 70 | 58 | 71 | 65 | 38 |
| Home Economics Education | 12 | 14 | 11 | 15 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 14 | 8 | 9 |
| Technical/Industrial Arts Education | 11 | 16 | 20 | 15 | 11 | 19 | 30 | 21 | 21 | 16 | 7 |

Appendix Table B-1. Number of doctorate recipients, by subfield, 1992-2002, continued

|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics Education | 62 | 69 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 93 | 115 | 101 | 90 | 80 | 88 |
| Music Education | 96 | 80 | 89 | 96 | 91 | 101 | 93 | 79 | 78 | 62 | 80 |
| Nursing Education | 29 | 19 | 24 | 18 | 23 | 21 | 14 | 22 | 11 | 5 | 7 |
| Physical Education \& Coaching | 167 | 161 | 139 | 104 | 101 | 109 | 109 | 115 | 83 | 80 | 73 |
| Reading Education | 121 | 95 | 97 | 85 | 66 | 70 | 76 | 68 | 89 | 72 | 66 |
| Science Education | 73 | 73 | 85 | 73 | 96 | 77 | 109 | 58 | 60 | 72 | 61 |
| Social Science Education | 19 | 9 | 10 | 14 | 12 | 26 | 15 | 9 | 35 | 12 | 10 |
| Technical Education | 35 | 21 | 30 | 20 | 24 | 32 | 18 | 27 | 20 | 10 | 23 |
| Trade \& Industrial Education | 11 | 24 | 24 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 7 | 5 |
| Teacher Ed./Spec. Acad. \& Voc., Other | 58 | 59 | 40 | 65 | 30 | 81 | 55 | 54 | 61 | 57 | 53 |
| OTHER EDUCATION | 775 | 749 | 822 | 784 | 686 | 622 | 626 | 589 | 657 | 624 | 436 |
| Education, General | 443 | 411 | 484 | 429 | 353 | 336 | 235 | 197 | 253 | 256 | 158 |
| Education, Other | 332 | 338 | 338 | 355 | 333 | 286 | 391 | 392 | 404 | 368 | 278 |
| PROFESSIONAL/OTHER FIELDS | 2,498 | 2,496 | 2,586 | 2,668 | 2,476 | 2,373 | 2,282 | 2,286 | 2,256 | 2,245 | 2,345 |
| BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT | 1,248 | 1,281 | 1,283 | 1,329 | 1,277 | 1,244 | 1,172 | 1,107 | 1,064 | 1,053 | 1,095 |
| Accounting | 180 | 183 | 179 | 168 | 156 | 150 | 154 | 154 | 110 | 115 | 110 |
| Banking/Financial Support Services | 172 | 170 | 134 | 163 | 114 | 69 | 83 | 74 | 72 | 66 | 76 |
| Business Admin. \& Management | 241 | 324 | 319 | 341 | 393 | 426 | 348 | 315 | 322 | 348 | 339 |
| Business/Managerial Economics | 21 | 33 | 40 | 37 | 38 | 48 | 57 | 42 | 52 | 50 | 38 |
| International Business | ---- | ---- | 22 | 23 | 36 | 39 | 33 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 23 |
| Mgmt. Inf. Sys./Business Data Proc. | 103 | 102 | 117 | 111 | 95 | 100 | 86 | 83 | 85 | 98 | 89 |
| Marketing Mgmt. \& Research | 139 | 166 | 167 | 153 | 153 | 153 | 142 | 127 | 141 | 113 | 132 |
| Operations Research | 67 | 63 | 54 | 60 | 64 | 45 | 57 | 52 | 61 | 40 | 36 |
| Organizational Behavior | 81 | 73 | 102 | 100 | 108 | 122 | 103 | 100 | 98 | 118 | 173 |
| Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., General | 112 | 87 | 87 | 92 | 67 | 28 | 38 | 49 | 36 | 20 | 33 |
| Bus. Mgmt./Admin. Serv., Other | 132 | 80 | 62 | 81 | 53 | 64 | 71 | 77 | 55 | 56 | 46 |
| COMMUNICATIONS | 330 | 321 | 371 | 381 | 389 | 332 | 373 | 379 | 389 | 389 | 399 |
| Communications Research | 45 | 33 | 40 | 40 | 60 | 51 | 52 | 50 | 53 | 60 | 64 |
| Mass Communications | 85 | 117 | 156 | 121 | 137 | 117 | 142 | 153 | 154 | 153 | 156 |
| Communication Theory | 47 | 41 | 45 | 53 | 37 | 40 | 48 | 47 | 39 | 40 | 43 |
| Communications, General | 76 | 69 | 68 | 78 | 81 | 74 | 62 | 69 | 77 | 78 | 70 |
| Communications, Other | 77 | 61 | 62 | 89 | 74 | 50 | 69 | 60 | 66 | 58 | 66 |
| OTHER PROFESSIONAL FIELDS | 880 | 867 | 891 | 932 | 771 | 773 | 721 | 768 | 797 | 801 | 801 |
| Architectural Environmental Design | 60 | 54 | 67 | 55 | 61 | 66 | 52 | 65 | 60 | 66 | 67 |
| Home Economics | 58 | 57 | 31 | 31 | 28 | 36 | 18 | 23 | 23 | 20 | 24 |
| Law | 20 | 29 | 33 | 38 | 24 | 27 | 31 | 37 | 41 | 34 | 50 |
| Library Science | 51 | 70 | 42 | 47 | 49 | 40 | 34 | 39 | 45 | 40 | 32 |
| Parks/Recreation/Leisure/Fitness | 0 | 44 | 37 | 54 | 29 | 24 | 38 | 29 | 45 | 41 | 51 |
| Public Administration | 108 | 117 | 135 | 128 | 103 | 95 | 104 | 117 | 103 | 96 | 104 |
| Social Work | 248 | 237 | 272 | 303 | 256 | 247 | 235 | 224 | 257 | 260 | 237 |
| Theology/Religious Education | 292 | 243 | 262 | 273 | 213 | 178 | 158 | 162 | 171 | 194 | 173 |
| Professional Fields, General | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 7 |
| Professional Fields, Other | 42 | 15 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 56 | 51 | 63 | 49 | 42 | 56 |
| OTHER FIELDS | 40 | 27 | 41 | 26 | 39 | 24 | 16 | 32 | 6 | 2 | 50 |

NOTE: Dashes (-----) indicate that the field was not on the questionnaire's Specialties List that year. Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates.
a Includes respondents missing data for doctoral field: 5 in 1997; 7 in 1998; 1 in 1999; 5 in 2000; 1 in 2001; 2 in 2002.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Appendix Table B-2a. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship, 1992-2002 - Total all doctorates

|  | Year of doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| Total all doctorates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38,889 | 39,800 | 41,033 | 41,748 | 42,436 | 42,556 | 42,652 | 41,098 | 41,356 | 40,790 | 39,955 |
| U.S. citizens | 26,009 | 26,449 | 27,149 | 27,742 | 27,775 | 28,160 | 28,457 | 27,986 | 27,966 | 27,021 | 25,936 |
| Permanent visas | 1,980 | 2,259 | 3,747 | 4,317 | 3,765 | 2,931 | 2,702 | 2,308 | 1,957 | 1,836 | 1,646 |
| Temporary visas | 9,953 | 9,932 | 9,403 | 8,814 | 9,617 | 9,193 | 9,496 | 9,058 | 9,652 | 9,824 | 9,707 |
| Unknown citizenship | 947 | 1,158 | 732 | 872 | 1,278 | 2,272 | 1,997 | 1,746 | 1,781 | 2,109 | 2,663 |
| Total Known race/ethnicity | 37,204 | 38,297 | 39,847 | 40,347 | 40,706 | 38,911 | 39,392 | 38,684 | 38,779 | 38,047 | 36,685 |
| U.S. citizens | 25,661 | 26,221 | 26,900 | 27,447 | 27,445 | 27,074 | 27,541 | 27,527 | 27,411 | 26,547 | 25,450 |
| Permanent visas | 1,906 | 2,225 | 3,700 | 4,275 | 3,732 | 2,868 | 2,614 | 2,269 | 1,899 | 1,802 | 1,600 |
| Temporary visas | 9,537 | 9,677 | 9,115 | 8,549 | 9,379 | 8,852 | 9,089 | 8,800 | 9,361 | 9,498 | 9,350 |
| Unknown citizenship | 100 | 174 | 132 | 76 | 149 | 117 | 148 | 88 | 108 | 200 | 285 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 152 | 121 | 146 | 148 | 188 | 167 | 190 | 214 | 169 | 164 | 154 |
| U.S. citizens | 149 | 120 | 143 | 148 | 185 | 167 | 189 | 214 | 169 | 149 | 146 |
| Permanent visas ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Temporary visas c | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 5 |
| Unknown citizenship | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 8,280 | 8,659 | 9,352 | 9,693 | 9,802 | 9,006 | 8,563 | 7,993 | 8,052 | 8,102 | 7,864 |
| U.S. citizens | 839 | 876 | 937 | 1,129 | 1,066 | 1,296 | 1,155 | 1,304 | 1,363 | 1,394 | 1,364 |
| Permanent visas | 915 | 1,126 | 2,596 | 3,168 | 2,608 | 1,813 | 1,552 | 1,191 | 910 | 776 | 744 |
| Temporary visas | 6,505 | 6,604 | 5,796 | 5,375 | 6,095 | 5,865 | 5,826 | 5,469 | 5,756 | 5,910 | 5,724 |
| Unknown citizenship | 21 | 53 | 23 | 21 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 | 23 | 22 | 32 |
| Black/ African-American | 1,427 | 1,610 | 1,681 | 1,807 | 1,825 | 1,760 | 1,914 | 2,051 | 2,094 | 2,008 | 2,009 |
| U.S. citizens | 966 | 1,109 | 1,099 | 1,293 | 1,305 | 1,335 | 1,486 | 1,629 | 1,629 | 1,612 | 1,644 |
| Permanent visas | 143 | 169 | 178 | 168 | 141 | 139 | 119 | 133 | 119 | 117 | 87 |
| Temporary visas | 311 | 319 | 389 | 335 | 363 | 276 | 297 | 281 | 334 | 265 | 256 |
| Unknown citizenship | 7 | 13 | 15 | 11 | 16 | 10 | 12 | 8 | 12 | 14 | 22 |
| Hispanic ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 1,402 | 1,430 | 1,534 | 1,544 | 1,632 | 1,694 | 1,879 | 1,899 | 1,962 | 1,904 | 2,020 |
| U.S. citizens | 778 | 833 | 884 | 922 | 957 | 1,063 | 1,205 | 1,184 | 1,180 | 1,126 | 1,233 |
| Permanent visas | 131 | 139 | 146 | 142 | 156 | 135 | 122 | 140 | 128 | 144 | 131 |
| Temporary visas | 482 | 454 | 502 | 472 | 513 | 484 | 543 | 561 | 648 | 619 | 646 |
| Unknown citizenship | 11 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 12 | 9 | 14 | 6 | 15 | 10 |
| White | 25,912 | 26,434 | 27,085 | 27,081 | 27,158 | 26,250 | 26,786 | 26,413 | 26,374 | 25,454 | 24,239 |
| U.S. citizens | 22,903 | 23,245 | 23,795 | 23,891 | 23,847 | 23,181 | 23,454 | 23,094 | 22,956 | 21,923 | 20,720 |
| Permanent visas | 714 | 791 | 779 | 795 | 823 | 781 | 819 | 801 | 741 | 752 | 628 |
| Temporary visas | 2,235 | 2,294 | 2,419 | 2,359 | 2,394 | 2,225 | 2,417 | 2,481 | 2,610 | 2,650 | 2,670 |
| Unknown citizenship | 60 | 104 | 92 | 36 | 93 | 63 | 96 | 37 | 67 | 129 | 221 |
| Other/unknown race/ethnicity ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | 1,716 | 1,546 | 1,235 | 1,475 | 1,831 | 3,679 | 3,320 | 2,528 | 2,705 | 3,158 | 3,669 |
| U.S. citizens | 374 | 266 | 291 | 359 | 415 | 1,118 | 968 | 561 | 669 | 817 | 829 |
| Permanent visas | 77 | 34 | 48 | 44 | 36 | 63 | 90 | 43 | 59 | 45 | 53 |
| Temporary visas | 418 | 260 | 294 | 273 | 250 | 343 | 413 | 266 | 304 | 368 | 406 |
| Unknown citizenship | 847 | 984 | 600 | 796 | 1,130 | 2,155 | 1,849 | 1,658 | 1,673 | 1,928 | 2,378 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Total includes doctorate recipients whose gender was unknown.
b Includes Alaskan Natives.
c In most cases, non-U.S. American Indians are citizens of Canada or of a Latin American country.
d Includes Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2001 per revised OMB guidelines issued for 2001.
e Persons reporting an Hispanic ethnicity, whether singly or in combination with another race/ethnicity, are included in the respondent-selected Hispanic ethnicity category.
${ }^{f}$ Includes only those with unknown race/ethnicity through 2000. In 2001 this category was expanded to include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders and respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity).
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Appendix Table B-2b. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship, 1992-2002 - Total men

