

How Americans Navigate the Modern Information Environment

A study commemorating the 75th Anniversary of NORC at the University of Chicago

Conducted by NORC at the University of Chicago

Interviews: 1/14-31/2016 1,007 adults

Margin of error: +/- 3.7 percentage points at the 95% confidence level among all adults

NOTE: All results show percentages among all respondents, unless otherwise labeled.

Q1. We are interested in learning about how Americans use different tools and sources to get information.

By information, we mean the information that you use to understand the world around you. This can include news, medical information, product reviews, how-to instructions, traffic and weather, financial tools and data, lifestyle, entertainment, or any other kinds of information that you need to understand the world around you.

How often do you get information for your daily life from ...?

[ITEMS RANDOMIZED; HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

	Never/				Often/ Very			_
	Rarely NET	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	often NET	Often	Very often	DK/ REF
Newspapers including	IVE	IVCVCI	Raiciy	Joinetimes	1421	Orten	Orten	IVEI
their print versions,								
websites, or apps	33	10	23	27	40	20	20	*
TV stations including								
their broadcasts,								
websites, or apps	15	4	11	24	61	28	33	*
Radio stations including								
their broadcasts,								
websites, or apps	29	9	20	29	42	24	18	*
Using search engines								
such as Google or Bing	15	10	6	17	67	27	41	*
Social Media	34	21	13	20	46	23	23	*
Blogs	71	41	30	20	8	5	4	1
Word of mouth including friends, family								
members, neighbors, or								
coworkers	9	2	8	36	55	36	18	*
Magazines including								
their print versions,								
websites, or apps	38	15	24	32	29	19	10	*

If rarely, sometimes, often, or very often in Q1

Q2. In your experience, how much do you trust the information you get from...?

[ITEMS RANDOMIZED; HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

	Mostly	Can	Can	
	cannot	mostly	completely	DK/
	trust it	trust it	trust it	REF
Newspapers including their				
print versions, websites, or				
<u>apps</u> (N=907)	9	77	13	*
TV stations including their				
broadcasts, websites, or apps				
(N=961)	14	74	11	1
Radio stations including their				
broadcasts, websites, or apps				
(N=910)	11	76	12	1
Using search engines such as				
Google or Bing (N=891)	11	76	13	1
Social Media (N=771)	45	47	6	2
Blogs (N=559)	42	50	5	4
Word of mouth including				
friends, family members,				
neighbors, or coworkers				
(N=982)	21	68	10	1
Magazines including their				
print versions, websites, or				
<u>apps</u> (N=859)	19	74	7	*

Q3. Do you ever feel overwhelmed by how much information comes to you? Would you say...

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Yes, often	16
Not really, but sometimes it can	
be too much	62
No	22
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q4. Have you ever decided not to search online for information about a topic because you didn't want to get a lot of ads and follow-up messages from someone trying to sell you something, or hasn't that happened?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Yes, often	24
Yes, once or twice	32
No	40
I never use the Internet	4
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*
N=	1,007

Q5. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is little or none and 10 is almost all of it, how much of the information you find on the internet do you think is accurate?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
1=Little or none	1
2	2
3	4
4	6
5	19
6	19
7	25
8	13
9	3
10=Almost all	4
I never use the Internet	4
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q6. Now think about all the information you use in your day to day life. Overall, compared to five years ago, do you think it is easier today or harder today to find useful information, or is there no real difference compared to five years ago?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Much easier today	53
Somewhat easier today	28
No real difference	12
Somewhat harder today	5
Much harder today	2
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

N= 1,007

Q7. Now think about all the ways the internet connects you to information. Compared to five years ago, would you say that you are better informed, not as well informed, or about the same as five years ago on the following topics?

[ITEMS RANDOMIZED]

				I don't use	
		Same as	Not as	the	
	Better	five years	well	Internet	DK/
	informed	ago	informed	for this	REF
The hobbies and personal					
interests you have	66	25	4	5	*
Your health and fitness	63	27	3	7	1
International news	60	24	6	9	1
National news	59	28	5	7	1
Popular culture such as					
movies, music, and books	59	28	5	7	1
Your family or friends	56	30	4	9	1
Local news	54	31	6	8	1
Civic life and government					
activities in your community	49	34	8	9	*
Your neighborhood and your					
neighbors	36	38	12	14	1

Q8. The next questions are about the information you use when making a major purchase.

