

+ NORC ^{at the} University of Chicago



Increasing Understanding of LGBTQ+ Health Equity Issues

Conducted by NORC at the University of Chicago Funded by The California Endowment

Interviews: 01/18-26/2024 1,624 adults with an oversample of California residents and LGBTQ+ adults

Margin of sampling error: +/- 3.8 percentage points at the 95% confidence level among all adults +/- 4.5 percentage points at the 95% confidence level among California residents +/- 8.3 percentage points at the 95% confidence level among LGBTQ+ adults

NOTE: All results show percentages among all respondents, unless otherwise labeled.

Q1. Do you have any friends, or relatives, or co-workers who have told you, personally, that they identify as any of the following?

NORC/LA Times					SKP
01/18-26/2024		Yes	No	DK	/REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	72	27	-	1
	California adults (N=775)	72	27	-	1
Gay or lesbian	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	83	16	-	1
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	40	56	-	5
	California adults (N=775)	39	57	-	5
Bisexual	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	75	21	-	4
T	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	27	69	-	5
Transgender or nonbinary	California adults (N=775)	28	67	-	5
nonomary	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	53	42	-	5

If "No" to each in Q1:

Q2. Do you have any friends, or relatives or co-workers who you seriously suspect identify as any of the following, but they haven't shared with you?

NORC/LA Times					SKP
01/18-26/2024		Yes	No	DK	/REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=392)	37	63	-	*
	California adults (N=186)	39	60	-	2
Gay or lesbian	LGBTQ+ adults (N=45)	65	35	-	-
	U.S. adults overall (N=817)	20	79	*	1
	California adults (N=400)	20	79	1	1
Bisexual	LGBTQ+ adults (N=68)	33	67	-	-
T	U.S. adults overall (N=1,009)	12	87	-	1
Transgender or nonbinary	California adults (N=467)	11	88	-	1
nonbinary	LGBTQ+ adults (N=123)	27	73	-	-

Q3. Roughly, what percentage of the U.S. population do you think identifies as LGBTQ+?¹ Would you say...

NORC/LA Times 01/18-			
26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Less than 10%	28	29	20
10-15%	29	32	30
15-20%	21	20	24
20% or more	22	19	26
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q4. The share of people who identify as LGBTQ+ is much higher among Americans ages 18 to 29 years old than it is among older Americans. Which of the following reasons do you believe contribute to this difference? Please select all that apply.

[RESPONSE OPTIONS RANDOMIZED]

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
In older generations, social stigma has led many people to keep their LGBTQ+ identity hidden.	57	60	81
Those aged 18 to 29 are more likely to openly identify as LGBTQ+ because that is more accepted by society today.	66	65	74
Those aged 18 to 29 are influenced by current popular culture to identify with an LGBTQ+ identity even if it's not their true identity.	48	42	28
Some other reason	6	4	4
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	1	-
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

¹ The following definition was included here and in each question that used the term LGBTQ+ throughout the survey: LGBTQ+ refers to people who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, non-binary, or queer. Transgender refers to someone whose gender identity differs from the sex they were assigned at birth, while nonbinary refers to people who do not identify entirely with any gender.

NORC/LA Times					SKP
01/18-26/2024		Favor	Oppose	DK	/REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	77	21	-	1
	California adults (N=775)	82	17	-	1
Gay or lesbian people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	95	5	-	-
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	75	23	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	79	19	-	2
Bisexual people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	94	4	-	2
Turneranden en	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	68	30	-	2
Transgender or nonbinary people	California adults (N=775)	72	25	-	3
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	90	10	-	*

Q5. Do you favor or oppose laws to protect each of the following against job discrimination?

Q6. What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Do you think it is...