|  | Year of doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| Total all doctorates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 24,234 | 24,384 | 25,058 | 25,161 | 25,285 | 24,950 | 24,639 | 23,436 | 23,166 | 22,786 | 21,760 |
| U.S. citizens | 14,517 | 14,513 | 14,733 | 14,965 | 14,720 | 15,049 | 14,873 | 14,514 | 14,152 | 13,632 | 12,823 |
| Permanent visas | 1,290 | 1,468 | 2,636 | 2,907 | 2,483 | 1,834 | 1,665 | 1,379 | 1,142 | 999 | 867 |
| Temporary visas | 7,946 | 7,835 | 7,304 | 6,844 | 7,392 | 6,974 | 7,007 | 6,631 | 6,843 | 7,022 | 6,736 |
| Unknown citizenship | 481 | 567 | 384 | 442 | 689 | 1,093 | 1,094 | 912 | 1,029 | 1,133 | 1,332 |
| Total known race/ethnicity | 23,171 | 23,538 | 24,327 | 24,308 | 24,274 | 23,017 | 22,728 | 22,068 | 21,621 | 21,241 | 20,022 |
| U.S. citizens | 14,265 | 14,346 | 14,567 | 14,759 | 14,498 | 14,439 | 14,332 | 14,222 | 13,823 | 13,348 | 12,532 |
| Permanent visas | 1,236 | 1,444 | 2,602 | 2,881 | 2,461 | 1,795 | 1,605 | 1,352 | 1,103 | 978 | 841 |
| Temporary visas | 7,606 | 7,642 | 7,093 | 6,632 | 7,215 | 6,717 | 6,714 | 6,445 | 6,641 | 6,794 | 6,486 |
| Unknown citizenship | 64 | 106 | 65 | 36 | 99 | 66 | 77 | 49 | 54 | 121 | 163 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 82 | 61 | 74 | 80 | 102 | 79 | 104 | 96 | 76 | 78 | 72 |
| U.S. citizens | 82 | 60 | 71 | 80 | 101 | 79 | 104 | 96 | 76 | 67 | 67 |
| Permanent visas ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Temporary visas c | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 |
| Unknown citizenship | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 6,414 | 6,596 | 7,052 | 7,095 | 7,197 | 6,425 | 6,027 | 5,526 | 5,344 | 5,425 | 5,136 |
| U.S. citizens | 529 | 543 | 582 | 662 | 603 | 742 | 641 | 764 | 740 | 746 | 747 |
| Permanent visas | 603 | 732 | 1,877 | 2,197 | 1,787 | 1,142 | 985 | 711 | 502 | 424 | 373 |
| Temporary visas | 5,264 | 5,282 | 4,575 | 4,221 | 4,783 | 4,522 | 4,385 | 4,030 | 4,086 | 4,238 | 3,997 |
| Unknown citizenship | 18 | 39 | 18 | 15 | 24 | 19 | 16 | 21 | 16 | 17 | 19 |
| Black/African-American | 768 | 839 | 888 | 877 | 929 | 857 | 821 | 909 | 880 | 864 | 849 |
| U.S. citizens | 394 | 441 | 410 | 487 | 531 | 528 | 525 | 609 | 560 | 589 | 606 |
| Permanent visas | 122 | 138 | 142 | 125 | 107 | 108 | 86 | 91 | 82 | 84 | 61 |
| Temporary visas | 246 | 250 | 329 | 260 | 285 | 212 | 203 | 204 | 233 | 186 | 177 |
| Unknown citizenship | 6 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Hispanic ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 860 | 874 | 866 | 914 | 935 | 980 | 1,060 | 991 | 1,070 | 1,017 | 1,036 |
| U.S. citizens | 410 | 423 | 438 | 463 | 480 | 543 | 610 | 510 | 546 | 498 | 536 |
| Permanent visas | 72 | 94 | 80 | 79 | 87 | 81 | 72 | 69 | 63 | 71 | 61 |
| Temporary visas | 371 | 356 | 346 | 369 | 364 | 350 | 375 | 405 | 459 | 443 | 434 |
| Unknown citizenship | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| White | 15,031 | 15,146 | 15,420 | 15,307 | 15,063 | 14,660 | 14,683 | 14,496 | 14,193 | 13,651 | 12,745 |
| U.S. citizens | 12,837 | 12,859 | 13,042 | 13,037 | 12,744 | 12,532 | 12,423 | 12,200 | 11,850 | 11,286 | 10,428 |
| Permanent visas | 437 | 480 | 503 | 479 | 480 | 464 | 461 | 478 | 455 | 393 | 342 |
| Temporary visas | 1,724 | 1,751 | 1,837 | 1,778 | 1,774 | 1,632 | 1,748 | 1,802 | 1,857 | 1,890 | 1,841 |
| Unknown citizenship | 33 | 56 | 38 | 13 | 64 | 32 | 51 | 16 | 31 | 82 | 134 |
| Other/unknown race/ethnicity ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | 1,079 | 868 | 758 | 888 | 1,059 | 1,949 | 1,944 | 1,418 | 1,603 | 1,751 | 1,922 |
| U.S. citizens | 265 | 187 | 190 | 236 | 261 | 625 | 570 | 335 | 380 | 446 | 439 |
| Permanent visas | 56 | 24 | 34 | 27 | 22 | 39 | 61 | 30 | 40 | 25 | 28 |
| Temporary visas | 341 | 195 | 214 | 216 | 185 | 258 | 296 | 190 | 208 | 257 | 284 |
| Unknown citizenship | 417 | 461 | 319 | 406 | 591 | 1,027 | 1,017 | 863 | 975 | 1,023 | 1,169 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Total includes doctorate recipients whose gender was unknown.
b Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{c}$ In most cases, non-U.S. American Indians are citizens of Canada or of a Latin American country.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2001 per revised OMB guidelines issued for 2001.
e Persons reporting an Hispanic ethnicity, whether singly or in combination with another race/ethnicity, are included in the respondent-selected Hispanic ethnicity category. ${ }^{\dagger}$ Includes only those with unknown race/ethnicity through 2000. In 2001 this category was expanded to include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders and respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity).
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

Appendix Table B-2c. Number of doctorate recipients, by sex, race/ethnicity, and citizenship, 1992-2002 - Total women