If you didn't make any major purchases last year, consider something major that you thought about buying but decided not to.

Think about a major purchase you made in the last year. What was the product or type of product you purchased?

If you made more than one major product purchase in the last year, tell us the most expensive product.

[Open-ended question coded.]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Vehicle	24
Home appliances	12
Personal electronic devices	11
Home electronics	8
Home repair and improvement	8
Furniture	5
Gave a dollar amount	4
Vehicle repair or improvement	2
Real estate	2
Sporting goods	2
General entertainment	2
Personal care	2
Other	2
Major bills	1
Jewelry	1
Lawn care equipment	1
NOTHING	4
DON'T KNOW	2
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	8

If open-ended response given in Q8

Q9. In deciding to buy or not buy this product, did you use any of these sources of information?

NORC			DK/
1/14-31/2016	Yes	No	REF
Newspapers including their			
print versions, websites, or			
<u>apps</u>	24	74	1
TV stations including their			
broadcasts, websites, or apps	17	82	1
Radio stations including their			
broadcasts, websites, or apps	6	93	1
Search engines such as Google			
or Bing	68	32	*
Social Media	15	84	1
Blogs	12	87	1
Word of mouth including			
friends, family members,			
neighbors, or coworkers	62	38	*
Magazines including their			
print versions, websites, or			
<u>apps</u>	20	79	1
User reviews (such as Amazon			
reviews, Yelp, or Angie's List)	42	57	*
Product testing sources (such			
as Consumer Reports or Car			
and Driver)	44	56	*
Sales representatives	42	57	1

N=852

Q10. Now think about *all* major product purchases you might make. In general, when considering a major product purchase, how often do you seek out new sources of information in addition to those that you use on a regular basis?

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC 1/14-31/2016
Never/Rarely NET	15
Never	4
Rarely	11
Sometimes	33
Often/Very often NET	52
Often	29
Very often	23
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*
A.I.	4.007

N= 1,007

Q11. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is not important and 10 is very important, when making a major product purchase, how important is it that the source of your information...?

[ITEMS RANDOMIZED]

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
Is easy to use	3	1	1	1	8	7	12	19	16	33	*	8.0
Is a person who seems												
knowledgeable	2	1	1	2	7	8	12	19	13	34	-	8.0
Was recommended by												
someone credible	4	1	1	2	8	8	13	17	14	32	-	7.8
Includes user reviews	4	1	2	3	8	6	10	18	16	33	1	7.8
Tells when it was last												
updated	4	1	2	3	10	7	11	18	13	33	*	7.8
Is free/no charge for												
use	6	1	3	2	10	7	9	13	13	36	1	7.6
Refers to experts	5	*	3	5	11	8	13	18	12	24	1	7.2
Refers to scientific												
evidence	5	2	2	3	14	10	12	15	13	22	1	7.1
Is a person you know												
well	6	2	3	4	11	9	13	17	11	24	*	7.1
Is based on												
government data	18	5	6	9	16	10	12	11	7	8	*	5.2

Q12. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is not very likely and 10 is quite likely, when making a major purchase, how likely are you to seek out additional information when...?

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
Your gut tells you to												
beware	4	1	*	2	5	6	9	14	14	45	*	8.3
You find conflicting												
information from the												
sources you regularly												
use	3	2	1	3	9	7	10	15	14	36	*	7.8
No one source seems												
to provide a complete												
picture	4	1	1	3	10	6	10	16	13	36	1	7.8
A person whom you												
respect raises questions												
about the sources you												
regularly use that you												
hadn't known about												
naan t known about	3	1	2	2	11	7	13	18	15	27	1	7.6

Q13. Sometimes different sources of information conflict with each other. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1=not very often and 10=quite often, when making a major purchase, how often do you do each of the following if you find that sources of information do not agree?