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Almost/always wrong NET	28	23	3
Always wrong	24	19	1
Almost always wrong	4	5	3
Not an issue/sometimes wrong NET	71	76	96
Sometimes wrong	7	5	5
Not an issue	64	70	91
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q7. Which comes closest to your attitude towards relationships between people of the same sex?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
I personally approve of relationships			
between consenting adults of the	41	42	90
same sex			
I think it's all right for other people	40	41	6
but not for myself	40	71	0
I oppose it for everyone	19	17	3
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q8. How do you feel about the political activity of each of the following? In general, do you think they have...

			About the			
		Too little	right amount	Too much		
NORC/LA Times		political	of political	political		SKP/
01/18-26/2024		power	power	power	DK	REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	30	41	27	*	2
	California adults (N=775)	30	42	25	*	2
Gay or lesbian people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	58	32	9	-	1
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	30	45	24	*	2
	California adults (N=775)	31	45	20	*	3
Bisexual people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	59	35	5	-	1
Transasandan an	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	34	32	32	*	2
Transgender or nonbinary people	California adults (N=775)	35	34	28	*	3
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	66	22	11	-	1

Q9. Do you think each of the following has more political power, about the same amount, or less political power now than they did <u>five years ago</u>?

		More		Less		
NORC/LA Times		political	About the	political		SKP/
01/18-26/2024		power	same	power	DK	REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	59	30	9	-	1
	California adults (N=775)	59	32	8	-	1
Gay or lesbian people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	40	41	17	-	2
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	48	40	10	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	48	40	10	-	2
Bisexual people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	32	50	15	-	2
T	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	54	29	14	-	2
Transgender or nonbinary people	California adults (N=775)	52	31	14	-	2
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	39	36	22	-	3

Q10. If your party nominated a well-qualified person for Congress, and you heard that they were any of the following, would that make you more likely to vote for that candidate, or less likely, or wouldn't it make any difference one way or the other?

		More likely to	Less likely to	Would not		
NORC/LA Times		vote for the	vote for the	make a		SKP/
01/18-26/2024		candidate	candidate	difference	DK	REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	7	19	73	-	1
	California adults (N=775)	7	16	77	-	1
Gay or lesbian	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	34	6	59	-	1
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	6	21	72	-	1
	California adults (N=775)	5	19	75	-	2
Bisexual	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	29	8	63	-	1
T	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	7	33	59	-	1
Transgender or nonbinary	California adults (N=775)	6	30	62	-	2
nonomary	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	30	15	54	-	1

Q11. Do you think the government is paying too much attention, is paying about the right amount, or isn't paying enough attention to each of the following?

			The right	Not		
NORC/LA Times		Too much	amount of	enough		SKP/
01/18-26/2024		attention	attention	attention	DK	REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	40	41	18	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	39	41	18	-	3
Gay or lesbian people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	23	38	37	-	3
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	38	42	17	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	36	43	18	-	3
Bisexual people	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	21	38	39	-	3
Trenserador on	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	48	28	21	-	2
Transgender or nonbinary people	California adults (N=775)	48	28	21	-	3
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	36	21	40	-	3

Q12A. In your opinion, why are some people attracted to someone of the same sex?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
They are born that way	48	55	78
They are influenced by society	19	18	7
It is a lifestyle choice	32	26	14
DON'T KNOW	*	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	2	1
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q12B. In your opinion, why do some people feel their gender does not match the sex they're assigned at birth?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
They are born that way	46	52	75
They are influenced by society	29	26	12
It is a lifestyle choice	24	19	10
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	3	3
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q13. If you had a child who told you they were any of the following, what do you think your reaction would be? Would you be very upset, somewhat upset, not very upset, or would it not be an issue?