|  | Year of doctorate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| Total all doctorates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14,436 | 15,121 | 15,821 | 16,417 | 16,956 | 17,247 | 17,849 | 17,485 | 18,121 | 17,935 | 18,124 |
| U.S. citizens | 11,491 | 11,931 | 12,413 | 12,775 | 13,055 | 13,077 | 13,570 | 13,472 | 13,811 | 13,389 | 13,112 |
| Permanent visas | 687 | 788 | 1,110 | 1,409 | 1,282 | 1,096 | 1,021 | 929 | 813 | 837 | 779 |
| Temporary visas | 1,990 | 2,069 | 2,077 | 1,953 | 2,214 | 2,204 | 2,469 | 2,423 | 2,808 | 2,801 | 2,965 |
| Unknown citizenship | 268 | 332 | 220 | 280 | 405 | 870 | 789 | 661 | 689 | 908 | 1,267 |
| Total known race/ethnicity | 14,020 | 14,740 | 15,506 | 16,031 | 16,427 | 15,881 | 16,639 | 16,615 | 17,156 | 16,806 | 16,662 |
| U.S. citizens | 11,396 | 11,873 | 12,330 | 12,688 | 12,947 | 12,632 | 13,206 | 13,305 | 13,587 | 13,199 | 12,917 |
| Permanent visas | 669 | 779 | 1,097 | 1,393 | 1,271 | 1,072 | 1,001 | 917 | 796 | 824 | 759 |
| Temporary visas | 1,921 | 2,022 | 2,015 | 1,911 | 2,160 | 2,126 | 2,362 | 2,354 | 2,720 | 2,704 | 2,864 |
| Unknown citizenship | 34 | 66 | 64 | 39 | 49 | 51 | 70 | 39 | 53 | 79 | 122 |
| American Indian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 70 | 60 | 72 | 68 | 86 | 88 | 86 | 118 | 93 | 86 | 82 |
| U.S. citizens | 67 | 60 | 72 | 68 | 84 | 88 | 85 | 118 | 93 | 82 | 79 |
| Permanent visas ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Temporary visas c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Unknown citizenship | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1,855 | 2,049 | 2,291 | 2,591 | 2,600 | 2,574 | 2,520 | 2,466 | 2,708 | 2,677 | 2,728 |
| U.S. citizens | 310 | 332 | 354 | 467 | 463 | 553 | 513 | 540 | 623 | 648 | 617 |
| Permanent visas | 311 | 392 | 718 | 970 | 821 | 671 | 560 | 480 | 408 | 352 | 371 |
| Temporary visas | 1,231 | 1,312 | 1,216 | 1,148 | 1,308 | 1,337 | 1,434 | 1,438 | 1,670 | 1,672 | 1,727 |
| Unknown citizenship | 3 | 13 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 13 |
| Black/African-American | 659 | 769 | 791 | 930 | 896 | 903 | 1,091 | 1,142 | 1,214 | 1,144 | 1,160 |
| U.S. citizens | 572 | 668 | 689 | 806 | 774 | 807 | 961 | 1,020 | 1,069 | 1,023 | 1,038 |
| Permanent visas | 21 | 31 | 36 | 43 | 34 | 31 | 32 | 42 | 37 | 33 | 26 |
| Temporary visas | 65 | 68 | 59 | 75 | 78 | 64 | 93 | 77 | 101 | 79 | 79 |
| Unknown citizenship | 1 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 17 |
| Hispanic ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 542 | 555 | 668 | 630 | 697 | 714 | 817 | 908 | 891 | 887 | 984 |
| U.S. citizens | 368 | 410 | 446 | 459 | 477 | 520 | 594 | 674 | 633 | 628 | 697 |
| Permanent visas | 59 | 45 | 66 | 63 | 69 | 54 | 50 | 71 | 65 | 73 | 70 |
| Temporary visas | 111 | 97 | 156 | 103 | 149 | 134 | 167 | 156 | 189 | 176 | 212 |
| Unknown citizenship | 4 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 10 | 5 |
| White | 10,879 | 11,286 | 11,662 | 11,773 | 12,095 | 11,584 | 12,098 | 11,917 | 12,180 | 11,803 | 11,493 |
| U.S. citizens | 10,066 | 10,385 | 10,751 | 10,854 | 11,103 | 10,647 | 11,030 | 10,894 | 11,106 | 10,637 | 10,291 |
| Permanent visas | 277 | 311 | 276 | 316 | 343 | 316 | 358 | 323 | 286 | 359 | 286 |
| Temporary visas | 511 | 542 | 581 | 581 | 620 | 590 | 665 | 679 | 753 | 760 | 829 |
| Unknown citizenship | 25 | 48 | 54 | 22 | 29 | 31 | 45 | 21 | 35 | 47 | 87 |
| Other/unknown race/ethnicity ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | 431 | 402 | 337 | 425 | 582 | 1,384 | 1,237 | 934 | 1,035 | 1,338 | 1,677 |
| U.S. citizens | 108 | 76 | 101 | 121 | 154 | 462 | 387 | 226 | 287 | 371 | 390 |
| Permanent visas | 19 | 9 | 14 | 17 | 14 | 24 | 21 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 25 |
| Temporary visas | 70 | 50 | 65 | 46 | 58 | 79 | 110 | 73 | 95 | 110 | 116 |
| Unknown citizenship | 234 | 266 | 156 | 241 | 356 | 819 | 719 | 622 | 636 | 837 | 1,145 |

a Total includes doctorate recipients whose gender was unknown.
b Includes Alaskan Natives.
c In most cases, non-U.S. American Indians are citizens of Canada or of a Latin American country.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them in 2001 per revised OMB guidelines issued for 2001.
e Persons reporting an Hispanic ethnicity, whether singly or in combination with another race/ethnicity, are included in the respondent-selected Hispanic ethnicity category.
${ }^{f}$ Includes only those with unknown race/ethnicity through 2000. In 2001 this category was expanded to include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders and respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity).
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

## Appendix C: Technical Notes

Appendix C includes the following three tables:
C-1. Survey response rates
C-2. Profiles of respondents versus nonrespondents for critical item data, by source of response, 2002

C-3. Item response rates, 1992-2002

## Survey Overview

The Survey of Earned Doctorates (SED) is designed to obtain data on the number and characteristics of individuals receiving research doctoral degrees from U.S. institutions. The results of the survey are used to assess trends in doctorate production. This information is vital for educational and labor force planners within the Federal Government and in academia. The survey has been completed by individuals receiving research doctorates since 1958. The graduate schools are responsible for submitting completed forms and sending them to be compiled in the Doctorate Records File (DRF).

Key variables of the survey include:
Academic institution attended
Citizenship status at graduation
Country of birth
Country of citizenship
Date of birth
Disability status
Educational attainment of parents
Educational history after high school
Field of degree specialty ( $\mathrm{N}=285$ )
Field of employment
Field of science and engineering
Level of degree
Marital status
Number of dependents
Place of birth
Postgraduate plans
Primary type of financial support
Race and Hispanic ethnicity (by subgroup)
Sex
Type of academic institution that conferred degrees

Type of employment planned
Type of financial support (e.g., fellowship, research assistantship, etc.)
Type of institutional control (public versus private)
Work activity planned after doctoral degree

A complete questionnaire is contained in appendix D .

## Data Collection

The population eligible for the 2002 survey consisted of all individuals who received a research doctorate (only first doctorates are included) from a U.S. academic institution in the 12 -month period ending on June 30, 2002. The total universe consisted of 39,955 persons in more than 400 institutions that confer research doctorates awards in 2002.

Survey instruments were mailed to institutional coordinators in the graduate schools who distributed the survey forms to individuals receiving a research doctorate. The institutional coordinators also collected the forms and returned them to the contractor for editing/processing. Follow-up of missing critical items and forms is also conducted.

Since the survey collects a complete college education history, coding of institutions is very important. Because about 30 percent of doctorate recipients from U.S. universities are from foreign countries, a coding manual for foreign institutions of higher education was developed by the U.S. Department of Education, entitled "Mapping the World of Education: The Comparative Database System" (three volumes).

The survey was conducted by the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences under contract to the National Science Foundation until 1997; the National Opinion Research Center (Chicago, Illinois) currently conducts the survey under contract.

## Survey Response Rates

Of the 39,955 new research doctorates granted in 2002, 91 percent of degree recipients returned their completed survey instruments. Limited records (containing field of study, doctorate institution and sex) for nonrespondents are constructed based on information collected from administrative lists of the university -- commencement programs, graduation lists, and other similar public records. Nonresponse was concentrated in certain institutions; graduates from 10 institutions accounted for 30 percent of the total nonrespondents.

Appendix Table C-1. Survey response rates ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Year | Self-report <br> rate | Year | Self-report <br> rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1967 | 97.3 | 1985 | 94.8 |
| 1968 | 97.6 | 1986 | 93.5 |
| 1969 | 96.6 | 1987 | 93.1 |
| 1970 | 98.1 | 1988 | 92.9 |
| 1971 | 97.5 | 1989 | 92.3 |
| 1972 | 97.3 | 1990 | 93.6 |
| 1973 | 97.5 | 1991 | 94.6 |
| 1974 | 94.2 | 1992 | 95.1 |
| 1975 | 97.3 | 1993 | 94.7 |
| 1976 | 97.2 | 1994 | 94.6 |
| 1977 | 96.6 | 1995 | 94.1 |
| 1978 | 96.3 | 1996 | 92.9 |
| 1979 | 96.4 | 1997 | 91.5 |
| 1980 | 96.2 | 1998 | 91.9 |
| 1981 | 95.7 | 1999 | 91.9 |
| 1982 | 95.3 | 2000 | 92.3 |
| 1983 | 95.5 | 2001 | 92.5 |
| 1984 | 95.1 | 2002 | 91.0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The rates for 1967-2001 reflect late responses. The rate for 2002 may increase slightly in the next year if additional questionnaires are received after survey closure.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

The percentage of doctorate recipients completing the survey form is referred to as the "self-report" rate. The remaining doctorate recipients have either "skeletal" records containing only doctoral institution, degree date, field of degree, and gender, or "institution provided" records including the skeletal information above as well as information provided by the institution in "missing information rosters (MIRs)" where available.

Wherever possible this report includes data from all Ph.D. records whether complete or skeletal; thus the reported total number of doctorate recipients for $2002(39,955)$ includes both respondents and non-respondents. It should also be noted that, in keeping with the practice of earlier data collection cycles, counts for previous years were corrected by the addition of data from surveys received after the close of data collection for a given year.

## A Comparison of Self-Reported and Institution-Supplied Data

TABLE C-2: Table C-2 presents the results of a chi-square test comparing respondentcompleted cases and nonresponding cases where institutions supplied data on critical items. The profile of nonrespondents is significantly different from the profile of respondents in five of the eight critical item variables. Nonrespondents appear to be slightly older than respondents. Nonrespondents are more likely to be non-white. These findings should be considered suggestive only, as there is a high proportion of missing data from institutions on citizenship status, bachelor's institution, year of bachelor's degree and postgraduation location.

Appendix Table C-2. Profiles of respondents versus nonrespondents for critical item data, by source of response, 2002

| Critical item (variable name) | Respondents (self-report) | Nonrespondents (institution-provided) | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year of Birth* |  |  |  |
| Missing data | 1.2 | 12.6 |  |
| Before 1970 | 58.3 | 65.6 | -7.3 |
| 1970 and later | 41.7 | 34.4 | 7.3 |
| Sex |  |  |  |
| Missing data | 0.0 | 0.5 |  |
| Male | 54.8 | 54.9 | -. 1 |
| Female | 45.2 | 45.1 | . 1 |
| Citizenship Status |  |  |  |
| Missing data | . 5 | 24.2 |  |
| U.S. citizen | 69.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| Permanent resident | 4.4 | 4.7 | -. 3 |
| Temporary resident | 25.9 | 29.1 | -3.2 |
| Country of Citizenship (for non-U.S. citizens only)* |  |  |  |
| Country reported | 99.7 | 76.0 | 23.7 |
| Country not reported | 0.3 | 24.0 | -23.7 |
| Race/Ethnicity* (U.S. citizens \& perm residents only) Missing data | 0.8 | 8.3 |  |
| American Indian a | 0.5 | 0.8 | -. 3 |
| Asian ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 7.7 | 7.6 | . 1 |
| Black | 6.2 | 12.9 | -6.7 |
| Hispanic ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 5.0 | 5.7 | -. 7 |
| White | 78.5 | 68.2 | 10.3 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 2.2 | 4.9 | -2.7 |
| Bachelor's Institution |  |  |  |
| Missing data | 2.3 | 42.2 |  |
| U.S. | 72.6 | 70.1 | 0.5 |
| Non-U.S. | 27.4 | 39.9 | -0.5 |
| Year of Bachelor's Degree* |  |  |  |
| Missing data | 2.6 | 39.3 |  |
| Before 1992 | 50.1 | 55.8 | -5.7 |
| 1992-atter | 49.2 | 44.2 | 5.7 |
| Postgraduation location |  |  |  |
| Missing data | 1.6 | 60.0 |  |
| U.S. | 90.1 | 91.1 | -1.0 |
| Non-U.S. | 9.9 | 8.9 | 1.0 |