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
Search for more												
information	2	1	1	1	5	6	10	16	15	43	*	8.3
Go with the												
information that feels												
right	5	1	2	3	12	9	17	16	12	22	*	7.3
Go with the majority												
opinion	7	3	5	5	17	10	20	15	9	9	1	6.2
Go with what is												
easiest or most												
convenient to do	20	6	6	9	17	9	13	7	5	8	1	5.0
Do something else	19	3	6	8	19	10	11	8	4	10	1	4.1
Flip a coin or												
otherwise make a												2.5
random choice	59	7	7	6	8	4	3	2	1	3	1	

N=1,007

Q14. The next questions are about information concerning national issues facing the United States today.

In your opinion, what was the most important problem facing the United States during the last year?

[Open-ended question coded.]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Foreign policy issues	29
The economy	25
Domestic issues	23
Politics	10
Personal finance issues	3
Other	3
DON'T KNOW	1
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	6

If open-ended response given in Q14

Q15. In forming your opinion about this issue, did you use any of these sources of information?

[ITEMS RANDOMIZED]

			DK/
	Yes	No	REF
Newspapers including their			
print versions, websites, or			
apps	65	35	*
TV stations including their			
broadcasts, websites, or apps	79	20	1
Radio stations including their			
broadcasts, websites, or apps	54	46	-
Search engines such as Google			
or Bing	57	42	*
Social Media (such as			
Facebook or Twitter)	49	51	*
Blogs	19	80	1
Word of mouth including			
friends, family members,			
neighbors, or coworkers	74	26	*
Magazines including their			
print versions, websites, or			
<u>apps</u>	45	55	*
Government agencies	44	56	*
Political leaders	52	48	*
Political candidates	46	54	*
Issue organizations (such as			
the Sierra Club for			
environmental issues or AARP			
for retirement issues)	32	68	-
Other	16	80	4

N=939

Q16. Now think about *any* national issue facing the United States today. It can include domestic or foreign policy issues. When considering *any* national issue, how often do you seek out new sources of information in addition to those that you use on a regular basis?

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Never/Rarely NET	27
Never	9
Rarely	19
Sometimes	41
Often/Very often NET	31
Often	20
Very often	12
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q17. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is not important and 10 is very important, when thinking about *any* national issue, how important is it that the source of your information...

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
Tells when it was												
last updated	2	1	1	3	9	7	12	14	13	36	1	7.9
Is a person who												
seems												
knowledgeable	2	*	1	3	11	9	15	17	13	28	1	7.7
Refers to experts	4	1	2	3	11	8	15	18	12	25	1	7.5
Refers to scientific												
evidence	6	1	2	3	11	8	12	17	13	27	1	7.4
Was recommended												
by someone												
credible	4	1	1	3	13	7	15	19	12	24	1	7.4
Is easy to use	4	1	2	3	11	10	14	16	14	25	1	7.4
Is free/no charge												
for use	8	2	3	3	12	6	10	10	11	34	1	7.3
Is a person you												
know well	6	2	3	4	17	10	14	14	11	19	1	6.8
Is based on												
government data	9	4	5	6	16	11	15	14	6	13	1	6.1
Refers to views of												
government												
officials	11	4	9	6	19	11	12	10	6	12	1	5.7

Q18. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is not very likely and 10 is quite likely, when thinking about *any* national issue, how likely are you to seek out additional information when...?

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
Your gut tells you to beware	3	1	2	2	9	7	11	15	12	38	1	7.9
You find conflicting information from the sources you regularly	•	4	2	•	12	0	45	45	42	20		7.6
use	3	1	2	2	12	8	15	15	12	29	1	7.6
No one source seems to provide a complete picture	4	1	2	1	9	11	10	16	14	31	1	7.6
A person whom you respect raises questions about the sources you regularly use that you hadn't known about	4	1	1	2	12	9	14	18	13	23	2	7.4
Your regular sources of information seem biased toward one side												
of the issue	4	1	2	4	14	10	14	13	12	26	1	7.3

Q19. Sometimes different sources of information conflict with each other. On a scale of 1 to 10 where 1=not very often and 10=quite often, when thinking about *any* national issue, how often do you do each of the following if you find that sources of information do not agree?