NORC/LA Times		Very/ somewhat	Very	Somewhat	Not very upset/ not an issue	Not very	Not an	D	SKP /
01/18-26/2024		upset NET	upset	upset	NET	upset	issue	К	REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	34	14	20	65	16	50	-	*
	California adults (N=775)	30	12	18	69	15	53	-	1
Gay or lesbian	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	3	*	3	97	5	92	-	-
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	34	15	20	65	16	50	-	*
	California adults (N=775)	32	12	20	67	16	51	-	1
Bisexual	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	3	*	3	97	6	91	-	-
T	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	48	26	22	51	13	39	-	*
Transgender or	California adults (N=775)	46	24	22	53	16	37	-	2
nonbinary	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	14	4	10	86	11	75	-	*

Q14. Do you approve or disapprove of each of the following living their lives as they wish?

NORC/LA		Strongly/			Strongly/				
Times		somewhat			somewhat		Strongly		SKP
01/18-		approve	Strongly	Somewhat	disapprove	Somewhat	dis-		/
26/2024		NET	approve	approve	NET	disapprove	approve	DK	REF
	U.S. adults overall (<i>N=1,624</i>)	80	51	29	19	10	9	-	2
People who are gay or	California adults <i>(N=775)</i>	81	56	25	17	11	6	-	2
lesbian	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	95	86	9	5	3	2	-	*
	U.S. adults overall (<i>N=1,624</i>)	77	50	27	21	11	9	-	2
People who	California adults (N=775)	78	54	23	20	13	7	-	2
are bisexual	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	94	85	9	6	4	2	-	1
People who are	U.S. adults overall (<i>N=1,624</i>)	67	44	23	31	14	17	-	2
transgender or	California adults (N=775)	69	47	21	29	16	13	-	2
nonbinary	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	92	78	15	7	5	2	*	1

[HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

Q15. In recent years, more political and media attention has been focused on transgender and nonbinary people. Do you think this is a good thing for society, a bad thing for society, or neither a good nor bad thing for society?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
A good thing for society	16	20	37
A bad thing for society	40	38	21
Neither	42	40	40
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	2	2
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q16. On balance, how supportive or unsupportive do you think the increased political and media attention on transgender and nonbinary people has been for their community?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Mostly/somewhat supportive NET	56	59	42
Mostly supportive	18	20	14
Somewhat supportive	38	38	27
Mostly/somewhat unsupportive NET	42	38	57
Somewhat unsupportive	25	23	27
Mostly unsupportive	17	15	30
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	2	3	2
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

[HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

Q17. Thinking about each of the following groups who identify as transgender or nonbinary, do you believe...

NORC/LA Times 01/18- 26/2024		lt's always their true identity	It's their true identity most of the time	It's sometimes their true identity and sometimes just a phase	It's just a phase most of the time	It's always just a phase	DK	SKP / REF
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	6	13	38	22	20	-	2
Young	California adults (N=775)	5	11	42	20	20	-	2
children	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	14	21	47	12	5	-	1
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	7	19	37	22	14	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	7	19	42	15	15	-	2
Teenagers	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	19	34	34	10	2	-	2
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	21	31	27	10	9	-	2
Adults	California adults (N=775)	23	37	23	5	9	-	3
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	34	44	14	5	2	-	1

Q18. Issues regarding transgender and nonbinary people have come up in many states in the past few years. Which comes closer to your view?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Issues regarding transgender people are an important priority for elected officials.	21	20	29
Elected officials are mostly using debates over transgender and nonbinary people to distract attention from more pressing priorities.	77	76	70
DON'T KNOW	*	*	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	2	4	1
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q19. Gender affirming care can include gender-affirming surgeries, puberty blockers for teenagers, and hormone treatments. Do you favor or oppose each of the following?

[HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]]
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NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024		Favor	Oppose	DK	SKP/REF
State laws that <u>prevent</u> a child younger than 18 who identifies as transgender or	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	54	44	-	2
nonbinary from receiving gender-affirming medical care when the parents, the child	California adults (N=775)	51	47	-	2
and their doctors believe that medical treatments are appropriate	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	30	69	-	1
State laws that <u>prevent</u> an adult over the age of 18 who identifies as transgender or nonbinary from receiving gender-affirming medical care	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	25	73	-	2
	California adults (N=775)	24	74	-	2
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	13	86	-	1
State laws that <u>protect</u> the ability of a child younger than 18 who identifies as	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	50	49	-	2
transgender or nonbinary to receive gender-affirming medical care when the	California adults (N=775)	51	48	-	2
parents, the child and their doctors believe that medical treatments are appropriate	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	71	27	-	2
State laws that <u>protect</u> the ability of an adult over the age of 18 who identifies as	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	66	32	-	2
transgender or nonbinary to receive gender-affirming medical care	California adults (N=775)	74	24	-	2
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	86	11	-	3

Q20. If a teenager tells a teacher or other school personnel that they identify as transgender or nonbinary but they do not want to tell their parents, which comes closest to your opinion on how the school should respond?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
The school should always tell the parents, regardless of the student's wishes.	28	28	10
The school should tell the parents except in rare circumstances.	15	18	8
The school should respect the student's wishes and not tell the parents except in rare circumstances.	42	39	53
The school should always respect the student's wishes and not tell the parents.	12	13	29
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	3	2	1
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

[HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

Q21. Do you believe that schools in your area are doing too much to accept transgender and nonbinary students, too little to accept transgender and nonbinary students, or are they already doing the right amount?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-			
26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Too much	28	29	13
Too little	25	19	52
The right amount	44	47	32
DON'T KNOW	*	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	3	5	3
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q22. Should each of the following be allowed always, in most cases, in rare cases, or never?

[GRID ITEMS RANDOMIZED, HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

NORC/LA Times 01/18- 26/2024		Always/ in most cases NET	Always	ln most cases	Never/in rare cases NET	ln rare cases	Never	DK	S K P / R E F
Transgender girls being	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	31	12	19	66	16	50	*	3
allowed to compete on	California adults <i>(N=775)</i>	33	12	21	65	16	49	-	2
girls' teams in sports	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	64	33	31	35	12	23	-	1
Transgender women being	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	29	11	17	69	17	52	*	3
allowed to compete on women's	California adults (N=775)	31	11	20	66	17	49	-	3
teams in sports	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	61	30	31	38	14	24	-	1
Transgender boys being	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	41	18	24	56	11	45	*	3
allowed to compete on	California adults (N=775)	42	16	26	55	13	42	-	2
boys' teams in sports	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	66	36	31	33	13	20	-	*
Transgender men being	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	39	17	22	58	13	45	*	3
allowed to compete on	California adults (N=775)	42	17	25	56	14	42	-	2
men's teams in sports	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	67	38	29	32	13	19	-	*

Q23. We're interested in your views about how much influence LGBTQ+ people have had in American society. For each of the following categories, please say if you think LGBTQ+ people have had a large influence, some influence, only a small influence, or no influence at all:

		A large influence/							S K P /
NORC/LA		some			No influence at	Only a	No		R
Times 01/18-		influence	A large	Some	all/only a small	small	influence	D	Е
26/2024		NET	influence	influence	influence NET	influence	at all	Κ	F
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	82	48	34	15	10	5	-	2
Arts and	California adults (N=775)	87	51	36	11	9	3	-	2
entertainment	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	89	54	35	8	6	2	-	2
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	68	22	47	30	22	8	-	2
Civil rights	California adults (N=775)	72	26	46	26	20	6	-	2
and the law	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	65	20	45	33	25	9	-	2
	U.S. adults overall (N=1,624)	56	18	38	42	34	8	-	2
Government	California adults (N=775)	60	22	38	38	32	6	-	2
	LGBTQ+ adults (N=313)	46	11	35	53	41	11	-	2

[GRID ITEMS RANDOMIZED, HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

If a large influence, some influence, or only a small influence to each in Q23: Q23A. Overall, do you believe this influence has had a positive or negative influence on American society?