*Significant at .05 level, chi-square test performed on non-missing data.
Note: Missing data percentages calculated from all data, missing and non-missing. All other percentages calculated on non-missing data.
a Includes Alaskan Natives.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Persons reporting an Hispanic ethnicity, whether singly or in combination with another race/ethnicity, are included in the respondentselected Hispanic ethnicity category.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders, respondents choosing multiple races (excluding those selecting an Hispanic ethnicity), and respondents with unknown race/ethnicity.
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

## Item Response Rates

Item nonresponse rates in 2002 for the main SED demographic variables ranged from 0.2 percent for sex to 9.0 percent for postgraduation location. No imputation was performed for missing data items.

| Key variable | Item response rate |
| :--- | :---: |
| Sex | 99.8 |
| Citizenship | 93.3 |
| Race/ethnicity | 92.8 |
| Country of citizenship | 93.0 |
| Postgraduation location | 91.0 |

TABLE C-3: Table C-3 on the following pages shows the response rates for each item in the Survey of Earned Doctorates for 1992 through 2002. The numbers and percentages shown in the tables and figures in the body of the summary report are based only on the number of research doctorate recipients who responded to the applicable survey items. For cross-tabulations, the response rate for a given tabulation will be no greater than the lowest response rate for the items involved in the tabulation.

Appendix Table C-3. Item response rates, 1992-2002

| Variable name | Field | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMERIND | American Indian/Alaska Native race indicator | 94.9 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 93.7 | 91.7 |
| ASIAN | Asian race indicator | 94.9 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 93.7 | 91.7 |
| BAFIELD | B.A. field | 92.3 | 91.9 | 91.6 | 90.9 | 89.3 | 82.8 | 84.2 | 84.5 | 86.5 | 86.9 | 85.6 |
| BAINST | B.A. Institution | 97.4 | 97.5 | 97.9 | 97.4 | 96.5 | 89.5 | 91.2 | 92.5 | 91.1 | 92.9 | 91.7 |
| BAMONTH | Month of B.A. | 90.7 | 90.3 | 90.2 | 90.0 | 88.6 | 82.2 | 82.9 | 83.6 | 85.0 | 85.2 | 84.1 |
| BAYEAR | Year of B.A. | 96.9 | 96.8 | 97.4 | 97.1 | 96.4 | 88.6 | 90.6 | 92.3 | 90.4 | 92.4 | 91.1 |
| BIRTHMO | Month of birth | 97.7 | 97.3 | 98.1 | 97.5 | 96.7 | 92.7 | 92.9 | 95.0 | 95.2 | 94.3 | 92.9 |
| BIRTHPL | Place of birth | 95.1 | 94.8 | 94.9 | 94.5 | 93.1 | 90.6 | 90.9 | 91.2 | 91.4 | 91.4 | 90.1 |
| BIRTHYR | Year of birth | 97.7 | 97.4 | 98.2 | 97.5 | 96.8 | 92.9 | 92.7 | 95.0 | 95.2 | 94.5 | 93.1 |
| BLACK | Black race indicator | 94.9 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 93.7 | 91.7 |
| CEPLACE | Place of college entry | 92.7 | 92.8 | 92.3 | 92.1 | 90.6 | 82.5 | 90.4 | 90.6 | 89.8 | 92.0 | 92.2 |
| CEYEAR | Year of college entry | 92.1 | 91.7 | 91.5 | 91.3 | 89.2 | 82.7 | 88.7 | 89.1 | 87.2 | 89.4 | 87.5 |
| CITIZ | Type of citizenship | 97.6 | 97.1 | 98.2 | 97.9 | 97.0 | 94.7 | 95.3 | 95.7 | 95.7 | 94.8 | 93.3 |
| CNTRYCIT | Country of citizenship | 97.1 | 96.7 | 98.0 | 97.7 | 96.7 | 92.6 | 93.7 | 94.7 | 95.0 | 94.5 | 93.0 |
| DEBTIND | Debt level indicator | 93.3 | 92.8 | 92.8 | 92.3 | 91.3 | 89.3 | 89.7 | 90.6 | 91.0 | 90.7 | 89.4 |
| DEPENDS | Number of dependents | 89.7 | 89.8 | 89.7 | 89.4 | 89.5 | 88.3 | 88.7 | 89.1 | 89.3 | 89.5 | 88.8 |
| DEPEND5 | Number of dependents - ages 5 or younger | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.2 |
| DEPEND18 | Number of dependents - ages 6-18 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.2 |
| DEPEND19 | Number of dependents - ages 19 and older | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.2 |
| EDFATHER | Father's education | 93.0 | 92.7 | 92.7 | 92.3 | 91.5 | 89.5 | 89.8 | 90.4 | 90.8 | 90.8 | 89.5 |
| EDMOTHER | Mother's education | 93.0 | 92.6 | 92.5 | 92.2 | 91.7 | 89.7 | 90.0 | 90.7 | 91.0 | 91.0 | 89.7 |
| GDEBTLVL | Graduate debt level | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.5 |
| GEYEAR | Year of graduate entry | 89.5 | 88.6 | 88.2 | 87.4 | 85.7 | 77.4 | 81.4 | 84.8 | 83.6 | 84.3 | 83.2 |
| HANDICAP | Handicapped status | 93.9 | 93.6 | 93.7 | 93.3 | 91.8 | 90.1 | 90.1 | 90.3 | 90.8 | 90.8 | 89.6 |
| HAWAIIAN | Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander race indicator | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 91.1 |
| HISPANIC | Hispanic origin indicator | 96.7 | 96.8 | 97.7 | 97.2 | 96.5 | 93.1 | 93.6 | 95.1 | 94.8 | 92.1 | 91.2 |
| HISPORIG | Hispanic origin specified | 94.3 | 92.7 | 98.4 | 98.1 | 97.2 | 94.9 | 94.8 | 90.8 | 97.4 | 97.6 | 96.9 |
| HSPLACE | Place of high school | 94.4 | 94.0 | 93.9 | 93.5 | 92.2 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 91.4 | 91.8 | 90.9 | 89.9 |
| JRCOLL | Junior college indicator | 92.7 | 92.9 | 92.5 | 92.4 | 90.6 | 91.5 | 91.9 | 91.8 | 92.2 | 92.0 | 90.7 |
| MAFIELD | Masters field | 76.9 | 76.1 | 76.1 | 75.3 | 74.6 | 68.8 | 70.4 | 70.7 | 71.2 | 71.2 | 70.4 |
| MAINST | Masters institution | 79.0 | 86.2 | 86.9 | 86.3 | 87.3 | 79.0 | 80.7 | 80.5 | 75.9 | 82.4 | 82.0 |
| MAMONTH | Month of masters | 73.4 | 80.0 | 80.3 | 79.8 | 81.0 | 73.3 | 75.3 | 75.8 | 71.2 | 77.3 | 77.3 |
| MARITAL | Marital status | 91.9 | 91.5 | 91.5 | 91.0 | 91.7 | 89.3 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 91.1 | 91.0 | 89.7 |
| MAYEAR | Year of masters | 77.7 | 84.7 | 85.1 | 84.7 | 85.6 | 77.8 | 80.4 | 79.5 | 74.9 | 81.1 | 81.1 |
| PDEMPLOY | Post doc employer type | 92.8 | 92.5 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 91.4 | 88.0 | 89.2 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PDLOC | Postgraduation location | 94.4 | 93.8 | 94.6 | 94.2 | 92.7 | 83.7 | 89.6 | 92.0 | 92.3 | 92.4 | 91.0 |
| PDOCPLAN | Postgraduation plans | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 87.1 | 88.0 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PDOCSTAT | Postgraduation status | 92.1 | 91.8 | 91.7 | 91.0 | 91.0 | 89.0 | 89.7 | 90.4 | 91.1 | 91.0 | 89.8 |
| PDSTDSUP | Postdoctoral study support | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 87.7 | 88.5 | 89.5 | 90.9 | 90.5 | 89.2 |
| PDUSFOR | Postgraduation location: U.S. or foreign | 94.4 | 93.8 | 94.6 | 94.2 | 92.7 | 83.7 | 89.6 | 92.0 | 92.3 | 92.4 | 91.0 |
| PDWK1ED | Edited primary work activity | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 88.0 | 89.1 | 89.4 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PDWK2ED | Edited secondary work activity | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 87.9 | 89.0 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PDWKPRIM | Primary work activity | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 88.1 | 89.3 | 89.4 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PDWKSEC | Secondary work activity | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 87.9 | 89.0 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 90.2 | 89.2 |
| PHDCY | Calendar year of Ph.D. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| PHDDISS | Dissertation field | NA | 92.7 | 93.3 | 92.4 | 92.2 | 89.2 | 90.1 | 90.9 | 91.4 | 91.4 | 90.2 |
| PHDENTRY | First year entry PHDINST after B.A. | NA | 86.9 | 86.7 | 86.5 | 85.6 | 79.0 | 83.7 | 85.9 | 85.2 | 85.2 | 83.5 |
| PHDFIELD | Ph.D. field | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| PHDFY | Fiscal year of Ph.D. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| PHDINST | Doctoral institution | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| PHDMONTH | Month of doctorate | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Appendix Table C-3. Item response rates, 1992-2002, continued

| Variable name | Field | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PHDTYPE1 | Type of doctorate | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| PHDTYPE2 | Applied research doctorate type | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 74.0 | 100.0 | 94.4 | 94.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| QUESTYR | Year questionnaire filled out | 95.1 | 94.7 | 94.5 | 94.1 | 92.9 | 91.5 | 91.9 | 91.9 | 92.2 | 92.2 | 91.0 |
| RACE | Edited race/ethnic code | 96.7 | 96.8 | 97.7 | 97.2 | 96.5 | 93.1 | 93.6 | 95.1 | 94.8 | 94.1 | 92.8 |
| RACEOTH | Other/multiple race indicator | 94.9 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 92.4 | 92.1 | NA | NA |
| REGTTD | Registered time to degree | 88.9 | 87.8 | 87.5 | 86.7 | 84.9 | 76.8 | 80.6 | 84.1 | 82.9 | 83.4 | 82.7 |
| SEX | Sex of student | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 99.2 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| SRCE1ED | Edited primary source of support | 69.7 | 66.2 | 72.4 | 74.9 | 88.0 | 87.8 | 88.6 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 90.1 | 88.4 |
| SRCEPRIM | Primary source support | 69.7 | 66.2 | 72.4 | 74.9 | 88.0 | 87.8 | 88.7 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 90.1 | 88.4 |
| TOTTTD | Total time to degree | 96.0 | 95.7 | 96.2 | 95.5 | 94.7 | 88.2 | 90.1 | 91.7 | 90.1 | 91.9 | 90.4 |
| TUITREMS | Tuition remission - full or partial | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 86.4 |
| UDEBTLVL | Undergraduate debt level | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.5 |
| WHITE | White race indicator | 94.9 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 90.8 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 93.7 | 91.7 |
| YRSCOURS | Years of coursework | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 89.1 |
| YRSDISST | Years preparing dissertation | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 89.3 |
| YRSGRAD | Years from graduate entry to doctorate | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 89.1 |

NOTE: NA = not available.