1	2	2								DK/	
	_	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
2	2	1	2	9	6	12	14	17	35	1*	7.9
5	2	3	3	15	13	16	16	10	17	1*	6.9
L7	4	7	8	21	12	13	8	5	5	1*	5.1
27	7	8	9	14	9	9	6	4	6	1*	4.3
25	5	7	9	17	6	8	6	4	11	2*	3.6
50	7	6	6	7	5	2	2	1	3	1*	2.5
	5.7.27.25	5 2 .7 4 .7 7 .25 5	5 2 3 .7 4 7 .7 7 8 .5 5 7	5 2 3 3 .7 4 7 8 .7 7 8 9 .5 5 7 9	5 2 3 3 15 .7 4 7 8 21 .7 7 8 9 14 .5 5 7 9 17	5 2 3 3 15 13 .7 4 7 8 21 12 .7 7 8 9 14 9 .5 5 7 9 17 6	5 2 3 3 15 13 16 .7 4 7 8 21 12 13 .7 7 8 9 14 9 9 .5 5 7 9 17 6 8	5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 16 7 4 7 8 21 12 13 8 17 7 8 9 14 9 9 6 15 5 7 9 17 6 8 6	5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 </td <td>5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 10 17 17 4 7 8 21 12 13 8 5 5 17 7 8 9 14 9 9 6 4 6 15 5 7 9 17 6 8 6 4 11</td> <td>5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 10 17 1* 17 4 7 8 21 12 13 8 5 5 1* 17 7 8 9 14 9 9 6 4 6 1* 15 5 7 9 17 6 8 6 4 11 2*</td>	5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 10 17 17 4 7 8 21 12 13 8 5 5 17 7 8 9 14 9 9 6 4 6 15 5 7 9 17 6 8 6 4 11	5 2 3 3 15 13 16 16 10 17 1* 17 4 7 8 21 12 13 8 5 5 1* 17 7 8 9 14 9 9 6 4 6 1* 15 5 7 9 17 6 8 6 4 11 2*

Q20. The following questions describe differing ways two people approach decision making about different topics. Please indicate on the scale from 1 to 10 which of the two ways is closer to the way you make decisions on these topics.

Two people are discussing how they make decisions about buying major consumer products.

Person A relies on gut feelings rather than collecting a lot of information. Person B collects as much information and expert opinion as possible.

Which is closer to the way you make decisions about buying <u>a major product</u>? Please use a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means you are like Person A and 10 means you are like Person B.

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS FOR PERSON A AND PERSON B IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
1=I am like person A	5
2	1
3	1
4	3
5	7
6	8
7	9
8	15
9	7
10=I am like person B	44
Average	7.9
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q21. Two people are discussing how they make decisions about <u>important public policy issues</u>, for example, about the health care reforms that were passed by Congress in 2010 or sending troops to the Middle East.

Person A relies on gut feelings rather than collecting a lot of information. Person B collects as much information and expert opinion as possible.

Which view is closer to the way you make decisions about important public policy issues?

Again, this is a scale of 1 to 10.

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS FOR PERSON A AND PERSON B IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
1=I am like person A	4
2	1
3	3
4	3
5	7
6	10
7	11
8	14
9	9
10=I am like person B	37
Average	7.7
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*
N=	1,007

Q22. Two patients are discussing a new treatment for a serious illness that many people say has been very effective, but most doctors say its effectiveness has not been proven.

Patient A says we should go ahead and use it.

Patient B says that we should wait until doctors agree that it is effective.

Which view is closer to the way you make these decisions?

Again, this is a scale of 1 to 10.

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS FOR PATIENT A AND PATIENT B IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
1=I am like patient A	8
2	2
3	6
4	7
5	12
6	13
7	8
8	11
9	5
10=I am like patient B	29
Average	6.7
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q23. Two people are discussing climate change.

Person A says this is a matter for science and we should take the actions that scientists recommend.

Person B says that experts always disagree and that we should pay more attention to what seems right from our own experience than to what scientists say.

Which view is closer to the way you think about climate change?

Again, this is a scale of 1 to 10.