NODC/LA Times 01/18 26/2024		California adulta	
NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Very/somewhat positive NET	49	53	78
Very positive	16	16	40
Somewhat positive	33	37	38
Very/somewhat negative NET	50	46	20
Somewhat negative	29	28	16
Very negative	21	19	4
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	1	2
	N=1,562	N=756	N=304

Q24. At what grade level do you believe public school students should begin learning the history and contributions of LGBTQ+ people in the U.S?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Starting in elementary school	18	17	35
Starting in middle school	20	26	29
Starting in high school	22	23	22
Starting in college	10	12	3
They should not be taught about the			
history and contributions of LGBTQ+	28	20	8
people in the U.S. at any level.			
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	2	2	3
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q25. In which of the following ways did you learn about LGBTQ+ history or contributions at any time in school? Please select all that apply.

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
I learned about it in the context of other			
movements in American history, such as	12	12	13
the Civil Rights movement.			
I learned about it on my own in school			25
through my own reading.	11	11	25
I learned about it at school through conversations with others.	15	16	26
I learned about it some other way.	15	15	15
I did not learn about it in school at any time.	61	62	49
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	2	1	1
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Show if respondent indicates they learned about LGBTQ+ history or contributions in school at any time in Q25:

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Elementary school	7	8	7
Middle school	21	19	27
High school	41	42	42
College	20	24	19
Studying for an advanced degree	7	5	4
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	4	2	*
	N=590	N=289	N=150

Q26. At which grade level did you first learn about LGBTQ+ history?

Q27. How old were you when you were first aware of knowing or meeting an LGBTQ+ person?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
I have always known an LGBTQ+ person	11	7	21
Younger than 13	14	14	25
13-19	42	42	40
20-29 [Shown if age>19]	18	20	8
30-39 [Shown if age>29]	4	6	3
40 or older [Shown if age>39]	6	5	1
I have never knowingly met an LGBTQ+ person	5	5	1
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q29. Since 2015, marriage between same-sex couples has been legal in all states under a ruling by the Supreme Court. Which of these is closer to your view?

[HALF SAMPLE SHOWN RESPONSE OPTIONS IN REVERSE ORDER]

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
The Supreme Court ruling legalizing same-	71	72	91
sex marriage should stand as is.	/1	72	91
The Supreme Court should change its			
ruling and allow states to ban same-sex	27	26	9
marriages if they choose to.			
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	2	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Q30. Do you approve or disapprove of same-sex couples raising children?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Strongly/somewhat approve NET	67	70	93
Strongly approve	40	44	77
Somewhat approve	27	26	17
Strongly/somewhat disapprove NET	33	30	6
Somewhat disapprove	17	15	5
Strongly disapprove	16	15	2
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	1	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

GENDER. How do you describe your gender?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Boy/man	49	49	37
Girl/woman	50	50	55
Nonbinary	*	1	7
Prefer to self-describe	*	*	1
Prefer not to say	-	-	-
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

TRANSGENDER. Some people describe themselves as transgender when their sex at birth does not match the way they think or feel about their gender. Are you transgender?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
No, I am not transgender.	97	95	83
Yes, I am transgender.	1	1	13
I am not sure if I'm transgender.	*	*	2
I don't know what this question is	1	2	2
asking.	1	5	2
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	1	*
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

SEXID. This next question is about sexual identity. Which of the following best represents how you think of yourself?

NORC/LA Times 01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Lesbian or gay	2	3	32
Heterosexual (straight)	92	92	4
Bisexual or pansexual	4	3	53
Asexual	*	*	6
Prefer to self-describe	*	*	4
I am not sure about my sexual identity.	1	1	1
I don't know what this question is asking.	*	1	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	*	-
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

PID1. Do you consider yourself a Democrat, a Republican, an Independent or none of these?If independent, none of these, don't know, skipped, or refused:PIDI. Do you lean more toward the Democrats or the Republicans?Combines PID1 and PIDI.