1. For the purposes of this analysis, "response rate" is the percent of cases providing data on the item divided by the universe of doctorate recipients eligible to answer that item. On most items, the full universe of doctorate recipients establishes the universe of eligible respondents. However, on a number of items, only a subset of the full universe is eligible to answer the item. Variables DEPEND5, DEPEND18, DEPEND19 GDEBTLVL, PHDDISS2, UDEBTLVL, YRSCOURS, YRSDISST and YRSGRAD appeared for the first time on the 2001 survey form. Because about 15 percent of AY 2001 respondents submitted data on earlier versions of the survey form, response rates for these variables are not reported. Response rates for these variables are reported in 2002 and later because the entire universe had the opportunity to provide data for these questions.
2. The time-to-degree measures (REGTTD and TOTTTD) result from the Doctorate Data Project's calculation of these figures from six variables measuring durations spent inside and outside of educational institutions between bachelor's degree receipt and doctorate receipt. The time-to-degree measures are presented here because they are more meaningful summaries of valid data than the response rates of the individual component variables used to calculate them
3. The items DEPENDS and DEBTLEVL are not collected on current SED survey forms. They are calculated from other current variables and presented here so as to illustrate trends with earlier years in which these items were asked. The response rate for the variable CNTRYCIT counts as respondents all doctorate recipients who reported being U.S. citizens and non-citizens who also provided their country of citizenship.
4. Each survey round incorporates data from questionnaires submitted after previous years' data collection periods are closed. For that reason, response rates reported here will differ slightly from response rates reported in earlier Doctorate Data Project publications. Changes in response rates are generally greatest in the year directly previous to the current survey round (in this case, AY 2001)
SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

## Derived Variables

The following derived variables deserve further explanation.

## Postdoctoral Plans to Stay in the United States

Starting in 1997, the planned postdoctoral location of doctorate recipients was coded in a new variable called PDLOC using FIPS codes for U.S. states and territories and countries. Values of PDLOC of less than '100' indicate a postdoctoral location in the United States. Values between ' 100 ' and ' 555 ' indicate a non-U.S. location. A value of ' -1 ' on PDLOC indicates a respondent refusal to provide data.

Also beginning in 1997, a dichotomous variable, PDUSFOR, was created to index whether the planned postdoctoral location reported by the respondent was in the United States or in a foreign location, with $1=$ U.S. and $2=$ Non-U.S. Data in PDUSFOR and PDLOC can be slightly different because PDUSFOR will capture a respondent's report of postgraduation location (in the U.S. or outside the U.S.) even if the respondent does not indicate a specific state or country.

## Firm Postdoctoral Plans

Postdoctoral plans are coded using the values of PDOCSTAT, which indicate that the doctorate recipient's postdoctoral plans were definite at the time the survey was completed. That is, codes 0,1 , or A on PDOCSTAT indicate that the respondent had definite postdoctoral plans, whereas codes 2 , 3 , and 4 indicate that the respondent was still seeking to determine postdoctoral placement.

The following is the SAS code used to derive FIRMPLAN from PDOCSTAT :

```
if PDOCSTAT in ("0","1","A") then FIRMPLAN=1; /* Definite */
if PDOCSTAT in ("2","3","4") FIRMPLAN=2; /* Seeking */
if PDOCSTAT eq " " then FIRMPLAN=.;
```


## Firm Plans to Stay in the United States

This variable is derived from PDUSFOR and FIRMPLAN. A respondent is coded as having firm plans to stay in the United States if the reported postdoctoral location was in the United States and the reported postdoctoral plans were coded "definite."

The following is the SAS code that creates the variable PDUSFOR from USPLAN and FIRMPLAN as described above.

FIRMUS=2;
if (USPLAN eq 1 and FIRMPLAN eq 1) then FIRMUS=1; if USPLAN eq . or FIRMPLAN eq . then FIRMUS=.;

## Time to Doctorate

Total time to degree (TTD): TTD measures the total elapsed time between the baccalaureate and the doctorate (including time not enrolled in school). TTD can be computed only for individuals whose baccalaureate year is known. Baccalaureate year is often obtained from commencement programs or doctorate institutions when not reported by the recipient. Months are now included in the computation (see note below).

Registered time to degree (RTD): RTD gauges the time in attendance at colleges and universities between receipt of the baccalaureate and the doctorate. Enrollment may include years of attendance not related to a recipient's doctoral program. RTD can only be computed for individuals who provided all years of college attendance after the baccalaureate. Months are now included in the computation (see note below).

Note about medians: The method of computing medians, beginning with Summary Report 1994, is as follows. Months (of birth, baccalaureate, and doctorate) are included in the calculations whenever available; if months are missing, month values are assigned to the midpoint of the range of days, with a leap year factor included (i.e. assignment to a value of 181.25). (However, medians are not computed for years prior to 1969 because doctorate month is unavailable for all doctorate recipients.) Medians presented in previous summary reports were based only on years. Some medians would be the same regardless of the method of computation, but the new method generally computes slightly different results. While differences are small (usually one- or two-tenths of a year), readers should consider these differences when comparing medians presented in the report with those in earlier reports.

## Race and Hispanic Ethnicity

Beginning in 2001, a new set of questionnaire items was used to collect information about citizenship. Just as in the past, respondents have been asked to first indicate whether or not they are Hispanic, and then check one or more of the various racial group categories (e.g., American Indian, indicating Tribal Affiliation, Asian (including Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders through the year 2000), black, or white). Doctorate recipients who reported Hispanic heritage, regardless of racial designation, are counted as Hispanic in this report. The remaining survey respondents are then counted in their respective racial groups or as "Other/Unknown" (which includes only those who did not indicate a specific race/ethnicity through 2000, and also includes those choosing "Multiple Race" in 2001 and 2002). (Note: Doctorate recipients who checked the category "American Indian or Alaskan Native" are identified as American Indian in this report.)

## Citizenship

As in the past, the variable CITIZ is used to identify non-U.S. citizens for whom visa status was unknown. The new code frame for the data introduced in the year 2000 was as follows:

| Code | Citizenship Category |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | U.S. Native |
| 1 | U.S. Naturalized Citizen |
| 2 | Non-U.S. Immigrant (Permanent Resident) |
| 3 | Non-U.S. Non-immigrant (Temporary Resident) |
| 4 | Non-U.S., Visa Status Unknown |
| Blank | Missing/Citizenship Unknown |

Beginning in 2000, a logical assignment to code 4 was made if all follow-up attempts for missing citizenship were unsuccessful. The assignment was made for 1997-2002 records if three out of four variables - BIRTHPL, HSPLACE, CEPLACE, PDLOC - were non-U.S. locations. For the purposes of the tabulations in this report, code 4 was combined with code 3. This is consistent with what was done in previous rounds and seems well justified by an examination of the data. However, the existence of this new code will allow the data user to exclude the cases for which visa status is unknown if desired. One should keep in mind that the number of cases in this group (code 4) is not sufficient to warrant analysis as a separate group.

To match the numbers in this report, use the following code before analyzing citizenship:

```
/*RECODE CITIZ 4 */
IF (CITIZ eq '4') THEN CITIZ='3';
```


## Debt

This item indexing debt was changed in AY 2001 to allow the identification of debt due to undergraduate education separately from that due to graduate education (see item A9). The resulting variables identify nine ranges of debt for each referent (undergraduate or graduate). To estimate overall debt, we took the midpoint of the chosen range for undergraduate and for graduate debt. These two values were summed to yield a total debt amount. These amounts were then assigned to the appropriate range as shown below:

## Cumulative Debt

No Debt
\$5,000 OR LESS
\$5,001-\$10,000
\$10,001-\$15,000
\$15,001-\$20,000
\$20,001-\$25,000
\$25,001-\$30,000
\$30,001-\$35,000
$\$ 35,001$ and up

## Availability of Data

The survey has collected information on doctoral recipients annually since 1957. More limited information is contained on the SED data file for research doctorate recipients from 1920-1956.

The data from this survey are published annually in Detailed Statistical Tables in the series Science and Engineering Doctorate Awards, available on the SRS Web site at (www.nsf.gov/sbe/srs/ssed/ssedmeth.htm). These reports focus on science and engineering fields of study. (The list of how fields of study are grouped for this report is shown at the end of the Technical Notes.) Companion data from this survey for earlier years (1960-1991) were published in Detailed Statistical Tables in the report Science and Engineering Doctorates: 1960-91 (NSF 93-301). This report is out of print, but tables from it are available on request.

Information from the survey is also included in the report series Science and Engineering Degrees; in Science and Engineering Indicators; in Women, Minorities, and Persons With Disabilities in Science and Engineering; in Foreign Participation in U.S. Academic Science and Engineering; and in special occasional publications such as Undergraduate Origins of Recent Science and Engineering Doctorate Recipients.

Results are also included in a publication series on ALL fields of study -- Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities: Summary Report; this interagency report is sponsored by the Federal agencies that support the Survey of Earned Doctorates (six in 2002). The report is available on the Web at: www.norc.uchicago.edu/issues/docdata.htm.

Selected summary data from this survey are available on the NSF-SRS Web site and in the NSF-SRS WebCASPAR database by institution. Access to restricted data for researchers interested in analyzing microdata can be arranged through a licensing agreement.

A complete methodology report for the 2002 SED is available upon request from NSFSRS. A complete list of methodological research concerning the Survey of Earned Doctorates is also available upon request from NSF-SRS.