[HALF SAMPLE ASKED OPTIONS FOR PERSON A AND PERSON B IN REVERSE ORDER]

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
1=I am like person A	12
2	2
3	4
4	5
5	12
6	12
7	8
8	10
9	5
10=I am like person B	30
Average	6.7
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1

Q24. Here are some statements that describe people. How would you describe yourself? Please use a scale of 1 to 10 where 1=I am not like this at all and 10=this describes me very well.

											DK/	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	REF	Average
I weigh alternatives												
carefully before acting.	2	1	1	4	10	10	17	16	13	26	*	7.5
I am comfortable with												
modern computer												
technology.	6	2	4	5	9	6	11	13	15	31	1	7.4
My friends view me as												
someone who always												
thinks things through												
before I act.	3	*	3	4	13	9	15	16	13	22	1	7.3
I make up my own												
mind and am not												
influenced by what												
others think.	3	2	5	5	17	8	13	16	10	21	*	6.9
I try to avoid conflict.	6	2	5	6	14	8	10	14	10	26	*	6.9
I enjoy a friendly												
debate.	6	2	4	6	15	9	12	14	10	22	*	6.8
I have strong opinions												
on most subjects and												
don't change my mind												
easily.	4	2	4	6	19	10	16	15	7	17	1	6.7
I agonize over												
decisions and try to												
get lots of information												
before deciding on												
something.	7	3	4	5	17	12	13	13	9	17	1	6.5
I tend to be suspicious												
of others, particularly												
those I do not know												
well.	6	3	7	6	17	10	13	12	9	18	1	6.4
I trust most people.	11	5	6	7	18	12	15	14	5	7	*	5.6
I make decisions												
rapidly.	12	5	11	9	19	14	10	8	4	7	*	5.2
I have trouble												
disagreeing with												
others.	25	10	9	10	16	9	6	7	2	6	*	4.2
My friends view me as												
someone who often												
acts impulsively.	25	14	12	10	14	8	7	3	2	5	1	3.9

I find modern												
computer technology												
intimidating.	35	12	8	7	10	8	6	5	3	6	*	3.8

N=1,007

Q25. Excluding using it for work or school, do you use the internet or web-enabled applications, known as apps, for more than email, or not?

	NORC
	1/14-
	31/2016
Yes	74
No	26
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

N= 1,007

If yes in Q25

Q25B. Not counting use for work, school, or sending email, about how much time, in hours, do you use the internet each week? Please include time you spend visiting regular websites and time spent using apps.

	NORC
	1/14-
	31/2016
10 hours or less	52
11 to 20 hours	24
21 to 30 hours	11
31 to 40 hours	4
41 to 50 hours	1
51 or more hours	5
DON'T KNOW	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	3

N= 717

Now we have a few questions about issues in the news.

[ORDER OF QUESTIONS Q26-Q29 RANDOMIZED]

Q26. Do you agree or disagree? Homosexual couples should have the right to marry one another.

	NORC
	1/14-
	31/2016
Agree NET	51
Strongly agree	32
Agree	20
Neither agree nor disagree	18
Disagree NET	30
Disagree	10
Strongly disagree	20
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1

N= 1,007

Q27. Do you think that global warming is happening, or do you think global warming is not happening?

	NORC 1/14- 31/2016
Yes, global warming is	,
happening	66
No, global warming is not	
happening	16
Not sure	18
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*

Q28. Do you favor or oppose providing a legal way for illegal immigrants already in the United States to become U.S. citizens?

	NORC
	1/14-
	31/2016
Favor NET	61
Strongly favor	27
Somewhat favor	34
Oppose NET	38
Somewhat oppose	21
Strongly oppose	17
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1
N=	1,007

Q29. In general, do you support, oppose, or neither support nor oppose the health care reforms that were passed by Congress in March of 2010?

	NORC
	1/14-
	31/2016
Support NET	34
Strongly support	16
Somewhat support	18
Neither support nor	
oppose	25
Oppose NET	40
Somewhat oppose	18
Strongly oppose	22
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1

The following questions are for classification purposes only. Be assured that your responses will be combined with those of other participants to this survey.