NORC/LA Times	U.S adults	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
01/18-26/2024			
Democrat NET	44	49	59
Democrat	35	41	42
Lean Democrat	9	8	17
Independent/None – Don't lean	23	18	22
Lean Republican	8	10	7
Republican	25	23	12
Republican NET	33	33	19
	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

D3. Generally speaking, do you consider yourself to be a liberal, moderate, or conservative?

If liberal:

D4. Do you consider yourself very liberal or somewhat liberal?

If conservative:

D5. Do you consider yourself very conservative or somewhat conservative? Combines D3, D4, D5:

NORC/LA Times			
01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Liberal NET	24	23	49
Very liberal	13	13	33
Somewhat liberal	11	10	16
Moderate	47	54	42
Conservative NET	26	20	7
Somewhat conservative	14	9	5
Very conservative	12	11	2
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	-	-	-
N=	1,624	775	313

ATTEND. How often do you attend religious services?

NORC/LA Times			
01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Never	37	38	59
Less than once per year	18	17	13
About once or twice a year	9	10	11
Several times a year	9	9	8
About once a month	3	2	2
2-3 times a month	5	3	2
Nearly every week	6	5	1
Every week	10	10	3
Several times a week	4	4	1
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	1	*
N=	1,624	775	313

RELIG. What is your present religion, if any?

NORC/LA Times			
01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Protestant	25	15	9
Roman Catholic	21	18	11
Mormon	1	2	2
Orthodox	*	1	-
Jewish	1	2	3
Muslim	*	1	-
Buddhist	2	3	1
Hindu	*	1	*
Atheist	7	7	17
Agnostic	7	9	15
Nothing in particular	15	19	22
Just Christian	18	22	16
Unitarian	1	1	1
Something else	1	*	4
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	*	*	-
N=	1,624	775	313

If Religion is Protestant, Roman Catholic, Mormon, Orthodox, Christian, or something else: **BORN. Would you describe yourself as a 'born-again' or evangelical Christian, or not?**

NORC/LA Times			
01/18-26/2024	U.S. adults	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Yes	34	30	27
No	66	70	73
DON'T KNOW	-	-	-
SKIPPED ON WEB/REFUSED	-	-	-
N=	965	422	133

AGE

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
18-29	19	15	40
30-44	25	28	30
45-59	24	24	15
60+	31	32	15
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

RACE/ETHNICITY

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
White, non-Hispanic	63	46	65
Black or African American	12	5	9
Hispanic	17	27	18
Other	8	22	8
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

MARITAL STATUS

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Married	50	50	25
Not married	50	50	75
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Employed	63	61	65
Not employed	37	40	35
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

EDUCATION

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Less than a high school diploma	9	7	11
High school graduate or equivalent	30	20	27
Some college	26	29	29
College graduate or above	18	25	22
Post grad study/professional degree	16	20	12
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

CENSUS REGION

	1		
	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Northeast NET	17	-	15
New England	6	-	4
Mid-Atlantic	12	-	10
Midwest NET	21	-	24
East North Central	14	-	16
West North Central	6	-	8
South NET	38	-	35
South Atlantic	20	-	19
East South Central	6	-	6
West South Central	13	-	10
West NET	23	100	26
Mountain	7	-	8
Pacific	16	100	18
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

HOME OWNERSHIP

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Owned or being bought by you or			
someone in your household	68	64	52
Rented for cash	29	32	41
Occupied without payment of cash rent	3	3	7
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

INCOME

	U.S. adults overall	California adults	LGBTQ+ adults
Under \$10,000	5	3	7
\$10,000 to under \$20,000	8	5	8
\$20,000 to under \$30,000	10	10	11
\$30,000 to under \$40,000	10	7	6
\$40,000 to under \$50,000	8	6	16
\$50,000 to under \$75,000	19	15	19
\$75,000 to under \$100,000	14	13	14
\$100,000 to under \$150,000	13	21	11
\$150,000 or more	14	21	8
N=	N=1,624	N=775	N=313

Survey Methodology

This study, funded by The California Endowment, was conducted by NORC at the University of Chicago with The Los Angeles Times.