Additional information about this survey can be obtained by contacting:

| Joan S. Burrelli, Ph.D. | Or | Tom Hoffer <br> Doctorate Data Project |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Science Resources Analyst |  | NORC at the University of Chicago |
| Division of Science Resources Studies |  | 1155 E. 60th Street |
| National Science Foundation | Chicago, IL 60637 |  |
| 4201 Wilson Boulevard, Room 965 S |  | Phone: (773) 256-6097 |
| Arlington, VA 22230 | E-mail: hoffer-tom@norc.net |  |
| Phone: (703) 292-7793 |  |  |

## APPENDIX D

## Survey of Earned Doctorates Questionnaire Academic Year 2002

## Survey of Earned Doctorates

## July 1, 2001, to June 30, 2002

Conducted by<br>The National Opinion Research Center at the University of Chicago<br>for<br>The National Science Foundation<br>The National Institutes of Health<br>The U.S. Department of Education<br>The National Endowment for the Humanities<br>The U.S. Department of Agriculture<br>The National Aeronautics and Space Administration

[^25]
## INSTRUCTIONS

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. Directions are provided for each question. Because not all questions will apply to everyone, you may be asked to skip certain questions.

- If you have not already done so, please print your name on the front cover.
- Please print all responses; you may use either a pen or pencil.
- When answering questions that require marking a box, please use an "X."
- If you need to change an answer, please make sure that your old answer is either completely erased or clearly crossed out.
- On page 7 (inside the back cover) is a Specialties List for classifying your field(s) of specialization in questions A2 and A8.


## PART A - Education

A1. What is the title of your dissertation?


Please mark ( $X$ ) this box if the title below refers to a performance, project report, or a musical or literary composition required instead of a dissertation.

Title
$\square$
A2. Using the Specialties List (page 7), please write the name and number of the primary field of your dissertation research.

Name of Field
Number of Field $\square$
If you had a secondary field for your dissertation research, list the name and number.

Name of Field
Number of Field $\square$
A3. Please name the department (or interdisciplinary committee, center, institute, etc.) of the university that supervised your doctoral program.
$\square$ Mark (X) box if none


A4. Please name the school or college within the university that supervised your doctoral program.
$\qquad$
Mark (X) box if not applicable

School or College within University

A5. Which of the following were sources of support during graduate school?

Mark (X) Yes or No for each
a. Fellowship, scholarship
b. Dissertation grant
c. Teaching assistantship
d. Research assistantship
e. Traineeship
f. Internship or residency
g. Loans (from any source)
h. Foreign (non-U.S.) support
i. Personal savings
j. Personal earnings during graduate school (other than sources listed above)
k. Spouse's, partner's, or family earnings or savings

1. Employer reimbursement/assistance
m. Other - Specify


A6. Which TWO sources listed in A5 provided the most support? Enter letters of primary and secondary sources
1.
 Primary source of support
 Mark (X) if no primary source
2. Secondary source of support


Mark (X) if no secondary source
A7. If you received full or partial tuition remission for your doctoral studies, was it:

0 $\square$ I did not receive any tuition remission
1for less than $1 / 3$ of tuition
2 between $1 / 3$ and $2 / 3$ of tuition
3 more than $2 / 3$ of tuition

A8. Please list below, chronologically, all colleges (including 2-year) and graduate institutions you have attended and each degree earned (if any). Be sure to give the years attended for ALL institutions attended. INCLUDE YOUR DOCTORAL INSTITUTION(S) AND DOCTORAL DEGREE AT THE END.
$\square$ Mark (X) box if bachelor's degree (or equivalent) was never received. $\quad$ Mark (X) box if master's degree (or equivalent) was never received.

| EXAMPLE Institution and Location |  |  | Years Attended |  | Field of Study <br> Use Specialties List, page 7 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Degree (if any) } \\ \hline \text { Granted } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution <br> Indian Institute of Technology |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { From } \\ & 1990 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { To } \\ 1992 \end{gathered}$ | Field Name Mathematics | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ 498 \end{gathered}$ | Title | Mo. | $\overline{\mathrm{Yr} .}$ |
| Branch or City <br> Madras | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) India |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution <br> University of California |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { From } \\ & 1993 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { To } \\ 1995 \end{gathered}$ | Field Name Mechanical Engineering | Number 345 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Title } \\ B . S . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mo. } \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yr. } \\ 1995 \end{gathered}$ |
| Branch or City Berkeley | $\begin{aligned} & \text { State or Province } \\ & \quad C A \end{aligned}$ | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution <br> University | lifornia |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { From } \\ & 1997 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { To } \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ | Field Name <br> Mechanical <br> Engineering | Number 345 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Title } \\ M . S \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mo. } \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yr. } \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ |
| Branch or City Berkeley | $\begin{aligned} & \text { State or Province } \\ & \quad C A \end{aligned}$ | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Institution and Location |  |  | Years Attended |  | Field of Study |  | Degree (if any) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Use specialties List, page 7 | Granted |  |  |
| Institution |  |  |  |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |
| Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution |  |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |  |  |
| Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution |  |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |  |  |
| Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Institution |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |


| Institution |  |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institution |  |  | From | To | Field Name | Number | Title | Mo. | Yr. |
| Branch or City | State or Province | Country (if not U.S.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^26]A9. When you receive your doctoral degree, how much money will you owe that is directly related to your undergraduate and graduate education?

| Mark ( $X$ ) one in each column |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Undergraduate |  | Graduate |  |
| 0 | None | 0 | None |
|  | \$5,000 or less |  | \$5,000 or less |
| 2 | \$5,001-\$10,000 | 2 | \$5,001-\$10,000 |
| 3 | \$10,001-\$15,000 | 3 | \$10,001-\$15,000 |
|  | \$15,001-\$20,000 | 4 | \$15,001-\$20,000 |
| 5 | \$20,001-\$25,000 | 5 | \$20,001-\$25,000 |
| 6 | \$25,001-\$30,000 | 6 | \$25,001-\$30,000 |
|  | \$30,001-\$35,000 | 7 | \$30,001-\$35,000 |
|  | \$35,001 - or more | 8 | \$35,001 - or more |

A10. How many years were there between the date you first entered graduate school in any program or capacity and the date your doctorate was granted?

Years $\square$ Round to whole years

A11. How many years were you taking courses or preparing for exams required for or related to your doctoral degree?

Years


Round to whole years

A12. How many years did you spend on your dissertation (non-course related preparation or research, writing and defense)?

Years


Round to whole years

## PART B - Postgraduation Plans

B1. How definite are your immediate (within the next year) postgraduate plans?

## Mark ( $X$ ) one

Am returning to, or continuing in, predoctoral employmentHave signed contract or made definite commitment for other work or study2Am negotiating with one or more specific organizations
3 Am seeking position but have no specific prospects
Other - Specify

B2. Please name the organization and geographic location where you will work or study.


B3. In what state or country do you intend to live after graduation (within the next year)?


B4. What best describes your immediate (within the next year) postgraduate plans?

Mark ( $X$ ) one
Further Training or Study


## Career Employment



B5. What will be the main source of financial support for your postdoctoral study/research within the next year?

## Mark ( $X$ ) one


U.S. Government

Industry/Business
College or university
Private foundation
Nonprofit, other than private foundation
Other - Specify $\qquad$
Unknown

B6. For what type of employer will you be working within the next year?
Mark ( $X$ ) one

## EDUCATION

a.U.S. 4-year college or university other than medical school
b.U.S. medical school (including university-affiliated hospital or medical center)
c.U.S. junior or community college or technical institute
d.Preschool, elementary, or secondary school in the U.S.
e.Foreign educational institution

## GOVERNMENT

f. $\square$ Foreign government
g.U.S. federal government
h.
 U.S. state government
i.U.S. local government

## PRIVATE SECTOR

j.Nonprofit organization
k.Industry or business
1.Self-employed

## OTHER

m. $\square$ Other - Specify

B7. From the list below, please indicate what your primary and secondary work activities will be by entering the numbers of your selections in the appropriate boxes:
Enter numbers from below:


Primary Activity
b. $\square$ Secondary Activity
0 Research and development
1 Teaching
2 Administration
3 Professional services to individuals
4 Other - Specify

## PART C - Background Information

C1. Are you -Male

2 Female

C2. What is your marital status?
Mark ( $X$ ) one
$1 \square$ Married
2Living in a marriage-like relationship

3Widowed

4 $\qquad$ Separated/divorced
5Never married

C3. Not including yourself (or your spouse/partner), how many dependents do you have - that is, how many others receive at least one half of their support from you?

Mark ( $X$ ) box if none

## Number

5 years of age or younger 6 to 18 years

19 years or older


C4. What is the highest educational attainment of your mother and father?

Mark (X) one for each parent

|  | a. Mother |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | b. Father

C5. What is your place of birth?


Country (if not U.S.)

C6. What is your date of birth?


C7. What is your citizenship status?
Mark (X) one
U.S. Citizen:

0


Native Born
Naturalized


## Non-U.S. Citizen:

2With a Permanent U.S. Resident Visa ("Green Card")

3With a Temporary U.S. Visa
C8. (IF A NON-U.S. CITIZEN) Of which country are you a citizen?

[^27]C9. In what state or country was the high school/secondary school that you last attended?


State (if U.S.)

## OR

## Country (if not U.S.)

C10. Are you a person with a disability?


C11. (IF YES) Which of the following categories describes your disability(ies)?
Mark (X) one or more
a. $\square$ Blind/Visually Impaired
b.
 Deaf/Hard of Hearing
c.Physical/Orthopedic Disability
d.


Learning/Cognitive Disability
e.Vocal/Speech Disability
f.


Other - Specify

C12. Are you Hispanic (or Latino)?


C13. (IF YES TO C12) Which of the following describes your Hispanic origin or descent?


Mexican American or Chicano
Puerto Rican
Cuban
Other Hispanic - Specify

C14. What is your racial background?
Mark ( $X$ ) one or moreAmerican Indian or Alaska Native
Specify tribal affiliation(s)
b.Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
c. $\square$ Asian
d.Black or African-American
e.

White

C15. Please fill in your U.S. Social Security number.


C16. In case we need to clarify some of the information you have provided, please list an E-mail address, website address (if applicable), and telephone numbers where you can be reached.

E-mail address
Website address
Daytime telephone
Evening telephone
C17. Please provide your address and the name and address of a person through which you could always be reached.

## Current Address

| Number | Street |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City | State | Country | Zip or Postal Code |
| Contact Person |  |  |  |
| Name |  |  |  |
| Number | Street |  |  |
| City | State | Country | Zip or Postal Code |
| Phone Number (including area or country code) |  |  |  |

E-mail Address
C18. Please sign and date.

## Signature

Date

Mark (X) box if you would like a summary of the results of this survey (available as funding permits).

Results of the Survey of Earned Doctorates can be found on the National Science Foundation's World Wide Web page at http://www.nsf.gov/sbe/srs/ssed/start.htm

Please use the back cover to make any additional comments you may have about this survey.