Q30. Do you consider yourself a Democrat, a Republican, an Independent or none of these?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Democrat	33
Republican	22
Independent	24
None of these	20
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIP/REFUSED	1
N=	1.007

If Democrat in Q30

Q30A. Would you call yourself a strong Democrat or not a very strong Democrat?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Strong Democrat	53
Not a very strong Democrat	46
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIP/REFUSED	1
N=	349

If Republican in Q30

Q30B. Would you call yourself a strong Republican or not a very strong Republican?

	NORC 1/14-31/2016
Strong Republican	47
Not a very strong Republican	53
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIP/REFUSED	-

N= 221 If Independent, None of these, or Don't Know/Skip/Refused in Q30 Q30C. Do you lean more toward the Democrats or the Republicans?

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Lean Democrat	29
Lean Republican	27
Don't lean	42
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIP/REFUSED	1
N=	437

Q30/Q30A/Q30B/Q30C. Party Identification

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Democrat (NET)	45
Strong Democrat	17
Moderate Democrat	15
Lean Democrat	13
Don't lean/Independent/None	19
Republican (NET)	34
Lean Republican	12
Moderate Republican	12
Strong Republican	10
DON'T KNOW/SKIP/REFUSED	2
N=	1,007

Q31. We hear a lot of talk these days about liberals and conservatives. Below is a seven point scale on which the political views that people might hold are arranged from extremely liberal--point 1-to extremely conservative- point 7. Where would you place yourself on this scale?

	NORC 1/14-31/2016
Extremely liberal	5
Liberal	12
Slightly liberal	9
Moderate, middle of the road	39
Slightly conservative	12
Conservative	15
Extremely conservative	6
DON'T KNOW	*
SKIP/REFUSED	2
N=	1,007

AGE

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
18-24	12
25-34	17
35-44	19
45-54	14
55-64	18
65-74	12
75+	7
N=	1.007

GENDER

	NORC 1/14-31/2016
Male	48
Female	52
N=	1,007

RACE/ETHNICITY

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
White	65
Black or African American	12
Hispanic	16
Other	8
N=	1,007

MARITAL STATUS

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Married	50
Widowed	5
Divorced	11
Separated	3
Never married	25
Living with partner	6
Λ./	4.007

INCOME

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Under \$10,000	6
\$10,000 to under \$20,000	11
\$20,000 to under \$30,000	15
\$30,000 to under \$40,000	9
\$40,000 to under \$50,000	10
\$50,000 to under \$75,000	19
\$75,000 to under \$100,000	11
\$100,000 to under \$150,000	14
\$150,000 or more	6
N=	1,007

EDUCATION

	NORC
	1/14-31/2016
Less than a high school diploma	12
High school graduate or	
equivalent	30
Some college	27
College graduate or above	31

Study Methodology

This survey was conducted by NORC at the University of Chicago as part of NORC's 75th Anniversary commemoration. Data were collected using AmeriSpeak®, which is a probability-based panel designed to be representative of the U.S. household population. During the initial recruitment phase of the panel, randomly selected U.S. households were sampled with a known, non-zero probability of selection from the NORC National Sample Frame and then contacted by U.S. mail, email, telephone, and field interviewers (face-to-face).

Interviews for this survey were conducted between January 14 and January 31, 2016, with adults age 18 and over representing the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Panel members were randomly drawn from AmeriSpeak®, and 1,007 completed the survey—793 via the web and 214 via telephone. The final stage completion rate is 37.3 percent, the weighted household panel response rate is 36.9 percent, and the weighted household panel retention rate is 97.7 percent, for a cumulative response rate of 13.5 percent. The overall margin of sampling error is +/- 3.7 percentage points at the 95 percent confidence level, including the design effect. The margin of sampling error may be higher for subgroups.

Once the sample has been selected and fielded, and all the study data have been collected and made final, a poststratification process is used to adjust for any survey nonresponse as well as any non-coverage or under- and oversampling resulting from the study-specific sample design. Poststratification variables included age, gender, census division, race/ethnicity, and household phone status. The weighted data, which reflect the U.S. population of adults age 18 and over, were used for all analyses.

A complete analysis of the survey data is available at www.norc.org.