Data were collected using AmeriSpeak[®], NORC's probability-based panel designed to be representative of the U.S. household population. During the initial recruitment phase of the panel, randomly selected U.S. households were sampled with a known, non-zero probability of selection from the NORC National Sample Frame and then contacted by U.S. mail, email, telephone, and field interviewers (face-to-face). The panel provides sample coverage of approximately 97 percent of the U.S. household population. Those excluded from the sample include people with P.O. Box only addresses, some addresses not listed in the USPS Delivery Sequence File, and some newly constructed dwellings.

Interviews for this survey were conducted between January 18-26, 2024, with adults aged 18 and over representing the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Panel members were randomly drawn from AmeriSpeak, and 1,624 completed the survey—1,619 via the web and 5 by telephone. Panel members were invited by email or by phone from an NORC telephone interviewer. Interviews were conducted in English and Spanish depending on respondent preference. Respondents were offered a small monetary incentive for completing the survey. The final stage completion rate is 22%, the weighted household panel response rate is 22%, and the weighted household panel retention rate is 79%, for a cumulative response rate of 3.9%.

The overall margin of sampling error is +/- 3.8 percentage points at the 95 percent confidence level, including the design effect.

In addition, Californian and LGBTQ+ respondents were sampled at a higher rate than their proportion of the population for reasons of analysis. The overall margin of sampling error for the 313 completed interviews with LGBTQ+ respondents is +/- 8.3 percentage points at the 95 percent confidence level including the design effect. The overall margin of sampling error for the 775 completed interviews with California respondents is +/- 4.5 percentage points.

Sampling error is only one of many potential sources of error and there may be other unmeasured error in this or any other survey.

Quality assurance checks were conducted to ensure data quality. In total, 77 interviews were removed for nonresponse to at least 50% of the questions asked of them, for completing the survey in less than one-third the median interview time for the full sample, or for straight-lining all grid questions asked of them. These interviews were excluded from the data file prior to weighting.

Once the sample has been selected and fielded, and all the study data have been collected and made final, a poststratification process is used to adjust for any survey nonresponse as well as any noncoverage or under and oversampling resulting from the study specific sample design.

Poststratification variables included age, gender, census division, race/ethnicity, and education. Weighting variables were obtained from the 2023 Current Population Survey. The weighted data reflect the U.S. population of adults age 18 and over. Complete questions and results are available at <u>www.norc.org</u>.

Additional information on the AmeriSpeak Panel methodology is available at <u>https://amerispeak.norc.org/about-amerispeak/Pages/Panel-Design.aspx</u>.

For more information, email <u>info@norc.org</u>.

About NORC at the University of Chicago

NORC at the University of Chicago conducts research and analysis that decision-makers trust. As a nonpartisan research organization and a pioneer in measuring and understanding the world, we have studied almost every aspect of the human experience and every major news event for more than eight decades. Today, we partner with government, corporate, and nonprofit clients around the world to provide the objectivity and expertise necessary to inform the critical decisions facing society.

About The Los Angeles Times

The Los Angeles Times, founded in 1881, is the largest news organization in the western United States. Focused on news and information about California and the West, The Times also covers national and international stories of particular interest to its audience.

About The California Endowment

The California Endowment, a private, statewide health foundation, was established in 1996 to expand access to affordable, quality health care for underserved individuals and communities, and to promote fundamental improvements in the health status of all Californians. Headquartered in Downtown Los Angeles, The Endowment has regional offices in Sacramento, Oakland, Fresno and San Diego, with program staff working throughout the state. The Endowment challenges the conventional wisdom that medical settings and individual choices are solely responsible for people's health. The Endowment believes that health happens in neighborhoods, schools, and with prevention. Learn more at www.calendow.org.