Thank you for completing the questionnaire. Please return it to the GRADUATE DEAN for forwarding to Survey of Earned Doctorates, NORC at the University of Chicago, 1 N. State Street, Floor 16, Chicago, IL 60602. If you have questions or concerns about the survey, you may contact us by e-mail at 4800-sed@norcmail.uchicago.edu or phone at 1-800-248-8649.

## SPECIALTIES LIST

INSTRUCTIONS: The following field listing is to be used in responding to items A2 and A8. If you choose a field marked with an asterisk (*), please write in your field of specialization in the space provided in those items.

AGRICULTURAL
SCIENCES
000 Agricultural Economics
002 Agricultural Business \& Mgmt.
005 Animal Breeding \& Genetics
010 Animal Nutrition
012 Dairy Science
014 Poultry Science
019 Animal Sciences, Other*
020 Agronomy \& Crop Science
025 Plant Breeding \& Genetics
030 Plant Pathology (See also 120)
039 Plant Sciences, Other*
043 Food Engineering
044 Food Sciences, Other*
046 Soil Chemistry/ Microbiology
049 Soil Sciences, Other*
050 Horticulture Science
055 Fisheries Sci. \& Management
066 Forest Biology
068 Forest Engineering
070 Forest Management
072 Wood Sci. \&
Pulp/Paper Tech.
074 Conserv./
Renewable
Natural Res.
079 Forestry \& Related Sci., Other*
080 Wildlife/Range Management
098 Agricultural Sci., General
099 Agricultural Sci., Other*

## BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

100 Biochemistry
103 Biomedical Sciences
105 Biophysics
107 Biotechnology
Research
110 Bacteriology
115 Plant Genetics
120 Plant Pathology
(See also 030)
125 Plant Physiology
129 Botany, Other*
130 Anatomy
133 Biometrics \&
Biostatistics
136 Cell Biology
(See also 154)
139 Ecology
142 Developmental Bio./Embryology
145 Endocrinology
148 Entomology
151 Biological Immunology
154 Molecular Biology
157 Microbiology
160 Neuroscience
163 Nutritional Sciences
66 Parasitology
169 Toxicology
170 Genetics, Human \& Animal
175 Pathology, Human \& Animal
(See also 120)
-

## Human \& Animal

185 Physiology, Human \& Animal
189 Zoology, Other*
198 Biological
Sciences, General
199 Biological Sciences, Other*

HEALTH SCIENCES
200 Speech-Lang. Path. \& Audiology
210 Environmental Health
212 Health Systems/
Service Admin.
215 Public Health
220 Epidemiology
(See also 133)
222 Exercise Physiology/ Sci., Kinesiology
230 Nursing
240 Pharmacy
245 Rehabilitation/ Therapeutic Services
250 Veterinary Medicine
298 Health Sciences,
General
299 Health Sciences, Other*

ENGINEERING
300 Aerospace, Aeronaut. Chemistry
\& Astronaut. 520 Analytical
303 Agricultural 522 Inorganic
306 Bioengineering \& Biomedical
309 Ceramic Sciences
312 Chemical
315 Civil
318 Communications
321 Computer
324 Electrical \&
Electronics
327 Engineering Mechanics
330 Engineering Physics
333 Engineering Science
336 Environmental Health Engineering
339 Industrial \& Manufacturing
342 Materials Science
345 Mechanical
348 Metallurgical
351 Mining \& Mineral
357 Nuclear
360 Ocean
363 Operations
Research
(See also 465, 930)
366 Petroleum
369 Polymer \& Plastics
372 Systems
398 Engineering, General
399 Engineering, Other*

COMPUTER AND
INFORMATION
SCIENCES
400 Computer Science
410 Info. Sci. \& Sys.
419 Computer/Info. Sci, Other*

MATHEMATICS
420 Applied Mathematics
425 Algebra
430 Analysis \& Functional Analysis

| 435 | Geometry |
| :--- | :--- |
| 440 | Logic |
| (See also 785) |  |
| 445 | Number Theory |
| 450 | Mathematical |
| 455 | Statistics |
| 460 | Topology |
| 460 |  |
| 465 | Practice <br> Operations <br> Research <br> (See also 363, 930) |
| 498 | Mathematics, <br> General <br> 499 |
| Mathematics, <br> Other* |  |
|  |  |

PHYSICAL SCIENCES
Astronomy
500 Astronomy
505 Astrophysics
Atmospheric Sci. and
Meteorology
510 Atmospheric Physics \& Chemistry
512 Atmospheric Dynamics
514 Meteorology
518 Atmos. Sci./Meteorol, General
519 Atmos. Sci./Meteorol, Other*

524 Nuclear
528 Medicinal/
Pharmaceutical
530 Physical
532 Polymer
534 Theoretical
538 Chemistry,
General
539 Chemistry, Other*
(See 100 Biochemistry)
Geological \& Related

## Sciences

540 Geology
542 Geochemistry
544 Geophysics \&
Seismology
546 Paleontology
548 Mineralogy \&
Petrology
550 Stratigraphy \& Sedimentation
552 Geomorphology \& Glacial Geology
558 Geolog. \& Related
Sci., General
559 Geolog. \& Related
Sci., Other*

## Physics

560 Acoustics
561 Chemical \&

## Atomic/Molecular

564 Elementary
Particle
566 Fluids
568 Nuclear
569 Optics
570 Plasma \& High-
Temperature
572 Polymer
574 Solid State \& LowTemperature
578 Physics, General
579 Physics, Other*

Sciences
580 Environmental
Science
585 Hydrology \& Water Resources
590 Oceanography
595 Marine Sciences
599 Misc. Physical
Sciences, Other*
PSYCHOLOGY
600 Clinical
603 Cognitive \& Psycholinguistics
606 Comparative
609 Counseling
612 Developmental \& Child
613 Human/Indiv. \& Family Devipmt.
615 Experimental
618 Educational
(See also 822)
620 Family \& Marriage
Counseling
621 Indust. \& Organiz.
(See also 935)
624 Personality
627 Physiological/
Psychobiology
630 Psychometrics
633 Quantitative
636 School
(See also 825)
639 Social
648 Psychology,
General
649 Psychology, Other*
SOCIAL SCIENCES
650 Anthropology
652 Area Studies
658 Criminology
662 Demography/
Population Studies
666 Economics
668 Econometrics
670 Geography
674 International Relations/Affairs
678 Political Sci. \& Government
682 Public Policy Analysis
686 Sociology
690 Statistics
(See also 450)
694 Urban Affairs/Studies
698 Social Sciences, General
699 Social Sciences, Other*

## HUMANITIES

History
700 History, American
703 History, Asian
705 History, European
710 History/Philosophy of Sci. \& Tech.
718 History, General
719 History, Other*

## Letters

720 Classics
723 Comparative Literature
729 Linguistics
732 Literature, American
733 Literature, English
734 English Language
736 Speech \& Rhetorical

738 Letters, General
739 Letters, Other*
Foreign Languages and
Literature
740 French
743 German
746 Italian
749 Spanish
752 Russian
755 Slavic (other than
Russian)
758 Chinese
762 Japanese
765 Hebrew
768 Arabic
769 Other Languages \& Literature*

Other Humanities
770 American Studies
773 Archeology
776 Art History/ Criticism/Conserv.
780 Music
785 Philosophy
(See also 440)
790 Religion (See also 984)
795 Dramal Theater Arts
798 Humanities,
General
799 Humanities, Other*
EDUCATION
800 Curriculum \& Instruction
805 Educational Admin. \& Supervision
807 Educational Leadership
810 Educ./Instruct. Media Design
815 Educ. Stat./ Research Methods
820 Educ. Assess./ Test./Meas.
822 Educ. Psychology (See also 618)
825 School Psychology
(See also 636)
830 Social/Phil. Found. of Education
835 Special Education
840 Couns.
Educ./Couns. \& Guid. Serv.
845 Higher
Education/Eval. \&
Research
Teacher Education
850 Pre-elementaryl Early Childhood
852 Elementary
856 Secondary
858 Adult \& Continuing
Teaching Fields
860 Agricultural
Education
861 Art Education
862 Business Education
864 English Education
866 Foreign Languages Education
868 Health Education

## To the Doctorate Recipient:

Congratulations on earning a doctoral degree! This is an important accomplishment for you. Your accomplishment is also significant for both this nation and others, as the new knowledge generated by research doctorates enhances the quality of life in this country and throughout the world. Because of the importance of persons earning research doctorates, several Federal agencies-listed on the cover-sponsor this Survey of Earned Doctorates.

The basic purpose of this survey is to gather objective data about doctoral graduates. These data are important in improving graduate education both at your home institution and beyond. Often, decisions made by governmental and private agencies to develop new programs, or to support present ones, are based in part on the data developed from this survey. If you have any comments about the survey, please provide them in the space below.

On behalf of the sponsoring Federal agencies, I thank you for your participation in this survey.

Best wishes,
Dr. Lynda Carlson
National Science Foundation

## Comments About This Survey

Please return this questionnaire to your GRADUATE DEAN for forwarding to
Survey of Earned Doctorates, NORC at the University of Chicago,
1 N. State Street, Floor 16, Chicago, IL 60602.
If you have questions or concerns about the survey, you may contact us by e-mail at 4800-sed@norcmail.uchicago.edu or phone at 1-800-248-8649.

| Case ID | \|nstit. Code: |  | Grad Date: | Main Disp.: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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## APPENDIX E

Field Classification and Research Degree Titles

## APPENDIX E: Field Classification and Research Degree Titles

The appendix tables present data according to the following field classifications. Appendix Tables A-1 and A-2 and Appendix Table B-1 display all subfields that are on the survey Specialties List. Appendix Tables A-4, A-5, and A-6 show data by seven broad fields only. Appendix Tables A-3 and A-7 include the additional field groupings indicated below.

## SCIENCES

Physical Sciences (400-599)
Physics and Astronomy (500-505, 560-579)
Chemistry (520-539)
Earth, Atmospheric, and Marine Sciences (510-519, 540-559, 590-599)
Mathematics (420-499)
Computer Sciences (400410) $\}$ Combined in Table A -7
Engineering (300-399)
Life Sciences (000-299)
Biological Sciences (100-199)
Biochemistry (100)
Other Biological Sciences (103-199)
Health Sciences (200-299)
Agricultural Sciences (000-099)
Social Sciences (600-699)
Psychology (600-649)
Economics and Econometrics $(666,668)$
Anthropology and Sociology $(650,686)$
Political Science and International Relations $(674,678)$
Other Social Sciences (652-662, 670, 672, 682, 690-699)

## NONSCIENCES

Humanities (700-799)
History (700-719)
English and American Language and Literature (732-734)
Foreign Languages and Literature (740-769)
Other Humanities
(720-729, 736-739, 770-799)

## Education (800-899)

Professional and Other Fields (900-999)
Business and Management (900-939)
Other Professional Fields (940-989)
Other Fields (999)

NOTE: Doctorate recipients indicate their fields of specialty. Their choices may differ from departmental names.

## TITLES OF RESEARCH DEGREES INCLUDED IN THE SURVEY OF EARNED DOCTORATES

| DA/DAT | Doctor of Arts/Arts in Teaching | DMM | Doctor of Music Ministry |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DArch | Doctor of Architecture | DMSc | Doctor of Medical Science |
| DAS | Doctor of Applied Science | DNSc | Doctor of Nursing Science |
| DBA | Doctor of Business Administration | DPA | Doctor of Public Administration |
| DChem | Doctor of Chemistry | DPE | Doctor of Physical Education |
| DCJ | Doctor of Criminal Justice | DPH | Doctor of Public Health |
| DCL | Doctor of Comparative Law/Civil Law | DPS | Doctor of Professional Studies |
| DCrim | Doctor of Criminology | DrDES | Doctor of Design |
| DED | Doctor of Environmental Design | DRec/DR | Doctor of Recreation |
| DEng | Doctor of Engineering | DSc/ScD | Doctor of Science |
| DEnv | Doctor of Environment | DScD | Doctor of Science in Dentistry |
| DESc/ScDE | Doctor of Engineering Science | DScH | Doctor of Science and Hygiene |
| DF | Doctor of Forestry | DScVM | Doctor of Science in Veterinary Medicine |
| DFA | Doctor of Fine Arts | DSM | Doctor of Sacred Music |
| DGS | Doctor of Geological Science | DSSc | Doctor of Social Science |
| DHL | Doctor of Hebrew Literature/Letters | DSW | Doctor of Social Work |
| DHS | Doctor of Health and Safety | EdD | Doctor of Education |
| DHS | Doctor of Hebrew Studies | JCD | Doctor of Canon Law |
| DIT | Doctor of Industrial Technology | JSD | Doctor of Juristic Science |
| DLS | Doctor of Library Science | LScD | Doctor of Science of Law |
| DM | Doctor of Music | PhD | Doctor of Philosophy |
| DMA | Doctor of Musical Arts | RhD | Doctor of Rehabilitation |
| DME | Doctor of Musical Education | SHD | Doctor of Juridical Science |
| DML | Doctor of Modern Languages | Doctor of Theology |  |

NSF Publications from the Doctorate Data Project

| InfoBriefs | InfoBriefs | Reports |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Healthy Economy Yields Even <br> Lower Unemployment Rate for <br> Doctoral Scientists and Engineers | Interstate Migration Patterns of <br> Recent Science and Engineering <br> Doctorate Recipients | Gender Differences in the Careers <br> of Academic Scientists and <br> Engineers: A Literature Review |
| Declines in U.S. Doctorate Awards <br> in Physics and Engineering | Employment Preferences and <br> Outcomes of Recent Science and <br> Engineering Doctorate Holders in <br> the Labor Market | Science and Engineering <br> Doctorate Awards: 2001 |
| Despite Increases, Women and <br> Minorities Still Underrepresented in | Academic Employment of Recent <br> Science and Engineering <br> Doctorate Holders | Characteristics of Doctoral <br> Scientists and Engineers in the <br> Undergraduate Science and |
| Engineering Education |  |  |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Survey of Earned Doctorates collects information on research doctorate recipients only. This survey differs from the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data Survey (IPEDS), which collects the number of doctoral degrees awarded per institution by field of study. For an evaluation of the differences, see National Science Foundation, 1993, Science and Engineering Doctorates 1960-1991, NSF 93-301, pp. 2-6, Washington, DC.
    ${ }^{2}$ See appendix C for information on response rates for the SED.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Doctorates are reported by academic year (from July 1 of one year through June 30 of the following year) and include research doctorates in all fields. Doctoral degrees such as the Ph.D., D.Sc., and research Ed.D. are covered by this survey; professional degrees (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., J.D., Psy.D., and D.Min.) are not. A full list of included degrees can be found in appendix E. For convenience throughout this report, the terms "Ph.D." or "doctorate" are used to represent any of the research doctoral degrees covered by the survey. Please note that if an individual earned a second research doctorate, the second doctorate is not included in the SED. In 2002, a total of 76 individuals earned second research doctorates.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ Calculations derived from appendix table A-7. See appendix table A-8 for a list of the 50 largest institutions.

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ The physical sciences also include mathematics and computer sciences in this report.
    ${ }^{6}$ The life sciences encompass biological, agricultural, and health sciences in this report.

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ For 2002, sex category could not be determined for 71 doctorate recipients; these 71 are not part of these and other percentage calculations.

[^5]:    ${ }^{8}$ As used here, U.S. minority groups include Asians, blacks, Hispanics, American Indians, Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders, and individuals who indicated more than one racial background.

[^6]:    See Table 8.

[^7]:    ${ }^{9}$ The percentage of cases with missing data on citizenship status (U.S. versus non-U.S.) and country of citizenship has fluctuated more year to year than other SED variables (see appendix table C-3), and the over-time comparisons are thus subject to some uncertainty.

[^8]:    ${ }^{10}$ Includes Hong Kong.

[^9]:    ${ }^{11}$ The Federal government and other governments tend to be the original sources of these funds.

[^10]:    ${ }^{12}$ The response categories, in $\$ 5,000$ increments, range from "none" to " $\$ 35,001$ or more." The format of this question was changed in 2001. The new format (relative to the 2000 SED questionnaire) asks for separate undergraduate and graduate levels of debt; the previous several years asked respondents only for the total amount of debt related to their postsecondary education. Also, the highest level of debt in the new form represents an increase of $\$ 5,000$ over the old form, which was previously capped at " $\$ 30,001$ or more." In order to combine the undergraduate and graduate debt data into a single cumulative measure, the responses to each item were recoded to the midpoints of the various debt ranges, and the sum of the undergraduate and graduate levels of debt was recategorized into the discrete ranges, with the cap of " $\$ 35,001$ or more" retained for the composite. See the special section on indebtedness in the Summary Report 1998 for more detail on debt levels and financial support for doctoral education. The report is available on the NORC Website
    (http://www.norc.uchicago.edu/issues/docdata.htm).

[^11]:    ${ }^{13}$ The items in the postgraduation plans section of the questionnaire are not classified as "critical items" which become the focus of missing data follow-ups. Thus, the response rates to the postgraduation plan items mirror the returns of the actual questionnaire ( 91 percent in 2002), minus a low, often negligible, rate of item nonresponse. For the 2002 SED cycle, the overall response rate for the first item, asking whether the respondent has definite plans for either career employment or study, was 91 percent.
    ${ }^{14}$ The annual numbers back to 1977 were assembled from table 21 and the analogous table from each of the previous four volumes of the Summary Report.

[^12]:    ${ }^{15}$ Some college or university support may come from federal funds, and this may not be clear to the SED respondents.

[^13]:    ${ }^{16}$ U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics. Competing Choices: Men's and Women's Paths After Earning a Bachelor's Degree, NCES 2001-154, by Michael S. Clune, Anne-Marie Nunez, and Susan P. Choy. Project Officer: C. Dennis Carroll. Washington, DC: 2001. The report is available online at http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2001/2001154.pdf.

[^14]:    ${ }^{17}$ U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics. First-Generation Students: Undergraduates Whose Parents Never Enrolled in Postsecondary Education, NCES 98-082, by Anne-Marie Nunez and Stephanie Cuccaro-Alamin. Project Officer: C. Dennis Carroll. Washington, DC: 1998. The report is available online at http://nces.ed.gov/pubs98/98082.pdf.

[^15]:    ${ }^{18}$ These tabulations are restricted to the 2002 doctorate recipients who were U.S. citizens, because the information collected on the types of undergraduate institutions is confined to U.S. institutions.
    ${ }^{19}$ The SED records whether or not each respondent indicates enrollment in a U.S. community college, but does not collect information on how long the individual was enrolled or whether an associate or other two-year degree or certificate was earned.

[^16]:    20 "Own resources" include funds from savings, loans, one's spouse and family, and employment other than in a graduate teaching or research assistantship.

[^17]:    ${ }^{21}$ Table 35 is restricted to U.S. citizens because the race/ethnicity classification is not as applicable to non-U.S. citizens. The total numbers in table 35 thus do not match those in table 34, which included U.S. and non-U.S. citizens.

[^18]:    a Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders for 1998-2000, but does not include them for 2001-2002.

[^19]:    a Includes mathematics and computer sciences.

[^20]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Total includes 71 doctoral recipients for whom sex was not reported.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Does not include Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Includes Alaskan Natives. d Includes mathematics and computer science.
    SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

[^21]:    a Includes Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders through 2000, but excludes them per revised OMB guidelines.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes Alaskan Natives.
    c Total includes 219 doctoral recipients for whom sex was not reported.
    ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Total includes 359 doctoral recipients for whom sex was not reported.
    e Total includes 71 doctoral recipients for whom sex was not reported.
    ${ }^{\text {f }}$ Percent calculated on those responding to the item on postgraduation status.
    SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

[^22]:    ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Includes 2 －year， 4 －year，and foreign colleges and universities，medical schools，and elementary／secondary schools．
    ${ }^{d}$ Includes only recipients with definite employment plans．

[^23]:    NOTE: Field groupings may differ from those in reports published by federal sponsors of the Survey of Earned Doctorates.
    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Totals exclude doctorate recipients whose gender was unknown (total is 71 ).
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes mathematics and computer sciences.
    ${ }^{\text {c I I Includes the }} 50$ states, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.
    SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates

[^24]:    SOURCE: NSF/NIH/USED/NEH/USDA/NASA, Survey of Earned Doctorates.

[^25]:    This information is solicited under the authority of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended. ALL INFORMATION YOU PROVIDE WILL BE TREATED AS CONFIDENTIAL and used only for research or statistical purposes by your doctoral institution, the survey sponsors, their contractors, and collaborating researchers for the purpose of analyzing data, preparing scientific reports and articles, and selecting samples for a limited number of carefully defined follow-up studies. Any information publicly released (such as statistical summaries) will be in a form that does not personally identify you. Your response is voluntary and failure to provide some or all of the requested information will not in any way adversely affect you. Your Social Security number is also solicited under the NSF Act of 1950, as amended; providing it is also voluntary. It is used for survey quality control, program evaluation, and for matching with other databases.

    The time needed to complete this form varies according to individual circumstances, but the average time is estimated to be 20 minutes. If you have comments regarding this time estimate, you may write to the National Science Foundation, 4201 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22230, Attention: NSF Reports Clearance Officer.

[^26]:    If you have attended more than six institutions of higher education, please continue this list in the "Comments" section on the back cover. Remember to include your doctoral institution and degree.

[^27]:    (Specify country of present citizenship)

